Middlesbrough Draft Local Plan

Report of Consultation
December 2024

1 Introduction

In February 2024, the Council published a Draft Local Plan as the second stage in the preparation of a new Local Plan. The purpose of the document was to gather views from the public and stakeholders on the Council's draft policies. The document was intended to be a discussion document. Views from stakeholders and the public were sought from 1st February 2024 to 15th March 2024.

This report provides a summary of the consultation undertaken on the Middlesbrough Draft Local Plan. It sets out how the consultation was carried out, including details of how it was promoted and the materials which were made available, and identifies the issues that were raised and the Council's response to these. In doing so, this report demonstrates how this consultation and the comments received have informed the development of the publication version of the Local Plan.

The consultation was carried out in line with the agreed Consultation Plan, and also in accordance with the Council's Local Plan Statement of Community Involvement which was adopted in March 2020. Although it wasn't a statutory consultation, the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 have also been taken into account in the undertaking of the consultation and this associated report.

2 Background

The commencement of work on a new Local Plan was formally agreed by the Council in September 2022. The first stage was the production of a Scoping Report (Regulation 18), on which a consultation was undertaken in December 2022 to January 2023. The representations received during this consultation helped inform the development of a Draft Local Plan document. A period of public consultation was undertaken on the Draft Local Plan between February and March 2024.

3 Details of Consultation

The Draft Local Plan consultation ran for a period of six weeks between 9am on 1st February 2024 and 5pm on 15th March 2024.

The following documents were made available on the Council's website and at Middlesbrough House:

- the Draft Local Plan (January 2024);
- the Draft Local Plan Polices Map and its associated Town Centre inset Map; and
- the Draft Local Plan Sustainability Appraisal.

The Draft Local Plan and the Draft Local Plan Policies Map and its associated Town Centre inset Map, were also made available in all Libraries and community hubs.

4 Who was invited to make comments?

A total of 2940 letters and emails were sent out directly to the statutory consultees, individuals and organisations on the Council's Local Plan consultee database inviting them to comment on the Draft Local Plan. Consultees included statutory consultees, such as National Highways, Historic England, the Environment Agency and Natural England, parish and community councils, community groups, interested local residents and land owners, developers and other with an interest in land. Letters

were also sent to residents adjoining housing allocations to inform them of the consultation. (A copy of the letter can be viewed in Appendix 2).

5 How the consultation was publicised

The consultation was publicised on the Council's website (See website text in Appendix 3), and the Draft Local Plan document was made available to view at Middlesbrough House and at all libraries and community hubs in Middlesbrough. Notices were also placed on nearby lamp-posts and/or fencing on or close to the boundary of all proposed housing development sites identified in the Draft Local Plan document (See Appendix 4 for example site notice). The site notice contained a QR code which could be scanned and linked directly to the consultation on the Council's website.

A press release (See Appendix 5) was issued by the Council, and this resulted in articles in the Evening Gazette and on the BBC news website (See Appendix 6). In addition, the consultation was publicised on the Council's social media channels including Facebook and Twitter (See attached in Appendix 7). The Council webpage also included a series of Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) in Appendix 8 to assist with understanding the Draft Local Plan and how to respond to the consultation.

6 Drop in events

A number of drop-in events were hosted across the borough, the details of which can be seen below.

Middlesbrough Draft Local Plan Consultation – Drop-in Events		
Venue	Date	Time
Langdon Square Community Centre, Langdon	12/02/2024	3:00 pm – 6:00 pm
Square, Coulby Newham TS8 0TF		
Old Fire Station, Town Hall, Albert Rd,	12/02/2024	4:00 pm – 7:00 pm
Middlesbrough TS1 2QJ		
Acklam Green Community Centre, Stainsby Road,	13/02/2024	3:00 pm – 6:00 pm
Acklam TS5 4JS		
North Ormesby Community Hub and Library,	14/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm
Derwent Street, North Ormesby, TS3 6JB		
Thorntree Community Hub and Library, Birkhall	14/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm
Road, Thorntree TS3 9JW		
Easterside Community Hub and Library,	15/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm
Broughton Avenue, Easterside TS4 3PZ		
Hemlington Community Hub and Library,	15/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm
Crosscliff, Hemlington TS8 9JJ		
Stainton and Thornton Memorial Hall, Strait	16/02/2024	3:00 pm – 6:00 pm
Lane, Stainton TS8 9BB		
Acklam Community Hub and Library, Acklam	19/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm
Road TS5 7AB		
St Margaret's Church, The Oval, Brookfield TS5	20/02/2024	3:00 pm – 6:00 pm
8ET		
Grove Hill Community Hub and Library,	21/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm
Bishopton Road, Grove Hill TS4 2RP		
Neptune Centre, Ormesby Rd, Berwick Hills TS3	21/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm
7RP		

Marton Community Hub and Library, The	22/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm
Willows, Marton TS7 8BL		
Newport Community Hub and Library, St Paul's	22/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm
Road, Middlesbrough TS1 5NQ		
Nunthorpe Methodist Church, Connaught Rd,	23/02/2024	3:00 pm – 6:00 pm
Nunthorpe TS7 0BP		
Linthorpe Community Centre, Linthorpe Road,	26/02/2024	3:00 pm – 6:00 pm
Middlesbrough TS5 6JG		
Marton Community Centre, Cypress Road,	27/02/2024	4:00 pm – 7:00 pm
Marton TS7 8PZ		

The drop-in sessions provided an opportunity for members of the public to find out more about the Draft Local Plan and the consultation. The events were attended by Council officers, the Executive Member for Regeneration and the Executive Member for Environment. Physical copies of the Draft Local Plan and Polices Map were available to view, as well as a series of display boards which summarised the Draft Local Plan and provided details on how to submit any comments. These display board are included in Appendix 9. During the drop-in events officers were available to provide any further information and answer any questions or queries. These events were well attended by residents and local businesses.

7 Member Briefings

A briefing for all Members of the Council was held before the consultation commenced and the Executive Member for Regeneration offered to meet with all Members individually, or as groups of members on a ward by ward basis to discuss their issues/concerns in relation to the Draft Local Plan and what local issues they wanted to see addressed by the Local Plan. A series of meetings were held for most wards, typically involving the Executive Member for Regeneration, Council officers and the relevant ward members.

8 Methods of Response

Comments could be submitted via an online form on the Council's website. A downloadable version of this form was also made available. Comments could also be submitted via email or post.

9 Summary of Representations Received

During the consultation, 4122 comments were received from a total of 2136 respondents. They included responses from statutory consultees including Historic England, the Environment Agency, Natural England and National Highways. In addition, four petition style responses were received.

10 Summary of Issues Raised

All comments received have been considered by officers. A summary of the issues raised in relation to each chapter/policy has been included in Appendix 1, this also includes Council's response to the responses. This summary has been restricted to matters that are material planning considerations all comments have been anonymised. The summary includes whether the response has been made by a statutory or general consultee, the Council's response to the matters raised and if this has led to any changes in the Publication Local Plan.

Comments were also received on the Sustainability Appraisal which accompanied the Draft Local Plan. These comments have been taken account of during the preparation of the Sustainability Appraisal of the Publication Local Plan.

11 Summary of changes to the Publication Local Plan

As a result of the consultation, policy changes and updates to the local plan evidence base, a number of changes have been made to the Publication Local Plan. The significant changes include:

- Revisions to the Local Plan Vision
- Amendments to the strategic objectives, in particular to include reference to climate change
- Introduction of a new Policy ST2 Spatial Strategy
- Further detail in Policy ST3 Middlesbrough Development Corporation
- Removal of Cargo Fleet (EC2.5) from EC2 employment locations
- Inclusion of detailed policy EC5, for the regeneration of Gresham
- Inclusion of new housing allocation HO4r Wood Street
- Removal of Teessaurus Park as a site for Gypsy and Traveller accommodation
- Inclusion of a new site at Cannon Park for Gypsy and Traveller accommodation
- Inclusion of new policy on the approach to Biodiversity Net Gain and Climate Change
- Inclusion of new policies in the Historic Environment on archaeology HI4 and Stockton and Darlington Railway HI5.

12 Duty to cooperate and joint working arrangements

In 2011 the Localism Act introduced the duty to cooperate in relation to planning of sustainable development. The duty to cooperate places a legal duty on local planning authorities, and other public bodies to engage on strategic cross-boundary matters in a meaningful way.

The Council has taken this duty on board and works closely with other local authorities within the Tees Valley, and other duty to cooperate bodies such as the Historic England, Natural England and National Highways.

In preparing the Draft Local Plan document, officers had regular meetings with the rest of the Tees Valley Local Planning Authorities, both as a group and on an individual basis. In addition, as part of the consultation on the Draft Local Plan, meetings were held with a number of Duty to Cooperate bodies. Further details of these discussions are contained within the separate Duty to Cooperate Statement.

13 What happens next?

The next stage in the process involves preparing the Publication Local Plan. The Publication stage forms part of the formal plan-making, where the draft planning policies should be fully formed. As part of the formal plan-making process the Publication Local Plan - will be subject to a further six-week public consultation process, where formal representations will be sought on matters concerning legal compliance and soundness. Following conclusion of the publication period, the Plan will be submitted to the Secretary of State for Independent Examination.

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Appendix 1 Summary of Issues Raised

Chapter 1 – Introduction

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
There is no evident identification of the transport evidence base that has been used to inform the development of the Plan and define policy and infrastructure requirements.	Statutory	There is a list of all the evidence base documents that have been used to inform the development of the Local Plan on the website and the Publication Local Plan has been updated to include reference the key evidence documents.
Clarification is required regarding the geographic extent of Local Plan. It's relationship to the town centre and Middlehaven, where the MDC are the decisionmaking authority, should be clarified.	Statutory	Text amended to clarify that Local Plan covers all of the Middlesbrough Local Authority area, including the area of the town centre and Middlehaven where the MDC are the local planning authority for decision-making.
To accommodate any potential delays in the adoption of the Local Plan, and also assist in the effective long-term planning of larger scale developments, the plan period should be reviewed and amended to comfortably cover the minimum 15-year period required.	General	Consider plan period to 2041 is sufficient to ensure 15 year period following adoption of the Local Plan.
It is stated that 'the issues being faced now were significantly different to those the Local Plan has previously been seeking to address' however these are not identified and explained.	General	Text amended.
A number of responses were received in relation to the evidence base:	General	
The evidence base is not clearly identified.		There is a list of all the evidence base documents that have been used to inform the development of the Local Plan on the website and the Publication Local Plan has been updated to include reference the key evidence documents.
Documents in the evidence base are not up to date. In particular, comments stated that evidence on housing and the historic		The evidence base is subject to ongoing update and review. There is a list of all the evidence base

environment were not up to	documents that have been used to
date.	inform the development of the Local
	Plan on the website and the
A complete, up-to-date evidence	Publication Local Plan has been
base needs to be made available	updated to include reference the key
at earliest opportunity.	evidence documents.

Chapter 2 – Strategic Objectives and Vision

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or	Response
	general consultee	
The protection and enhancement	Statutory	Objectives have been amended to
of the natural environment could		reflect response.
be strengthened within some of the		
strategic objectives. Indeed, as part		
of an objective, it was		
recommended that a specific		
reference should be to protecting		
and enhancing the natural		
environment.		
To better align with the ambitions	Statutory	Objectives have been amended to
of Biodiversity Net Gain and the 25		reflect response.
Year Environment Plan, the creation		
of Green and Blue Infrastructure		
could be included in Objective E.		
The importance of contributing	Statutory	The Local Plan Vision has been
towards climate change mitigation,		amended to reflect the response.
and the protection of the natural		
environment and designated Green		
and Blue Infrastructure sites, could		
be included in the vision.		
Middlesbrough's role in assisting	General	Middlesbrough's role in addressing
the North East Housing crisis should		housing issues is considered to be
be included within the vision		adequately referenced throughout
		the plan including in the Vision.
The vision should explicitly identify	General	Local Plan Vision has been amended
the alleviation of deprivation and		to include reference to the alleviation
poverty as a goal.		of deprivation and poverty.
In addition, particular areas of		
deprivation and poverty should be		
identified and monitored over the		
medium to long term.		
The role of development in	General	Not considered appropriate to
facilitating community safety		amend the Vision. This matter is
should be highlighted.		dealt with in the Creating Quality
		Places chapter of the Local Plan.
The relationship between	General	The supporting text to policy ST3
Middlesbrough Council and the		addresses the relationship between
MDC, and how this will facilitate		the Council and the MDC.
the realisation of the plan, should		
be included in the vision and		
strategic objectives.		
The evidence base is not up to	General	The evidence base is subject to
date.		ongoing update and review. There is
		a list of all the evidence base
		documents that have been used to

		inform the development of the Local Plan on the website and the Publication Local Plan has been updated to include reference the key evidence documents.
The vision does not take into account the climate crisis	General	Vision has been amended to reference climate change.
It is not clear which strategic objective would cover the protection and enhancement of valued landscapes. This should be expressly included in the appropriate objectives.	General	The strategic objectives have been reviewed and updated, landscape is covered by Objective E and it is unnecessary to reference every issue in these objectives. This is also addressed through updates to Chapter 6 Natural Environment, in particular policy GR1.

Policy ST1 – Development Strategy

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
A point should be added to the policy to ensure that development is directed away from areas of increased flood risk (Flood Zone 2 and 3).	Statutory	Policy has been amended to reflect response.
For point e., specific references to the 'water environment' and the benefits to biodiversity and/or wildlife would provide clarity and strengthen the policy.	Statutory	Policy has been amended to reflect response.
Climate change is strongly tied to the biodiversity crisis and point i. should therefore be amended to acknowledge this.	Statutory	Policy has been amended to reflect response.
Point a. could be worded more positively, aiming to not only minimise the impact on the environment, but also, wherever possible, to result in an enhancement.	Statutory	Policy has been amended to reflect response.
One respondent stated that, in conformity with paragraphs 123 and 124 of the National Planning Policy Framework, recognition should be given to the Government's commitment to	General	A new policy ST2 Spatial Strategy has been included in the Publication Local Plan to set out the Council's approach to selecting and prioritising sites for development.

redevelop brownfield and vacant sites.		
Similarly, numerous other responses suggested that		
priority should be given to the		
use of brownfield sites over		
greenfield. In particular, the		
prioritisation of house building		
on brownfield sites, such as the		
town centre, was raised.		
The focus on urban living should	General	Point j. of Policy CR2 will require
require that housing		development to be served by
development on brownfield sites		adequate infrastructure, services,
is located close to existing		and community facilities, either
amenities.		existing, improved, or new.
Emphasis should be placed on	General	Policy HO5 sets out the Council's
the provision of social housing		approach to affordable housing.
rather than private housing.		
A number of responses stated	General	Policy GR1 gives protection to
that existing green and blue		existing green and blue
spaces, including trees and		infrastructure. Policies GR2, GR3,
woodland, should be protected		GR4, GR5 and GR6 protect
from development.		different types of open space and
		this protected open space is
Additionally, a respondent		shown on the Local Plan Policies
suggested that recognition and		Map.
protection should be given to		Birdi and and all and a
the vital habitats that green and		Biodiversity net gain is addressed
blue spaces provide.		through a new Policy GR7.
There is no specific reference to	General	Policy has been amended to
habitat or biodiversity	Genera.	reflect response. It not
protection and enhancement for		considered appropriate to refer to
its own sake.		landscape and soils within this
		policy.
In addition, another response		. ,
specifically identified that a		
criterion should be added to the		
policy regarding the protection		
and enhancement of valued		
landscapes, sites of biodiversity		
or geological value, and soils.		
Figures on the cost of	General	It is not appropriate to provide
development and expenditure to		this level of detail in a Local Plan.
implement them are not		A Viability Assessment and
included		Infrastructure Delivery Plan have
		been produced to accompany the
		Publication Local Plan.

The policy is written as a statement of ambitions and is not effective or justified. It should be re-written to be clear and evident how a decision maker should react to development proposals, avoiding unnecessary duplication.	General	Policy CR4 will require developer contributions to fund necessary infrastructure and other community benefits that are required as a result of proposed developments. It is not considered necessary to amend the policy.
In the absence of a Middlesbrough Design Code, the 'Building for a Healthy Life' design toolkit should be signposted.	General	Design matters are dealt with in the Creating quality Places chapter. Middlesbrough Council is committed to good quality design and we have a Design SPD along with a series of site specific masterplans and design guidance. We will consider preparation of a borough wide design code following the adoption of the Local Plan.
Economic growth needs to be accompanied with housing growth. This needs to be recognised and clearly identified in the policy.	General	Economic and housing growth are considered to be adequately reflected in this policy and throughout the Local Plan.
It was suggested that there may be a greater need to deliver family housing, which would support economic growth by helping retain economically active sections of the community, and that this should be recognised.	General	Detailed housing requirements are dealt with in the Housing Development Chapter which is supported by our evidence base. It is not considered appropriate to include details within this policy.
On the other hand, a different response suggested that residents of Middlesbrough need bungalows, flats, and smaller houses.		

There should be a stronger	General	The NPPF establishes a
presumption in favour of	Scherui	presumption in favour of
development.		sustainable development. The
development.		Council believes that the Plan
		accords with the NPPF and the
		provisions it sets out for applying
		a presumption in favour of
		sustainable development in plan-
		making.
Concerns were raised that new	General	The Publication Local Plan is
development, particularly	deneral	supported by an Infrastructure
housing, will lack appropriate		Delivery Plan (IDP). The IDP will
infrastructure such as schools,		help ensure that new
doctors, and shops.		development is supported by
doctors, and snops.		appropriate infrastructure.
		appropriate illitastructure.
		Point g. of Policy ST1 aims to
		deliver appropriate infrastructure
		to support development. This is
		supported by other policies in the
		Plan, including GR1 and those in
		chapter 7. Housing allocation
		policies also identify the provision
		of infrastructure such as schools
		and local centres, where
		appropriate.
		It should also be noted that Policy
		CR4 will require contributions
		from developers. These will fund
		necessary infrastructure and
		other community benefits
		required as a consequence of
		development.
Priority should be given to large,	General	Point f. of the policy seeks to
green open spaces that can be		ensure that the provision and
utilised by the residents for		protection of high quality,
recreation.		integrated and connected green
		and blue spaces. This is supported
		by other policies in the Plan
		including those in the Natural
		Environment Chapter. Policy GR3
		seeks to protect existing open
		space. Policy GR4 outlines that,
		where possible, new
		development should provide new
		open space. Requirements to
		provide open space are also
		identified in policies relating to
		specific housing allocations in
		chapter 5 Housing Development.

Policy ST2 – Middlesbrough Development Corporation Area

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultees	Response
The policy should ensure that development is located away from areas at high risk of flooding (Flood Zones 2 and 3). In addition, where development is located near watercourses or flood zones it should be resilient to climate change.	Statutory	Flood risk is covered in the Natural Environment Chapter in Policy NE10. It is not considered necessary to include a reference to flood risk in this policy given its strategic nature, however Policy EC4 Middlehaven has been updated in relation to flood risk.
To ensure that development does not increase flood risk elsewhere, there should be an aim to ensure that flood risk is reduced overall.	Statutory	Given the strategic nature of the policy it is not considered necessary to address flood risk within the Policy. Policy NE10 on flood risk and water management is considered to adequately address this issue.
The policy does not set out any criteria regarding the protection and enhancement of biodiversity and geodiversity.	Statutory	Given the high level and strategic nature of the policy it is not considered necessary to address biodiversity and geodiversity within the Policy. Biodiversity and Geodiversity are address in the Natural Environment Chapter including in Policies NE1, NE5, NE6 and NE7.
As the MDC is not the plan-making authority, the MDC Design Code would have limited weight as a material consideration.	Statutory	Policy has been amended.
The policy should provide an overarching objective for the management of the historic environment and reference its 'conservation and enhancement'. Moreover, there should be detailed guidance on the conservation and enhancement of the historic environment in the MDC area.	Statutory	Given the high level and strategic nature of the policy it is not considered necessary to address management of the historic environment within the Policy. Management of the historic environment is covered in Chapter 8 of the Local Plan and within specific policies for the Middlesbrough Development Corporation (MDC) are including EC4 Middlehaven and the Town Centre policies.
There is a lack of site-specific allocations for the 1,500 new homes proposed, with a significant proportion of the housing supply	General	The Policy has been amended to include details of site allocations and additional Policies EC5 Gresham and HO4r Wood Street

reliant upon unallocated windfall sites. The contribution of windfall sites should not be relied upon and included in housing supply. Inclusion in the supply would require an evidence base that demonstrates there is sufficient available and deliverable land for the 563 windfall dwellings.		have also been included within the Publication Local Plan. Unallocated windfalls only make up a small number (96) of the 1500 new homes proposed in the MDC area.
Concerns were raised by multiple respondents that the development of homes in the MDC area may be challenging. It is suggested that the area has characteristics (i.e. brownfield, town centre and regeneration sites, an existing housing market that is weak) which may present challenges in terms of viability and technical constraints. Evidence is therefore required to demonstrate that the delivery of homes in the MDC area is achievable and deliverable over the plan period.	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by a new Local Plan Viability Assessment (2024). This assessment has considered the viability of sites within the Local Plan. Policy ST3 has been amended to provide further detail on sites in the MDC area.
To be considered sustainable, and thereby conform with the NPPF, the natural environment should be referenced in the policy.	General	Given the high level and strategic nature of the policy it is not considered necessary to address the natural environment within the Policy. The natural environment is covered by a dedicated Chapter in the Publication Local Plan.
The policy does not refer to the overall Local Plan policies, including housing policies HO1 and HO2. The interrelationship between Policy ST2 and the Local Plan as a whole needs clarification.	General	The Policy has been amended to make clear that the Policies of the Local Plan apply in the MDC area.
The number of homes identified for the Gresham/Union Village has been significantly underestimated. It is suggested that the figures in ST2, and the overall housing supply, are updated to reflect the higher numbers required to secure viable development of the site.	General	Policy ST3 has been amended to reflect these comments, in addition new policy EC5 Gresham has been added to the Publication Local Plan.

Alternately, it is suggested that the policy incorporates greater flexibility to ensure redevelopment of the site is not compromised.		
The policy should identify, that in addition to housing, a mixture of complimentary uses would be considered appropriate.	General	Policy ST3 has been amended to reflect these comments.
The delivery of 1,500 homes in the urban area, and the use of brownfield sites, should be a priority over development of green spaces south of the town centre.	General	A new policy ST2 Spatial Strategy has been included in the Publication Local Plan to set out the Council's approach to selecting and prioritising sites for development.

Chapter 3 – Creating Quality Places

Policy CR1 – Creating Quality Places

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
Summary or issues raised	consultees	Response
It is not clear how the aspirations to support and promote sustainable and active transport, as outlined in paragraph 3.3, have been used to shape the Plan in an evidenced manner. There is no information provided to justify the selection of sites	Statutory	Active travel is considered throughout the Local Plan and in particular within the infrastructure Chapter which is been developed taking into account the Council's Integrated Transport Strategy. A new policy ST2 Spatial Strategy has been included in the
within the Plan.		Publication Local Plan to set out the Council's approach to selecting and prioritising sites for development.
It would be appropriate for water efficiency measures to be incorporated into policies, such as CR1, that support the creation of new development and places.	Statutory	Policy CR3 has been amended to reflect this comment, it is not considered necessary to amend this policy too.
Masterplans must acknowledge the requirement to minimise the likely impacts of climate change.	General	The Local Plan considers climate change throughout and a new policy on climate change has been introduced. Masterplans would need to take account of the Local Plan when they are prepared.
With regard to paragraph 35 of the NPPF, point e. is not considered sound.	General	Criteria h of the policy has been amended to reflect the responses received.
Multiple respondents suggested that the Council does not set local standards for development which stray from those set nationally. In particular, one response requested the removal of the reference to 'zero carbon buildings'.		
Some comments specifically highlighted the December 2023 Written Ministerial Statement on Local Energy Efficiency		

[a.] .		T
Standards. In summary, the		
statement sets out that plan-		
makers are not expected to 'set		
local energy efficiency standards		
for buildings that go beyond		
current or planned buildings		
regulations'. Should any		
planning policies 'propose local		
energy efficiency standards for		
buildings that go beyond current		
or planned buildings regulation		
[they] should be rejected at		
examination if they do not have		
a well-reasoned and robustly		
costed rationale'.		
While come reconnect therefore		
While some responses therefore		
suggested that such matters do not need specific policies in the		
plan, other responses		
recommended that the policy		
should reference the 'latest		
national guidance' / Future		
Homes Standard and Building		
Regulations as the appropriate		
standards for development.		
standards for development.		
In addition, some comments		
suggested that, should an		
additional planning requirement		
be set to explore opportunities		
regarding the delivery of zero		
carbon homes and/or providing		
renewable/low carbon energy		
generation, it must be done on a		
flexible basis.		
In terms of urban design, the	General	Middlesbrough Council is
Building for a Healthy Life design		committed to good quality design
toolkit be signposted.		and we have a Design SPD along
		with a series of site specific
		masterplans and design guidance.
With respect to the health and	General	The Policy has been amended to
wellbeing of residents, it was		include reference to sustainable
suggested that a reference to		transport modes including active
active travel would strengthen		travel.
the policy.		
Well designed buildings and	General	Provision for local food growing is
places should incorporate		made with Housing allocation
provision for local food growing.		Policies. Policy CR3 has been
		amended to include reference to

		T
As a guide, it was suggested that		the GBI checklist which refers to
residential on-site food growing		community growing space.
should provide 0.9 square		
meters of space per person.		
To ensure compliance with	General	It is considered that the Local Plan
paragraph 35b of the NPPF, it		is in conformity with the NPPF, it
was suggested that the policy		is not considered necessary to
should be amended to recognise		amend the policy.
that site specific constraints		,
influence and guide the design		
of proposals.		
To ensure the policy is positively	General	The preparation of masterplans,
prepared and effective, it should	General	development frameworks and
set out what scale of		
		design code are considered
development would require a		appropriate to achieve good
development framework or		design. It is not considered
design code.		appropriate to identify what scale
		of development would require a
However, in the same vein, it		development framework or
was recommended that the		design code within the Policy as it
policy be amended to remove		will differ on a site by site basis.
the need to prepare design		
codes and development		
frameworks. It was stated that		
the preparation of design codes		
and development frameworks		
would delay new development,		
significantly impacting the		
delivery of housing allocations		
and the Council's five-year		
housing land supply. Rather than		
creating numerous design codes		
and development frameworks, it		
was suggested that the Local		
Plan's policies should set out the		
expected design standards, with		
new development being		
required to uphold the		
standards and principles set out		
in the National Design Guide,		
National Model Design Code,		
and NPPF.		
The policy would be	General	Biodiversity Net Gain addressed in
strengthened by a separate	General	the Natural Environment Chapter
		-
criterion requiring development to achieve a minimum of 10%		in Policy NE1 and new Policy NE7
		on Biodiversity Net Gain.
biodiversity net gain. Although it		
was suggested that the Council		
should set 'a much more		
progressive' target, for example		
20% on larger sites.		

The policy is overly restrictive	General	In line with the NPPF, the Draft
and economic growth should be		Local Plan applies a presumption
prioritised by a presumption in		in favour of sustainable
favour of development.		development. In order to achieve
		sustainable development,
		paragraph 8 of the NPPF identifies
		that the planning system has
		three overarching objectives,
		economic, social, and
		environmental. The criteria set
		out in the policy are deemed
		necessary in the achievement of
		these objectives and the delivery
		of sustainable development.

Policy CR2 – General Development Principles

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
The rationale for the policy given in paragraph 3.5 could be improved by referencing that development should not result in unacceptable impacts to the environment.	Statutory	The supporting text has been amended to reflect this comment.
With reference to the provisions of the Environment Act 2021 and statutory Biodiversity Net Gain, it was suggested that the removal of 'wherever appropriate' from point d. would place greater emphasis on the importance of incorporating ecology and biodiversity features into proposals.	Statutory	Point d of the Policy has been amended to take account this comment.
Point m. should be strengthened to 'prevent' noise, air, water and/or land pollution, and include a reference to both groundwater and surface water.	Statutory	Point m of the Policy has been amended to take account this comment.
It is not clear how the aspiration to support and promote sustainable and active transport (e.g. point I.) has been used to shape the Plan in an evidenced	Statutory	A new Policy ST2 Spatial Strategy has been included in the Publication Local Plan to set out the Council's approach to selecting

	T	
manner, with no information		and prioritising sites for
provided to just how allocated		development.
sites have been selected for		
development.		
The policy should include a	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to
requirement to minimise		include reference to light
impacts from light pollution on		pollution.
the natural environment.		·
It would be appropriate for	Statutory	Policy CR3 has been amended to
water efficiency measures to be	- Casassa, 4	take account of this response, it is
incorporated into policies, such		not considered necessary to
as CR2, that support the		amend this policy too.
creation of new development		differential policy too.
and places.		
To support sustainable	Statutory	The Policy has been amended in
• •	Statutory	The Policy has been amended in
development the policy		response to this comment.
identifies that 'proposals should		
demonstrate how they maximise		
economic benefits, contribution		
to social inclusion, and minimise		
detrimental environmental		
effects'. However, on individual		
proposals there will be times		
where one of these 'strands' will		
be the greatest priority. The		
policy should therefore support		
proposals that 'achieve balance		
in seeking to optimise' these		
strands.		
What's more, the policy should		
also seek positive gains to the		
environment, rather than only		
avoiding negative effects.		
	General	It is considered that the Local Plan
The requirement to accord with	General	
the policies of the Plan (point a.)		is in conformity with the NPPF, it is
is not necessary and need not		not considered necessary to
be stated within Policy CR2. As		amend the policy.
drafted, point a. could be		
considered contrary to planning		
law, which requires applications		
to be determined in accordance		
with the development plan,		
unless material considerations		
indicate otherwise.		
The policy could be developed	General	It is considered that the Local Plan
further, with regard to the		adequately addresses the Green
requirements of the GBI Strategy		and Blue Infrastructure Strategy
and Action Plan.		throughout, it is not necessary to
		reference it within this policy.

It was suggested that point c. could include allotments and community gardens. The inclusion of a requirement for all major housing and mixed-use developments (incorporating housing) to provide suitable food growing space on-site was also suggested.		Policy CR2 established principles that all development would be expected to adhere to it is not considered appropriate to list all of the different types of protected open space.
The wording of some criteria is overly negative and does not allow for mitigation to offset any potential impacts. It was therefore stated that the policy is not positively prepared, justified, or consistent with national policy. As such, a range of specific amendments to the wording of points by a great and by was	General	It is considered that the Policy is in conformity with the NPPF, it is not considered necessary to amend the policy.
points b., c., g., and h. was suggested.		
The policy's inclusion of the statement 'the existence of poor quality design as a result of previous development will not be accepted as a reason for lowering design expectations in new proposals' was questioned by multiple respondents.	General	The Council is committed to the promotion of good design. The existence of poor quality design is not a justification for continuing with poor quality development in the future. No amendments are required to the policy.
Responses stated that development should be permitted to take into account the local context, and that it would be unreasonable to disregard the local context when considering the design expectation of new proposals.		
It was therefore requested that the statement be removed from the policy in its entirety or, as a minimum, the reference to previous development design quality should be removed.		
The policy is not considered to be sound in accordance with paragraph 35 of the NPPF as its wording significantly overlaps	General	The Council is committed to addresses the impacts of climate change, therefore criterion p is considered appropriate to assist

with matters covered by national Building Regulations. It was requested that the wording of the policy is therefore reviewed.		with this. It is considered that the Policy is in conformity with the NPPF, it is not considered necessary to amend the policy.
Similarly, in relation to point o., another response requested clarity on what the minimum requirements would be. A different respondent suggested that point o. should only require proposals to incorporate energy efficiency measures in line with national policy and building regulations.		
A majority of the requirements set out in the policy are covered by national legislation, national policy requirements, or other policies in the draft Plan. The overlap between point d. and the requirements covered by the Environment Act 2021 was highlighted as an example. It was therefore suggested that the need for the policy be reconsidered and, as a minimum, the requirements covered by national legislation or policy be removed to avoid any unnecessary repetition.	General	It is considered that the Policy is in conformity with the NPPF, it is not considered necessary to amend the policy.
Social Impact Assessments should not be sought for all developments. If they are introduced, they should only be focussed on large urban extensions.	General	Social impact assessments are not a requirement of the Policy. The Policy has been reworded to take account of this response
The Council should ensure that previously developed land is deliverable through viability testing and that a suitable number of greenfield sites are provided. Multiple other respondents suggested that previously developed land/brownfield sites should always be utilised first/in preference to any green space.	General	A range of sites, including both previously developed land and greenfield sites, are allocated in the Plan. In line with the NPPF, the Plan encourages the development of previously developed land. A new Policy ST2 Spatial Strategy has been included in the Publication Local Plan to set out the Council's approach to selecting and prioritising sites for development.

		A Viability Assessment has been prepared to support the Publication Local Plan.
The principles set out in the policy are overly restrictive. There should be an 'overriding and prioritising' principle in favour of economic growth and development.	General	In line with the NPPF, the Draft Local Plan applies a presumption in favour of sustainable development. In order to achieve sustainable development, paragraph 8 of the NPPF identifies that the planning system has three overarching objectives, economic, social, and environmental. The criteria set out in the policy are deemed necessary in the achievement of these objectives and the delivery of sustainable development.
The general principles set out in the policy should be more specific around net zero and decarbonisation targets at a local and national level.	General	The Council is committed to addresses the impacts of climate change and has introduced a new Policy on Climate Change.
The Plan is not supported with evidence regarding existing traffic flow and projections on the impact that proposed development would have upon this.	General	The Publication Local Plan has also been informed by a Transport Study, alongside the Council's Integrated Transport Strategy. This evidence identifies the impacts that the proposed levels of housing and economic growth would have, taking into account proposed mitigation measures. The Council considers this approach to be acceptable in terms of impacts to the highway.
A range of specific amendments to existing criteria, or requests for additional criteria, were suggested:	General	
Criterion i. should be expanded to identify that development must not increase flood risk on the site or elsewhere.		The Policy has been amended inline with this response.
Criterion d. should require that, on all greenfield housing allocations, biodiversity net gain is delivered within the extent of		New Policy NE7 Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) sets out the Council's approach to the delivery of BNG.

the housing allocation and	Policy IN3 addresses the issue of
development limits.	EV charging points.
A criterion should be added requiring development to provide adequate electric vehicle (EV) charge points.	Policy NE8 sets out the approach to Nutrient Neutrality.
A criterion should be added to require all greenfield housing allocation to deliver nutrient neutrality within the extent of the housing allocation and	
development limits.	

Policy CR3 – Sustainable and High Quality Design

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
To be consistent with national policy, Policy CR3 should include a criterion which ensures the design of development respects existing site constraints, including utilities infrastructure.	Statutory	It is considered that this issue is addressed by criterion a. & criterion c. No policy amendments required.
It would be appropriate for water efficiency measures to be incorporated into policies, such as CR3, that support the creation of new development and places.	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to take account this response.
There is an opportunity for the policy to reference a district-wide Design Code.	Statutory	Middlesbrough Council is committed to good quality design and we have a Design SPD along with a series of site specific masterplans and design guidance. We will consider preparation of a borough wide design code following the adoption of the Local Plan.
The policy should require development to have regard to the requirements of the Green and Blue Infrastructure Strategy Action Plan, including the identified priority opportunities	General	The requirement for development to have regard to the GBI Strategy Action Plan, including the identified priority opportunities and the GBI checklist for development, is established in criterion i. of Policy NE1 of the Plan. In addition, the

and the GBI checklist for development.		Policy has been amended to refer to the GBI checklist in criterion e.
It was suggested that point b. should be given additional flexibility with the added stipulation of 'where possible and subject to other potential constraint'.	General	It is not considered appropriate to amend the Policy.
One respondent also highlighted the use of the word 'reinforces'. As the term is not defined, and no catchment guidance is provided, they suggest that it is unclear how a development proposal would meet the requirement.		
The acceptability of a variety of parking arrangements should be instilled into criterion h.		It is considered that policy h. is sufficiently flexible to allow for the provision of a variety of different parking arrangements.
No clear definition is provided with regards to 'sufficient parking' and as such the policy does not accord with paragraph 35c of the NPPF. It should be confirmed whether	General	Not possible to define sufficient car parking as will be dependent on type of development and its location along with any other local circumstances. No amendments are required to the Plan.
the parking standards set out in the Tees Valley Design Guide and Specification Document will be taken forward with the new Local Plan, or if alternate parking standards would be adopted.		
One respondent also suggested that residential development lacked parking, and that greater emphasis should therefore be placed on the provision of adequate parking.		
Concerns were raised that elements of the policy overlap with Building Regulations and other national-level guidance. In particular, it was stated that the	General	The Policy is not considered to contrary to building regulations, however a minor has been made to the Policy to provide clarification.

achievement of passive solar		
energy gains under point I.		
conflicts with Part S of the		
Building Regulations.		
Clarity was requested on what is	General	It is not considered necessary to
meant by 'sustainable design' in		amend the Policy.
point m.		
It was suggested the current		
wording is vague and does not		
provide sufficient guidance for		
accordance or monitoring of		
policy compliance.		
To ensure consistency with	General	New Policy NE7 sets out the
national policy, point d. should		Council's approach to Biodiversity
clarify that a biodiversity net		Net Gain, no amendments are
gain of 10% is required.		required to this policy.
However, another response		
highlighted that there should		
not be unnecessary repetition of		
national legislation, noting that		
biodiversity net gain is covered		
by the Environment Act 2021.		
With respect to the	General	It is not considered necessary to
requirements to submit a Design		amend the Policy is it considered to
and Access Statement, the		be in conformity with the PPG.
policy is not fully consistent with		·
PPG and should be amended		
accordingly.		
The requirements set out in	General	It is not considered necessary to
policy must be clear and well		amend the Policy is it considered to
evidenced. To this point, it was		be in conformity with the PPG.
suggested that the Council		
reconsider the individual		
requirements of Policy CR3 to		
ensure they are all clearly		
defined and in line with PPG.		
In line with paragraph 136 of the	General	It is not considered necessary to
NPPF, it was suggested that the		amend the Policy, Policy NE1
policy could be strengthened by		addresses Green infrastructure.
a reference to tree-lined streets.		
Similarly, it was also suggested		
that consideration could be		
given to the creation of soft		
boundaries (evergreen hedges		
instead of walls/fences).		
The policy is too restrictive and	General	The NPPF established the
should be removed.		importance of well-designed
		buildings and places, identifying it as
		a key aspect of sustainable
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		development. Paragraph 132 of the NPPF identifies that Plans should set out a clear design vision and expectations. The policy will play an integral role in establishing the Councils design vision and expectations, supported by Middlesbrough's existing Urban Design SPD. As such, the inclusion of Policy CR3 is deemed necessary.
It was suggested that where possible, existing trees should be retained. Additionally, when replacement trees are planted they should be adequately maintained, with a period of at least 10 years suggested.	General	No Policy amendments required.
With reference to the Green and Blue Infrastructure Checklist (Appendix 9 of the Draft Local Plan) and Part 2 of the National Model Design Code, it was suggested that the policy include a requirement that 'swift bricks should be installed in all new-build developments including extensions'	General	This is considered to be too detailed for this policy the purpose of which is to set out high level design criteria. No policy amendments required.
To be consistent with national policy, Policy CR3 should include a criterion which ensures the design of development respects existing site constraints, including utilities infrastructure.	General	It is considered this representation is addressed by criteria a. and c. of the Policy, no amendments to the policy are required.

Policy CR4 – Developer Contributions

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
While the policy sets out the	Statutory	The Publication Local Plan is
approach for securing funding		supported by an Infrastructure
necessary for infrastructure, it was		Delivery Plan (IDP). By
queried how the Council intended		establishing what infrastructure
to identify transport measures at		needs to be delivered to
the Plan-making stage and provide		accommodate the planned
certainty over its funding and		levels of economic and housing
deliverability.		growth, the IDP will help ensure

		that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure. In addition, the Publication Local Plan has also been informed by a Transport Study, alongside the Council's Integrated Transport Strategy. This evidence identifies the impacts that the proposed levels of housing and economic growth would have, taking into account proposed mitigation measures. The Council considers this approach to be acceptable in terms of impacts to the highway.
Health infrastructure should be clearly identified as essential. There should be an expectation that, where necessary, proposals will meet the cost of providing health infrastructure made necessary by the development. As well as securing contributions for health and care services required to mitigate the direct impact of demand in areas of significant housing growth, it was stated that the Plan must consider the need to mitigate the cumulative impact of smaller housing growth.	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to reference health infrastructure. The Publication Local Plan is supported by an Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP). The IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure. The Council has consulted with the NHS and other related partners to help establish what health infrastructure may be required to support the proposed levels of housing growth.
It was also stated that the Council must work with the NHS and other partners to forecast the health infrastructure and related costs required to support the planned levels of growth and development. In addition, it was recommended that the Local Plan and supporting evidence base (IDP) should set out the process for determining the appropriate form of contribution towards health infrastructure.		
Multiple responses raised the point that development can only be required to mitigate its own impact. It was stated that	General	The Publication Local Plan is supported by an Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP). The IDP will help ensure that new

developers/development schemes		development is supported by
cannot be held accountable for		appropriate infrastructure. This
addressing pre-existing		document will set out existing
infrastructure deficiencies and		and known deficiencies in
should not be expected to take a		current infrastructure and set
disproportionate level of financial		out the approach for addressing
responsibility over other sources of		the cumulative effects of new
potential funding.		development of new
		development.
It was therefore recommended that		·
the updated Infrastructure Delivery		
Plan (IDP) should clearly identify the		
existing and known deficiencies in		
current infrastructure. It should also		
set out how the cumulative effects		
of new development would be		
addressed and/or identify the level		
of contribution that would be		
required from new developments.		
required from their developments.		
It was also suggested that the		
policy's supporting text should be		
updated to reference the updated		
IDP and confirm that new		
development would only be		
required to mitigate its own impact		
and not existing deficiencies.		
The Plan is not supported by an up	General	The Publication Local Plan has
to date Viability Assessment.	General	been informed by a new Local
to date viability /\sscssillerit.		Plan Viability Assessment
The policy does not account for		(2024). No Policy amendments
potential viability issues associated		required.
with development schemes and		required.
should be amended to provide		
flexibility with regards to		
contributions. It should provide an		
opportunity for developers and		
landowners to negotiate		
contributions where site-specific		
circumstances present viability risks		
to the delivery of development.		
The policy should include the need	General	The supporting text and Policy
for developers to support the	General	CR4 sets out examples of typical
aspirations of the Green and Blue		matters for which developer
Infrastructure Strategy, particularly		contributions will be sought.
the provision of communal and		This list is not intended to be
individual food growing		exhaustive, however the policy
infrastructure such as allotment		has been amended to include
I thate orthardt landttaning and		reference to green and hime
space, orchards, landscaping and		reference to green and blue
hedgerows that include plants and		reference to green and blue infrastructure. As is outlined in the NPPF and PPG, plans should

trees which produce fruit, nuts, or seeds. Similarly, a different response questioned why the policy does not specifically reference a requirement to provide parks, football areas,		be as focused and concise as possible. Subsequently, it is not considered appropriate to reference, for instance, all the specific forms of open space, play, sport, and recreation that the Council may seek
tennis courts or swimming baths.		development contributions towards.
No guidance is provided on how developer contributions will be calculated, assessed, and kept up to date.	General	Not appropriate to set this out in policy therefore no policy amendments are required.
Some of the requirements set out in the list of example matters for which contributions will be sought would not satisfy the statutory tests set out in regulation 122 and 123 of the Community Infrastructure Levy Regulations 2010 (as amended) and are not considered sound in line with paragraph 35(b) of the NPPF. Specifically, the list's inclusion of contributions for rail improvements and artwork was questioned.	General	The list of examples are considered appropriate and the policy states that this list is not exhaustive. No policy amendments required.
The policy should be worded to allow for the submission of a viability assessment in support of a planning application, if required, which the Council would review and consider when determining what the necessary contribution should be. This would be consistent with paragraph 58 of the NPPF.	General	No policy amendments required.
Criterion j. should specifically reference nutrient neutrality.	General	Policy NE8 sets out how any mitigation for Nutrient Neutrality must be provided.
Affordable housing is not welcome.	General	Middlesbrough's Local Housing Needs Assessment identifies an affordable housing need of 4,432 households. Consequently, where necessary, it is considered appropriate to secure developer contributions towards affordable housing.

Policy CR5 – Development Limits

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
To support and strengthen the policy, the inclusion of some specified text into paragraph 3.13 was recommended. This regarded the appropriate assessment and remediation of brownfield land.	Statutory	Supporting text has been amended to reflect this response.
The policy should differentiate between different types/forms of land outside the limit to development. For instance, it should differentiate between land that is beyond the limit to development, but is well related/adjacent to existing settlements, and land that is in isolated locations.	General	It is not considered necessary to amend the Policy.
Neither Policy CR5 nor HO2 confirms whether windfall sites apply to land with development limits only, or whether sustainable sites adjacent to development limits could be considered. It was therefore suggested that both Policy CR5 and HO2 be amended to provide clarity on this matter.	General	Windfall development will be accommodated in accordance with the policies within the Local Plan. Any proposals for sites outside of the limit to development will be considered against the requirements of Policy CR5. No Policy amendments required.
The Council should adopt a more permissive approach to development that is well related/immediately adjacent to the existing urban area, even if it lies beyond the limit to development. It was stated that this would create flexibility in the supply of new homes. One respondent suggested that	General	The Council is happy with the approach to development limits set out in Policy CR5.
the Council should consider allowing sustainable development adjacent to defined development limits. Other responses suggested that the policy could include a contingency position where, if		

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housing delivery consistently falls below the requirement, landowners/developers could submit sites to the Council and/or a review of the development limits would be considered. The limit to development should	General	The Plan's housing requirement
be maintained as is currently identified in the adopted Local Plan and should not be amended to further housebuilding. The Council has not provided any justification to amend the limit and it would add to urban sprawl. In		has been informed by the informed by a Local Housing Needs Assessment (2020). It has been set to accommodate the Council's aspiration to achieve economic and job growth over the Plan period.
particular, new housing developments in Stainton and Thornton would have a significant impact on its character.		A new policy ST2 Spatial Strategy has been included in the Publication Local Plan to set out the Council's approach to selecting and prioritising sites for development. To meet the identified housing requirement, it is acknowledged that some development of greenfield sites will be required, including some which lie beyond the current limit to development. There is an insufficient amount of available and suitable brownfield sites to meet all of Middlesbrough's housing requirement. The proposed adjustment of the limit of development will release areas of land that are well linked/lie adjacent to the existing urban area. It is therefore considered that this would help facilitate the delivery of sustainably located development.
Multiple responses suggested that the development of existing brownfield sites should be prioritised. In particular, one respondent	General	A new policy ST2 Spatial Strategy has been included in the Publication Local Plan to set out the Council's approach to selecting and prioritising sites for development.
stated that there should be no greenfield development at all, with all efforts focussed on affordable housing development in the town centre.		The purpose of Policy CR5 is to focus development within the urban area. In locations beyond the development limit, the policy

		supports the re-use of existing buildings and the redevelopment of previously developed land. However, with regards to housing development, Middlesbrough would not be able to achieve its identified housing requirement on brownfield sites alone. The development of some greenfield sites would be required. Proposed amendments to the development limit have made allowances for new housing allocations, which includes greenfield land. These sites are well linked/lie adjacent to the existing urban area.
The policy is unnecessary and should be removed.	General	The Council considers that the policy is required to focus development within the urban area. Defined development limits will contain future development and create a clear distinction between Middlesbrough's urban area and the countryside. This approach will assist in the achievement of sustainable development, as is prioritised by the NPPF.

Policy CR6 – Tall and Large Buildings

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
In order to safeguard aquifers, the policy should contain points regarding pile design and ensuring pathways to underlying aquifers are not created.	Statutory	Policy has been amended to reflect this response.
With regard to point b., clarification should be provided on what would be considered a 'distinctive profile'.	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to remove reference to 'distinctive profile'.
It was suggested that point k. may not be required, as the requirement for a transport assessment may be necessary for many other developments.	Statutory	It is considered that the requirement of a transport assessment is appropriate for tall buildings. The inclusion of this criterion in the policy does not

		prevent such an assessment being sought for other forms of development. Indeed, paragraph 117 of the NPPF identifies that all developments that generate significant amounts of movement should be supported by a transport assessment.
Point g. should be amended to recognise that tall building proposals may affect the fabric of a heritage asset, not only its setting.	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to reflect this response.
It was recommended that Public Health England's resource on the prevention of suicides in public places be added to the supporting text.	General	It is not considered appropriate to amend the supporting text.
Greater clarity should be provided regarding what constitutes a 'tall and large building'.	General	The supporting text includes reference to what tall buildings are considered to be.
The policy is worded in a way which assumes tall and large buildings result in negative effects that need to be controlled and managed. In order to be positively prepared, the policy should be re-written to recognise the potential positive contribution that tall and large buildings can	General	The policy is intended to set out the Council's approach to dealing with tall buildings and is considered to be sufficiently positive, no amendments to the Policy are required.
have. Point I. of the policy overlaps with national-level Building regulations/other national-level guidance. It is suggested that the policy be amended to encourage development to be in line with the latest national guidance.	General	No amendments to the Policy are required.
Most of the policy criteria are not related to size. They should therefore be reduced and made more specific, with a principle that tall and large buildings are welcome.	General	It is considered that many of the policy criteria are considerations that are specific to tall and large buildings. While some of the policy criteria may also be considerations that are applicable to other forms of development, they are considered to be of relevance in

the determination of proposals for tall and large buildings and their inclusion in the policy is therefore
considered appropriate.

Policy CR7 – Shopfront Design

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
The policy should be altered to consider the impact of new or altered shopfront designs on all types of heritage assets, including those which are not designated.	Statutory	Policy has been amended to reflect this response.
All shopfronts should be designed to be accessible for Disabled people.	General	It is considered that this would be covered by legislation and no changes are required to the Policy.
The policy is unnecessary. Ugly shopfronts would put off customers.	General	The Council considers high quality shopfronts to be part of what makes successful town centres lively and interesting places that people want to visit. Therefore, to ensure that shopfronts are well designed and positively contribute to the streetscape, this policy is considered necessary.

Policy CR8 – Advertisements and Signage

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Illuminated signs must meet industry guidance regarding epileptogenic and migraine inducing frequencies.	General	It is not considered necessary to amend the Policy.
Advertisements and signage are not welcome in a residential setting.	General	No policy amendments required.

Chapter 4 – Economic Growth

Policy E1 Economic Strategy

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or	Response
·	general	•
	consultee	
The strategy establishes a focus on the town centre and revitalisation of existing employment areas in the urban area and adjacent to the River Tees. Over the longer term, without additional measures the effect of the strategy could result in a broadly negative effect upon this objective. Ensure delivery of the strategy is implemented alongside other elements of local plan policy that would protect and enhance green infrastructure.	Statutory	The Publication Local Plan will not implement policies in isolation from each other. Chapter 6 Natural Environment sets out an updated approach to green infrastructure.
Given the proposal under criteria b. to convert 25% of floorspace from retail to other uses, there may be a need for more detailed planning guidance on this matter. Some of these buildings may be of historic interest and any conversion would need to be sympathetic to the building's significance. Consider potential for planning guidance once the plan is adopted for design considerations conversion for the change of use away from retail.	Statutory	Policy CR3 requires a Heritage Impact Assessment for development affecting heritage assets. The Historic Environment Chapter also provides further detailed policies on development affecting heritage assets.
The protection and support of existing local sustainable food businesses and support for new local sustainable food businesses that support the local food economy is an important aspect of Middlesbrough's Food Action Plan (https://www.goodfoodmbro.org.uk/middlesbroughfood-action-plan/), this should be included within this policy.	General	It is not necessary to amend this policy for the Local Plan to support sustainable food businesses. These will be dealt with in accordance with the NPPF and legislation relating to commercial use classes.
An update the evidence base so that the economic growth and net additional jobs are updated so that potential growth aligns with the Draft Local Plan period 2022-2041. The LHNA (2021) evidence does not run alongside the Draft Local Plan period, this could mean that the economic growth figures are disproportionately affected and underestimated,	General	The Draft Local Plan has been informed by our evidence base. The Council's ambition to create at least 350 jobs is based upon growth associated with the Town Investment

and therefore a missed opportunity to factor in additional jobs growth. Multiple comments that the housing supply may be insufficient to achieve Middlesbrough's full economic potential. Policy EC1, points a) and b) are not valid as a result of the out-of-date information associated with 350 jobs per annum. The Council needs to refresh its evidence base in relation to its retail study and employment land review.		Plan and the Tees Valley Strategic Economic Plan. LHNA (2021) identifies additional jobs over the period 2019-2037, and is a reflection of the Council's aspiration. The Council considers it unnecessary to update its evidence in relation to retail or employment land, with existing studies providing a sound evidence base.
Policy HO6 conflicts with Objective C To strengthen our local economy by supporting existing businesses and attracting new employers	General	HO6 has been updated. Whilst some previously identified employment land will be lost to this use, it is not considered this will lead to a shortfall in the provision of employment land, nor will it undermine the broader approach to strengthening the local economy.
Recommend Policy EC1 is amended to include a greater recognition of the interrelationship to the supply of new sustainable homes. Alternatively, the Council could introduce a cross reference to Policy HO1 (b) which seeks to ensure that there are sufficient houses to support the economic aspirations of the Borough.	General	Policy EC1 has been amended to include point j. regarding the provision of new dwellings to support economic growth.
Further details on how these actions will be achieved need to be made a part of the strategy.	General	As per the Strategy and Vision it is anticipated that actions throughout the Local Plan will be achieved in conjunction with other plans and strategies, and the operation of the private sector. Middlesbrough Council is committed to delivering a range of strategies and plans, in partnership with other organisations.

Policy EC2 Employment Locations

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
A section in this policy that addresses Health and Wellbeing factors associated with the development of these employment locations, would be welcomed. For instance, active travel infrastructure, associated cycle parking, and the provision of end of journey facilities. Policy EC17 Retail Development on Industrial Estates and Business Parks does refer to such requirements.	General	Publication Local Plan Policy EC2 is primarily concerned with recognising existing employment areas. Development within these areas would need to accord with other policies in the plan, including Policy IN2 Integrated Transport Strategy. The rest of Policy EC2 relates to new development in non-allocated employment areas, and includes point e. that requires access to sustainable transport
Policy HO6 conflicts with the Riverside Park allocation as an employment area.	General	and active travel. Policy HO6 has been amended to identify a site elsewhere. The evidence base has identified that it is appropriate to locate such uses near to certain employment areas.
The Council should review existing employment allocations to determine whether this is the most effective use and whether certain sites may be more suited to deliver housing.	General	The Middlesbrough Employment Land Review (ELR) (2021) assessed a range of sites suitable for employment. Middlesbrough's employment locations are safeguarded to meet identified need and allow growth and diversity. Policy EC3 Alternative use of employment land and buildings identifies criteria where proposals for alternative uses will be considered acceptable. The SHLAA has assessed all land put forward for consideration as potential housing land.
There must be foresight given to potential expansion of employment locations, particularly along the river frontage. The Local Plan must not place undue constraint on expansion or on industrial activity where it is a key driver of job creation.	General	Policy EC1 sub paragraph Employment proposal on non- allocated sites identifies criteria where employment proposals on non-allocated sites will be permitted.

Not enough weight has been given in the plan for expansion of Advanced Manufacturing employment land given the Tees Valley's ambitions to grow the sector.		TeesAmp is identified as a key site for advance manufacturing, whilst Policy EC2 identifies Site EC.1 Riverside Park (inc TeesAMP) as an employment location.
Employment allocations are too far from proposed housing in the south of the town.	General	The ELR (2021) identified an oversupply of employment land over the plan period. As such, it is considered appropriate to safeguard existing employment allocations. Chapter 7. Physical, Social and Environmental Infrastructure places a strong emphasis upon actively managing the available network more effectively. Policy IN2 Integrated Transport Strategy, specifically identifies the need for a sustainable transport network, linking employment within Middlesbrough to provide access for all.

Policy EC3 Alternative Use of Employment Land and Buildings

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Typo - Reference at para 4.28 to "Policy EC2" (rather than EC3)	general	Reference amended.
Buildings not in use should be repurposed for identified needs i.e. educational.	General	Policy EC3 identifies criteria where proposals for alternative uses will be considered acceptable.
The policy is deemed unnecessarily restrictive and should be removed.	General	To achieve sustainable economic growth there is a requirement to identify land required to support development. Policy EC2 identifies and safeguards employment land that supports Middlesbrough's economic growth. Policy EC3 seeks to ensure flexibility in the use and redevelopment of land that is no longer required to meet the employment needs and identifies

the suitable criteria to achieve
this.

Policy EC4 Middlehaven

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
,	consultee	
The area contains a number of designated heritage assets but also a significant number of non-designated heritage assets including those on the local list. It is therefore important to ascertain where allocations are to be made within this large area so that an understanding of what impacts on the historic environment can be determined and whether design measures are required to reduce harm. This should be achieved through a Heritage Impact Assessment.	Statutory	The Policy incudes criteria that requires proposals to sustain and enhance the area's historic significance and also for listed buildings. This has been broadened to include reference to heritage assets and to include reference to a Heritage Impact Assessment. Policy CR3 (a) requires a proposal to integrate with its surroundings in terms of respecting its design, scale, form, density, massing, existing buildings (particularly historic buildings) and land uses around the site; in addition, a Heritage Impact Assessment is required for development affecting heritage assets. Policies in the Historic Environment Chapter will also apply to any proposals affecting heritage assets.
In terms of out area of interest we recommend that criteria k. is amended as it only refers to listed buildings. Whilst it is listed buildings that comprise the designated heritage assets within Middlehaven, the policy should also seek to protect non-designated heritage assets.	Statutory	Policy amended to refer to heritage assets.
Consideration should also be given in this policy to the Transporter Bridge a Grade II* listed building. The Transporter Bridge is one of the town's key defining heritage assets and whilst adjoining rather than within the Middlehaven	Statutory	Policy amended to include reference to the Transporter Bridge.

		<u>, </u>
allocation area, the policy area provides important setting to the asset and should continue to do so. Therefore we would suggest the asset is specifically mentioned and that development proposals are where necessary required to demonstrate they will safeguard its future.		
The policy could be more specific around the inclusion of affordable workspace, health, cultural and community facilities. Consideration should be given to include provisions for a new health facility.	General	Policy IN4 Community Facilities sub paragraph New facilities, states proposal for new community facilities will be supported provided there is a demonstrable local need. Consultations with the NHS have not identified a need for a new health facility in this area.
This should focus on the Council supporting businesses rather than providing a list of restrictions. The aims are laudable but it is too restrictive.	General	NPPF Paragraph 132 states plans should, at the most appropriate level, set out a clear design vision and expectations, so that applicants have as much certainty as possible about what is likely to be acceptable. The GBI Strategy identifies Middlehaven as a significant priority opportunity for Middlesbrough, which includes a framework of green and blue infrastructure that guides redevelopment of the area. Building upon the success of existing development and investment, the policy is not considered overly restrictive or prescriptive in its aims to transform the Middlehaven area as a mixed-use development.
As a part of the Green & Blue Infrastructure Strategy master plan for this area, the inclusion of orchards, and landscaping and hedgerows that includes plants and trees that produce fruit, nuts or seeds would support the bold blue/ green concept and	General	It is not considered appropriate to amend the policy as suggested.

enhance the high-quality public realm.		
Would also like to see the provision of markets and temporary sustainable food retail and provision for affordable healthy food choices included as a part of this development.		
The levels of dwellings at 500 seems a high number given the ambition to expand the digital sector. There is also due to be a significant expansion in educational use on the Middlehaven site which may constrain further development.	General	The MDC have prepared a masterplan and Draft design code for their area, to include Middlehaven, with the key developments identified in Policy ST3. The MDC have confirmed that Middlehaven has the capacity to deliver 600 dwellings, 500 of which can be expected to be delivered within the plan period.

Policy EC5 University Campus

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
There is no mention of provision for biodiversity enhancement. Include enhancement of biodiversity on and surrounding the University campus.	Statutory	Policy EC6 h has been amended to reference improving biodiversity. Achievement of Biodiversity Net Gain is set out in Policy GR1, with requirements regarding biodiversity also set out in other policies such as GR5, GR7, CR2, and CR3.
Parking solutions should include enhanced numbers for cycle parking and the campus' connectivity to the town should be achieved by investing in appropriate walking and cycling infrastructure to better support active travel.	General	A strong emphasis upon managing the available network more effectively, including measure to achieve modal shift and connectivity runs throughout the Local Plan. Specifically in connection with the University Campus Publication Local Plan Policy EC6 (c), in addition to Policies CR2, CR3, and IN3 which specify

The University campus must not be artificially cut off from the Town Centre by poor building design. It is vitally important that the University is part of the town centre with clear access routes and links to the railway station.		parking and connectivity requirements. Criteria d and e of the policy place emphasis upon the integration of the campus with the surrounding area, and improving connectivity to the Town Centre.
Consideration should be given to this immediate area in the months when the university is closed.	General	Criterion d places emphasis upon the need to integrate the campus with the surrounding area.

Policy EC6 Culture

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
At present there is a degree of	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to
uncertainty within this policy that		reflect this response. Any
cannot be supported without suitable caveats to protect the		Culture development proposals set out in this policy would need
historic environment. It is unclear		to be considered in the context
whether Historic England's aims		of the whole plan, including the
and objectives to conserve and		Historic Environment Chapter
enhance the historic environment		and other policies that help
would not be in conflict with the		sustain and enhance heritage
aims and objectives of		assets.
Middlesbrough's Cultural		
Partnership, particularly given		
that the objectives given may		
change over the lifetime of the		
plan.		
Would like to see increased	General	It is not considered appropriate
opportunities for the provision of		to reference markets and
markets, as well as scope for		sustainable food retail in this
temporary sustainable food retail (such as pop-up social		policy.
supermarkets e.g. Eco Shops)		
within cultural events and		
activities to support the social		
and economic character of the		
town and area and showcase and		
support the growth of the area's		
rich and diverse local food		
heritage.		

Museums and theatres -	General	Publication Local Plan Policy EC7,
improvements are mentioned for		subheading Museums and
Dormans Museum & Albert Park		Theatres (n) identifies
but no mention is made to		improvements to the visitor
Stewart Park. This should be		experience of Dorman Museum
included in the plan for		and make greater connections to
maintenance and improvements.		Albert Park.
		Stewart Park is protected under
		policies in the Natural
		Environment chapter, however
		the policy has been amended to
		include reference to the Captain
		Cook Birthplace Museum with
		Stewart Park

Policy EC7 Town, District and Local Centres

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
There is no requirement for a Local centre at Land north of Low Lane as this is currently allocated as green wedge and should remain as such. There is no requirement for a Local centre at Newham Hall Farm. Strong objection to the new proposed areas as development sites, particularly that to the north of Low Lane due to serious concerns regarding access, safety, and need.	Statutory or general consultee General	Response The Middlesbrough Town Centre and Retail Leisure Study (MLRS) (2020) states where new housing developments in the south are proposed, it will be important to consider the extent to which more basic, day to day needs of the new residents will be met by existing provision and whether there is any outstanding need for new, local-level, facilities. Policy HO4b (b) identifies the provision of an appropriately scaled local centre, with other community facilities at Lingfield Farm. Policy HO4o (f) proposals should establish a new local centre around the Sporting Lodge, including retail facilities to serve the new and existing residents of Stainton. Policy IN4 sub paragraph 'new community facilities' identifies criteria that will be required to support new facilities, to include, but not limited too, i. a

		accessible to the community it is intended to serve. In addition to meeting local shopping needs, local centres will be a critical aspect of placemaking in new communities.
This seems excessively arbitrary, restrictive and unnecessary. It is a carte blanche to refuse development and should be cut.	General	NPPF 'Ensuring the vitality of town centres' requires planning policies to define a network and hierarchy and the extent of town centres and primary shopping areas, and make clear the range of uses permitted in such locations, as part of a positive strategy for the future of each centre. The policy is considered in accordance with the NPPF, and is not considered overly restrictive or prescriptive in its aims to promote the long term vitality and viability of Middlesbrough's centres.

Policy EC8 Middlesbrough Town Centre

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Minor amendments are required to ensure criteria d. accurately reflects national policy for the historic environment.	Statutory	Policy has been amended.
It is considered that a reference to the need for low/zero carbon development would bring an extra benefit to the success and maintenance of the Middlesbrough Town Centre. Perhaps this should be a cross cutting theme or a separate criterion.	General	It is not considered appropriate to amend this policy. Publication Local Plan Policy NE11, supports renewable and low carbon energy developments; in addition, Policy CR1 Creating Quality Places, criterion e requires development to have regard to adapting to and minimising the likely impacts of climate change, by seeking to achieve zero carbon buildings and providing renewable and low carbon energy generation.
The aims of this policy are	General	The policy is considered in
laudable but should again focus		accordance with the NPPF,

on support rather than restriction. There shouldn't be too much fixed restrictions on different businesses operating in the different areas; it should be relatively free-flowing, and the Council should focus on supporting businesses and opening up the whole town centre.		Chapter 7, and is not considered overly restrictive or prescriptive in its aims to promote the long term vitality and viability of Middlesbrough's centres.
An increase in urban housing in the immediate area will provide a demand for town centre uses.	General	1500 dwellings are expected to be delivered on sites within the MDC area. Publication Local Plan Policy ST3 identifies sites at Middlehaven, Gresham, Wood Street, Church House and Union Village for housing development in the Town Centre.
Given the Council's recent adoption of the Healthy Weight Declaration (HWD), all applications will be viewed through the lens of promoting a food environment that provides a healthy range of options.	General	No policy amendments required.

Policy EC9 Civic, Commercial and Cultural Heart

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Section j provision of car parking to support the development, is in conflict with design aspirations of (CR3), and a drive towards modal shift	General	Amend criterion j to say 'be accessible by a range of sustainable transport modes including active travel'
(IN2).		
Suggest including a section on the provision of cycle parking and emphasise the established integrated active travel and public transport routes into the town centre in this policy?		
There remains a significant supply of poor stock and the local plan should reflect this and be flexible in terms of use and demolition. Recognise the ambition to bring more	General	Publication Local Plan Chapter 3 Creating quality places and, Policies ST3, EC4, EC5, HO3, HO4, HO7, HO8, HO9 aim to improve the amount of housing and quality of the built environment and

residential stock into the town centre but question whether	requiring high quality design, and living standards, which are a
the plan places enough	cutting theme throughout the
emphasis on the quality of the	plan.
stock.	
If further town centre	
residential is to be developed	
through building conversion or	
new build, it must be of high	
quality and a mix of sizes to	
encourage a diverse range of	
residents including families.	

Policy EC10 Retail Quarter

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Note that that data that the retail quarter seems to be based on is a Litchfields report from 2020 – given the significant changes in the industry and the town during the last 4-5 years, it would seem essential that this is revisited.	General	Paragraph 9.52 of the MRLS Stage Two Middlesbrough Town centres states 'The recommendations and projections within the study should assist the Council in reviewing development plan policies over the coming years and to assist development control decisions during this period. The study provides a broad overview of the potential need for further retail development up to 2037. Projections are, however, subject to uncertainty and forecasts may need to be amended to reflect emerging changes as and when new information becomes available, in particular longer- term projections should be treated with caution.'
Retail quarter size and context needs to be seriously reconsidered in light of fresh data.		Text within the Publication Local Plan and the supporting Policies Map identify a significantly reduced Town Centre boundary, to develop a more compact centre with appropriate uses focused on core areas.

This is not unreasonable but flexibility should be prioritised given changing consumer habits about town centre retail.	General	In accordance with NPPF Chapter 7 'Ensuring the vitality of Town Centres' the policy is not considered overly restrictive or prescriptive in its aims to transform the area as a mixed-use development.
Reduce shopping units, & build leisure & housing.	General	The need to renew and revitalise the Town Centre is recognised, with the strategy based upon attracting diverse commercial and leisure uses into central Middlesbrough. Text within the Publication Local Plan and the supporting Policies Map identify a significantly reduced Town Centre boundary, to develop a more compact centre with appropriate uses focused on core areas. Policy ST3 reflects the aim to provide 1500 new homes in the MDC area containing the town
Numerous comments that retail offer needs to be re-established and improved.	General	Retail will continue to play an important role in Middlesbrough's Town Centre, with the Retail Quarter and the Primary shopping Area (PSA)identified as core retail areas. Policies EC7 and EC10 specifically aim to retain and enhance a strong retail core by applying the sequential test to proposed retail uses outside of the PSA.

Policy EC11 Leisure Quarter

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
There should be more leisure	General	The need to renew and revitalise
centres like swimming, pools,		the Town Centre is recognised,
exercising equipment,		with the strategy based upon
socialising, restaurants, tennis		attracting diverse commercial

courts, and playing corners for little children		and leisure uses into central Middlesbrough.
Again, good aims but too strong a restriction on given areas will hold back development; flexibility should be encouraged.	General	The policy states other complementary uses will be considered appropriate where they meet the identified criteria.
		The policy is not considered overly restrictive or prescriptive in its aims to transform the area.

Policy EC12 Independent Quarter

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
The whole of the town centre should be facilitating small businesses. Flexibility should be key with the aim of developing the whole town centre.	General	The need to renew and revitalise the Town Centre is recognised, with the strategy based upon attracting diverse commercial and leisure uses into central Middlesbrough. Policies EC13 Independent Quarter, and EC15 Linthorpe Road Secondary Shopping area recognise the importance of niche shopping offers encouraged by small scale enterprise, and their contribution to the surrounding communities.

Policy EC13 Railway Station and Historic Quarter

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
The opening sentence does raise concern 'Redevelopment of the Railway Station to provide a high quality public transport hub that supports direct services to London, alongside regional and local services, will be supported.' Whilst we do not object to future improvements to the railway station harm to the historic	Statutory	Policy wording amended.

significance of the station should be avoided and where this is not possible there would need to be a clear and convincing justification, with any harm being exceptional and outweighed by public benefits.		
A rail link directly outside the Riverside Football Stadium would reduce the pedestrian issues to and from the ground. The current access is congested and not fit for purpose and poses a risk to safety.	General	There are currently no proposals to provide a rail link to the Riverside Stadium, therefore this is not addressed in the Publication Local Plan.

Policy EC14 Linthorpe Road South Secondary Shopping Area

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
This seems too restrictive. Businesses should be given the opportunity to access spaces here freely without too much restriction.	general	The policy states other complementary uses will be considered appropriate where they meet the identified criteria.
		The policy is not considered overly restrictive or prescriptive in its aims to transform the area
Multiple comments regards the cycle lane and its negative contribution to the area.	General	The cycle lane is not an issue that is addressed by this policy. The Council will consider this matter through its Integrated Transport Strategy.

Policy EC15 District and Local Centres

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Local centre shopping areas do not have enough diversity. There need to be incentive for local businesses to use these units providing substantive shopping options not just convenience or takeaway.	general	Criterion (a) of the policy encourages a diversity of uses to facilitate the current and future functions of Middlesbrough Local Centres. Policy EC17 Hot food takeaways, aims to support an appropriate balance of uses within a centre, and recognises the negative

	impact a high proportion of this
	particular use can have on a
	centre.

Policy EC16 Hot Food Takeaways

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or	Response
	general consultee	
The Council should strengthen this policy still further. The Council should adopt the same successful strategy as Gateshead. Specifically 1. Locations where children and young people congregate: Planning permission will not be granted for A5 (hot food takeaways [sui generis]) use within a 400m radius of entry points to secondary schools, youth centres, leisure centres and parks*. *Parks are categorised as playing areas, Area parks over 5 hectares in size and Neighbourhood Open Spaces over 2 hectares in size. 2. Locations where there are high levels of obesity: Planning permission will not be granted for A5 (hot food takeaways [sui generis]) use in wards where there is more than 10% of the year 6 pupils classified as obese. 3. Over proliferation: Planning permission will	General	The Policy has been amended to reflect the evidence available for Middlesbrough.
not be granted for A5 (hot food takeaways [sui generis]) use where the number of approved A5 establishments, within the ward, equals or exceeds the UK national average, per 1000 population.		
Further, A respondent proposed an additional appendix to the Local Plan with maps illustrating the exclusion zones around sensitive receptors identified in the first of the planning considerations; following an approach adopted in South Tyneside (Local Plan Supplementary Planning Document 22: Hot Food Takeaways & Health [November 2017]).	General	It is considered inappropriate to amend the policy as suggested.
Would also like to see childhood obesity rates used as material consideration to limit the over proliferation of hot food takeaways with a limit of 10% of children living with overweight or obesity per ward.	General	It is considered inappropriate to amend the policy as suggested.

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Would like to see the distance between hot food takeaway uses and existing and proposed school entry points increased, and all schools included in this, not just secondary schools. This request is based on research that found exposure to takeaway food outlets was positively associated with consumption of takeaway food (https://www.bmj.com/content/348/bmj.g1464). Would also like for the inclusion of 'anywhere where children are likely to congregate, including parks, leisure centres, nurseries' in the wording of point d.		
Multiple comments pertain generally to too many existing takeaways. More specifically comments ask how the local plan will deal with existing proliferation and/or lower the number of existing HFTs.	General	Publication Local Plan Policy EC17 Hot food takeaways, aims to support an appropriate balance of uses within a centre, and recognises the negative impact a high proportion of this particular use can have on a centre.
		Once established the use class of a building remains so in perpetuity (provided the conditions of the existing decision issued are met), until a different use is applied for. In which case the planning process cannot reduce the number of existing HFTs. Publication Local Plan Policy EC16 aims to manage the proposal for new applications for HFTs where thresholds are expected too, or have already been exceeded in a local centre.
This policy should be cut entirely. It is restrictive and unnecessary.	general	Policy EC17 Hot food takeaways, aims to support an appropriate balance of uses within a centre, and recognises the negative impact a high proportion of this particular use can have on a centre.

		The policy requirements are not considered to be overly restrictive or prescriptive, and would aid in the management of proposed HFT applications.
The following policy objections to draft Policy EC16: A. The 400m exclusion zone is inconsistent with national planning policy B. The policy is inconsistent, discriminatory and disproportionate. C. Examination of other plans have found similar policy approaches to be unsound. D. There needs to be further exploration into policies that are more positive, have a reputable evidence base and that comply with the Framework.	General	The policy requirements are not considered to be overly restrictive or prescriptive, and would aid in the management of proposed HFT applications.

Policy EC17 Retail Development on Industrial Estates and Business Parks

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
This policy should be cut entirely. It is restrictive and unnecessary.	General	Policy EC18 recognises the need for some small-scale retail and food operators to meet the needs of workers during their shifts and provides for flexibility for retail of this type outwith the Town Centre and Local Centres. It is important that the scale of such development does not overly impact on our centres. The policy is not considered overly restrictive or prescriptive in its aims to achieve this.

Chapter 5 – Housing Development

Policy HO1 – Housing Strategy

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
The policy does not incorporate	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to
any specific reference to the role	Statutory	take account of this response.
and relationship between		take account of this response.
•		
biodiversity and housing		
development. The inclusion of		
appropriate policy that will secure the protection and enhancement of		
1		
biodiversity and geodiversity was therefore recommended.		
	Chahadaaa	The District beauties street as a set
The housing strategy and projected	Statutory	The Plan's housing strategy and
housing numbers are based on the		requirements have been based
Council's financial requirements,		upon the housing needs
rather than meeting housing		identified through its evidence
needs.	C	base.
Out of date data, based on the	Statutory	The LHNA is considered by the
2020 LHNA, has been used. In		Council to be up to date.
addition, no reference to the		
progress achieved in meeting the		
housing needs identified in the		
adopted 2014 Housing Local Plan		
has been made.		
As of April 2023, the Council has at	Statutory	The allocations of Holme Farm
least seven years housing supply		(Policy HO4p) and Land North of
and is achieving a 257% Housing		Low Lane (Policy HO4o) are
Delivery Test measurement.		required to meet the housing
Therefore, more homes are being		required in identified in Policy
built per annum than the housing		HO2, no policy amendments are
need identified in the adopted		required.
Local Plan.		!
Following on from the above, one		
respondent therefore suggested		
that the Holme Farm (HO4p) and		
Land North of Low Lane (HO4o)		
sites should be removed. These		
sites are both within the Stainton		
and Thornton Neighbourhood Plan		
area and proposals for		
development should have regard to		
the requirement of the		
Neighbourhood Plan.		
The housing strategy is solely based	General	The Plan's housing strategy and
on the Council's financial		requirements have been based

requirements, as opposed to sustainable development to meet		upon the housing needs identified through its evidence
local housing needs. One		base.
respondent specifically identified		
the Newham Hall Farm and		
Nunthorpe Grange housing		
allocations as examples of this.		
Multiple respondents raised issues with infrastructure supporting new housing developments. It was stated that traffic infrastructure should be considered when planning new developments. In addition, until infrastructure issues are addressed, it was stated the south of Middlesbrough cannot sustain any more housebuilding. One response specifically commented that roads around Marton, Nunthorpe, Coulby Newham, and Acklam must be	General	The Publication Local Plan is supported by an Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP). The IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure.
improved before any further new builds are considered. Finally, with respect to point k., it was recommended there should be a commitment towards revenue support for bus services from section 106 agreements.		
Responses were received regarding the development of greenfield land and the prioritisation of previously developed land. Many respondents supported brownfield site development, particularly with respect to the Town Centre and	General	A new policy ST2 Spatial Strategy has been included in the Publication Local Plan to set out the Council's approach to selecting and prioritising sites for development.
Middlehaven areas. However, it was suggested that housing development should only be on brownfield sites. Moreover, it was said that brownfield sites should be developed before any greenfield sites. Similarly, it was suggested that the		The housing strategy policy seeks to maximise and prioritise the reuse of previously developed land, while minimising further development of new housing in greenfield suburban locations beyond those identified in Policy HO4 or in a neighbourhood plan. This approach is in line with the
regeneration/rebuilding of housing should be considered, not only building more homes.	Conoral	NPPF.
Point c. should specify a minimum percentage of housing development on previously	General	It is not considered appropriate to specify a percentage within the Policy.

developed land. This is required to measure whether the Plan is achieving this policy requirement, as well as point j		
The economic growth aspirations of 350 new jobs per annum, stated in paragraph 5.2, are totally unrealistic.	General	These aspirations are considered to be appropriate and have been based upon growth associated with the Town Investment Plan, the Tees Valley Strategic Economic Plan and the Middlesbrough Development Corporation Masterplan.
It was stated that the Council has prioritised its own development land for housing allocations compared to alternative sources of housing land supply (e.g. brownfield sites, land of lower environmental and amenity value.) and that evidence should be provided to demonstrate that an objective assessment of alternative housing locations has been undertaken.	General	A new policy ST2 Spatial Strategy has been included in the Publication Local Plan to set out the Council's approach to selecting and prioritising sites for development.
Points i. and j. are unnecessarily restrictive and will contribute to unaffordable housing through a lack of supply.	General	The NPPF requires plans to provide a framework for meeting housing needs. As such, it is important that the Local Plan will deliver a range of housing that meets the towns identified need. Point i., has been slightly reworded but is therefore considered appropriate and not unnecessarily restrictive. Likewise, minimising further development of new housing in greenfield suburban locations, beyond those identified in Policy HO4 or in a neighbourhood plan, is intended to steer housing development towards brownfield land, as well as greenfield sites that have been allocated and considered appropriate/suitable for housing development.
It was suggested that the wording of Policy HO1 be amended. As drafted it was stated that HO1 is not effective and is more of a statement of intent than a policy	General	The purpose of the Policy is to set out the Council approach to the delivery of housing.

	T	1
that sets out how housing		
development will be achieved. In		
addition, it was highlighted that		
many elements within HO1 are		
repeated within other policies in		
the Plan.		
The housing strategy requires	General	The housing strategy has been
appropriate evidence to		informed by a suite of evidence,
demonstrate that it is deliverable		including a LHNA, SHLAA, and
and developable over the plan		viability assessment.
period, meeting the varied housing		
need of the town and not leading		
to a shortage in housing delivery.		
Specifically, multiple responses		
highlighted the need for evidence		
to demonstrate that the delivery of		
housing on previously developed		
land/in and around the Town		
Centre, which is prioritised in the		
strategy, is deliverable and		
developable.		
To this point, concerns were raised		
with the robustness of the Local		
Plan Viability Assessment (2018). It		
was highlighted that this document		
was published six years ago and		
pre-dates recent market and		
legislative changes (e.g. build-cost		
inflation, new Building Regulation		
requirements, Biodiversity Net		
Gain, and Nutrient Neutrality).		
In alignment with the G&BI Action	General	These points are too specific to
Plan, a number of specific		be included within the Strategy.
requirements for new housing		G,
developments were suggested.		
These included the protection of		
existing allotments and community		
gardens for food growing and the		
encouragement of orchards,		
hedgerows, and other landscaping		
that includes plants and trees that		
produce fruit, nuts, or seeds.		
Further clarity was sought on a	General	Policy has been amended to take
number of matters:		account of this response.
Clarity was requested on		· ·
the meaning of		
'sustainable housing' in		
point h. and the Council's		
expectations with regard to		
it.		
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 Further detail was sought on what would constitute aspirational in terms of the 'balanced portfolio of housing'. Greater clarification regarding the interrelationship between the aspirations of this policy and those of the MDC was sought. 		
The Draft Local Plan states that approximately 341 dwellings will be delivered on windfall sites over the plan period, forming part of the identified housing supply. However, point j. of Policy HO1 seeks to minimise further development of new housing in greenfield suburban locations beyond those identified in Policy HO4 and neighbourhood plans. Concerns were therefore raised that criteria j. would restrict windfall development to brownfield sites and that the plan does not clearly identify where these 341 dwellings would be delivered or whether there is sufficient deliverable land. In objection to point j., one respondent stated that this approach is entirely inconsistent with the NPPF.	General	Point J. would not restrict windfall sites to brownfield land but rather to sites within the urban area (within the limit to development). Windfall development will be accommodated in accordance with the policies within the Local Plan. Any proposals for sites outside of the limit to development will be considered against the requirements of Policy CR5.
The policy sets out that all new housing development will be required to contribute to the creation of balanced and sustainable communities. However, due to the lack of allocated sites for care homes/extra care housing, for which there is an identifiable need, it is considered that the policy is not positively prepared and therefore fails to comply with paragraph 35 of the NPPF.	General	Policy HO3 addresses this issue and individual housing allocation policies allocate land for such use. No changes are required to this policy. The proposed housing supply is
The proposed housing supply is insufficient to meet the identified target and the economic aspirations of Middlesbrough. However, recognising the true development potential of sites like	General	The proposed housing supply is considered appropriate to meet the housing requirement and address economic growth aspirations. Changes have been made to the Publication Local

Gresham will assist in the		Plan to include further detail on
achievement of the Councils wider		Gresham.
economic aspirations. For these		Gresnam.
reasons, it was stated that the		
housing strategy is not considered		
positively prepared, justified or effective and is therefore unsound		
in the context of NPPF paragraph		
35.		
	General	A Viability Assessment has been
It was suggested that the identified	General	,
housing strategy is not positively		prepared to support the Publication Local Plan and will be
prepared, justified, or effective and is therefore unsound in the context		
		available as part of the evidence base.
of NPPF paragraph 35 as: • there is not clear evidence		base.
		The housing requirement is
to support some of the identified sites as		The housing requirement is
		considered appropriate and takes account of the Council's
deliverable;		economic growth aspirations. The
 the housing requirement of 400 net additional 		buffer is considered sufficient to
		ensure flexibility and to ensure a
dwellings per annum is 'a conservative and low		five year deliverable housing
		supply can be maintained over
estimate';		the plan period.
• the proposed buffer of		the plan period.
11.7% is not sufficient;		
the timescales identified in		
the delivery trajectory are		
likely optimistic;		
and when set against the		
housing requirement,		
rather than the minimum		
housing need of the		
standard method, the Plan		
is unable to demonstrate a		
five-year supply of housing		
land.	Canaral	No proposition of the Alice
To ensure housing land supply is	General	No amendments required to the
maintained, the policy could		Policy.
highlight that developments in		
accordance with Policy HO4 will be		
approved in a timely and efficient		
manner. It was recommended that sites for	Conoral	No specific peed for everything
	General	No specific need for executive
executive housing continue to be allocated to ensure future		housing has been identified
		therefore no changes to the
population growth and associated		policy is considered necessary.
economic and social growth.		Executive housing could come
		forward as part of the housing
		mix on individual housing
		allocation.

Policy HO2 – Housing Requirement

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
The housing strategy and projected housing numbers are based on the Council's financial requirements, rather than meeting housing needs.	Statutory	The Plan's housing strategy and requirements have been based upon the housing needs identified through its evidence base. The housing requirement has also been considered against the transitional arrangements set out in the NPPF (2024).
The 2020 LHNA makes no	Statutory	No policy amendments required.
reference to the progress achieved to meet the housing needs in the adopted 2014 Housing Local Plan.		
As of April 2023, the Council has at least seven years housing supply and is achieving a 257% Housing Delivery Test measurement. Therefore more homes are being built per annum than the housing need stated in the adopted Local Plan.	Statutory	No policy amendments required.
Parish Council's should be consulted at the pre planning stage on Planning applications submitted by developers requesting amendment/increase in dwelling numbers to already approved applications.	Statutory	This is not something that is possible to addressed through the Local Plan.
Many responses stated that the Local Housing Needs Assessment (LHNA) prepared in 2020, and used to inform Policy HO2, is: out of date; does not reference progress achieved to meet housing need against the 2014 Housing Local Plan; does not recognise new requirements set out in the latest NPPF; does not reference up to date current and future demographic trends, including census data;	General	The evidence base that supports the Local Plan is kept under review, the LHNA is considered to be up to date. The housing requirement has also been considered against the transitional arrangements set out in the NPPF (2024).

- uses arguments from an earlier version of the LHNA document, produced in 2016, to justify a level of housing requirement that is unnecessary to meet housing need;
- and is no longer regarded as a valid means of assessing housing need, in accordance with paragraph 61 of the NPPF.

It was stated that the housing requirement is unrealistically/unnecessarily high. In relation to this, various concerns were made. It was stated that the proposed requirement; is based upon significant economic growth that is unlikely to occur; has resulted in the unnecessary allocation of greenfield sites; is not justified as there are not enough people moving into Middlesbrough; and fails to respect previous policies associated with the protection of green space. Finally, it was suggested that, rather than prioritising sustainable development to meet local housing need, the Council has prioritised its financial requirements.

In particular, many responses suggested that the proposed requirement of 400 dwellings per annum is not justified as the Council has overachieved against the housing need identified in the adopted Housing Local Plan 2014. Having raised this point, some responses subsequently stated that Middlesbrough's housing requirement should be kept in line with the figure identified by the standard method. One response specifically stated that the minimum net additional dwellings

General

The proposed housing requirement has been established in accordance with the NPPF and associated PPG. To determine the minimum number of homes needed, the Draft Local Plan's strategic policies have been informed by a local housing needs assessment conducted using the standard method (the Middlesbrough LHNA 2021). The housing requirement takes in the Council's economic growth ambitions. No policy amendments required. It has also been considered against the transitional arrangements set out in the NPPF (2024).

between 2022 and 2041 should be		
4,301 and proposed a set of		
housing supply sources that would		
meet this figure and also provide a		
20% buffer.		
It was questioned how the LHNA	General	No Policy amendments required.
established a housing requirement		
of 400 net additional dwellings to		
support economic growth of		
approximately 350 addition jobs		
per annum.		
Even if all those taking the		
additional jobs needed new		
houses, that would only account		
for 350 homes, not 400.		
With reference to existing vacant	General	The housing requirement
properties, multiple responses		established in this policy takes
questioned the levels of house		account of the Council's economic
building being set in the housing		growth aspirations. No policy
requirement. Some responses		amendments required.
suggested that existing vacant		
properties should be redeveloped.		
It was also suggested that new		
phases of new build housing		
should not be undertaken until the		
previous phase is occupied.		
It is anticipated that Gresham will	General	Policy HO2 and ST3 have been
deliver the equivalent of		amended to take account of these
approximately 730 dwellings.		comments and reflect more up to
Policy HO2 should include		date information in relation to the
sufficient flexibility to ensure that		proposals for Gresham. In
the development potential of		addition, a new Policy EC5
Gresham is not compromised and		Gresham has been introduced.
part i. should therefore be		
updated to reflect this delivery.		
Naultinla nagananda da a sasa a satis	Canada	The proposed have the
Multiple respondents questioned	General	The proposed housing
whether the proposed housing		requirement is considered to be
requirement of 400 dwellings per		sufficiently ambitious to take
annum is sufficiently ambitious.		account of the Council's economic
Concerns were raised as to		growth ambitions including
whether this requirement is		proposed jobs growth of 350
sufficient to ensure a good, varied		dwellings per annum.
supply of housing that is affordable and accessible.		
Moreover, Middlesbrough's		
aspirations regarding economic and jobs growth, as well as		
previous levels of housing delivery,		
were suggested as reasons why		

the Council should consider		
increasing the housing		
requirement. One respondent		
specifically stated that a		
requirement in excess of 400		
dwellings per annum (dpa), and in		
the range of up to 500dpa, should		
be considered.		
Multiple responses suggested that	General	The over allocation/buffer that is
the proposed buffer of 11.7% is		identified in Local Plan is
insufficient and should be		considered sufficient to ensure
increased. This derived from		flexibility and to ensure a five year
concerns related to the Plan's		deliverable housing supply can be
housing delivery trajectory,		maintained over the plan period.
particularly the delivery of urban		
brownfield sites in the MDC area.		
It was stated that an additional		
buffer is required to account for		
fluctuation in delivery/the risk of		
some non-delivery of sites and		
would help in the maintenance of		
a clear and demonstratable		
housing land supply in the long-		
term. Additionally, to addressing		
the historic under delivery of		
affordable housing, it was		
suggested that increasing the		
housing buffer further would		
provide greater certainty over the		
delivery of sufficient affordable		
housing in a timely manner.		
One respondent specifically stated		
that a rolling five-year housing		
supply with an additional buffer of		
20% would provide a realistic		
prospect of achieving the planned		
supply. Another recommended		
that a minimum buffer of 20-25%		
against the overall plan period		
requirement of 7,600 dwellings.		
For the MDC area, it was stated	General	In the MDC area, more detail has
that the Plan is reliant on the		been in included in Policy ST3 and
delivery of a number of urban		in other policies within the Local
brownfield sites that have		Plan in relation to the sites where
delivered little development in the		housing delivery is expected to
previous twenty years, despite		take place. The windfall allowance
having been allocated and subject		with the MDC has been
to various masterplans. In		significantly reduced in the
addition, it was stated that		Publication Local Plan to 46
housing supply in the MDC area		dwellings.
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·

includes a windfall allowance that		
is not justified.		
Consequently, to ensure the plan		
is deliverable, it was		
recommended that this should sit		
outside of the		
deliverable/developable supply to		
form part of a wider justified		
windfall allowance. Moreover,		
with this in mind, it was strongly		
advised that 'at least a 20%		
flexibility buffer' be included in the		
Plan's whole housing requirement		
to safeguard against sites not		
coming forward as expected and		
•		
thereby ensure the requirement is		
met. It was also suggested that the		
Plan include triggers for a full		
review should it fail to deliver		
against the housing requirement		
for a specified period of time, an		
approach that would be in		
accordance with the NPPF.		
An appropriate level of flexibility	General	The over allocation/buffer that is
should be provided within the		identified in Local Plan is
housing supply to ensure the Plan		considered sufficient to ensure
is robust and resilient to change,		flexibility and to ensure a five year
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
including circumstances where allocations fail to come forward.		deliverable housing supply can be
allocations fall to come forward.		maintained over the plan period.
		No amendments to policy wording
It was suggested supply should		required.
allow for additional sites to come		
forward, and also provide		A viability assessment has been
flexibility on the types of sites		prepared to inform the Publication
coming forward. In addition, one		Local Plan.
respondent specifically stated that		
a lapse rate of 10% should be used		
•		
for sites with extant planning permission. With respect to the		
1 .		
supply from windfall sites, they		
also recommended that a lapse		
rate be used and 'small' sites		
removed.		
One respondent suggested that a		
fresh examination of each of the		
existing local plan allocations		
without planning permission is		
Theeded. Stating that tip-to-date		
needed, stating that up-to-date		
evidence is required as to whether each of these allocations should		

	T	
be brought forward and allocated		
in the new Local Plan.		
The housing delivery trajectory is	General	The housing trajectory has been
not sufficiently robust, with no		updated in the Publication Local
clear evidence to support some of		Plan and is considered to be
the identified sites as deliverable.		sufficient robust. A viability
		assessment has been prepared to
A number of housing sites were		inform the Publication Local Plan.
said to have delivery timescales		
that appear optimistic, with more		
realistic lead-in times, delivery		
rates, and capacity assumptions		
suggesting that fewer homes may		
be delivered within the plan		
period than indicated. In addition,		
concerns were raised that the		
MDC includes an 'exceptionally		
large windfall element' of 563		
homes on unidentified sites		
without evidence of how this has		!
been identified and would be		
delivered.		
When set against the housing	General	It is considered that a five year
requirement, rather than the		housing supply is able to be
minimum housing need of the		demonstrated and no changes to
standard method, the Plan is		the Local Plan are required.
unable to demonstrate a five-year		
supply of housing land. It was		
stated that the best way to		
address this, and ensure the plan		
can adapt to changing		
circumstances and meet the		
minimum housing requirement, is		
to introduce additional flexibility		
to the supply. In particular, it was		
recommended that additional land		
and sources of supply be identified		
in the Local Plan, with a minimum		
buffer of 20-25% against the		
overall plan period requirement of		
7,600 dwellings.		
It was suggested that the evidence		The evidence base to support the
base used to identify the housing		Local Plan is considered to be up-
requirement is updated, ensuring		to-date and robust.
full consideration is given to all of		
the elements that may suggest a		
higher housing figure is		
appropriate.		
- It let a lattered.		
Similarly, having noted that the		
LHNA 2021 derives some of the		
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evidence base from the 2016 and		
2018 SHMA, some responses		
recommended that an addendum		
update is provided to clarify that		
the evidence base is up to date		
and supported.		
Paragraph 5.12 of the Draft Local Plan states that the identified housing requirement would support 350 additional jobs per annum and, while this is lower than the aspiration to deliver 500 additional jobs per annum, this target is considered appropriate because the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is likely to result in lower initial jobs growth early in the plan period.	General	The Council considers the evidence base prepared to support the Local Plan to be up to date the supporting text has been amended to remove any confusion.
It was stated that the evidence base does not seem to clarify or provide justification for exactly how much the pandemic has impacted jobs growth and therefore appears to be an assumption.		
Questioning the decision to adopt the lower jobs growth aspiration for the housing requirement, it was recommended the assumptions on Middlesbrough's economic aspirations are reviewed, including the impact that they could have on the additional requirement for additional new homes above the standard method and originally estimated uplift.		
With regards to windfall housing, clarity should be provided on whether this only relates to windfall sites within development limits, or if sustainable sites adjacent to development limits would also be considered.	General	Windfall development will be accommodated in accordance with the policies within the Local Plan. Any proposals for sites outside of the limit to development will be considered against the requirements of Policy CR5.
Clarification was requested regarding the housing provision for the designated Neighbourhood Areas and how this relates to the		Appendix 7 of the Local Plan provides a breakdown of the housing sites within each Neighbourhood Area.

proposed allocations in Policy HO4.	
One respondent suggested that the total number of net additional dwellings for Neighbourhood Areas set out in the policy should include the post 2041 figures. They also stated that the LPA need to set out what discussions have been held with the local community in relation to the figures for the Coulby Newham.	
In relation to the housing requirements, the policy does not reference the consideration of matters such as new planning legislation, updated NPPF requirements, the impact of nutrient neutrality issues associated with the Teesmouth and Cleveland SPA, biodiversity net gain requirements, and viability studies of major housing sites.	The issues raised in response are dealt with elsewhere in the Local Plan, for example the approach to nutrient neutrality is set out in Policy NE8, Biodiversity Net Gain is addressed in new Policy NE7. In addition. a Viability assessment has been prepared to support the Local Plan.

Policy HO3 – Housing Mix and Type

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Criteria c. and e. are not appropriate or viable on town centre development sites. Sites within the MDC area should therefore be excluded from these requirements.	Statutory	Policy has been amended to take account of this comment.
The requirement regarding housing designed for older people and those with special housing needs should be separate from the Housing mix policy. The need to reflect the size, type and tenure of housing needs for different groups in the community, including older people, was strengthened in	General	It is considered that the Policy adequately addresses the housing needs of older people, no changes to the Policy are considered to be necessary.

paragraph 63 of the recently		
amended NPPF.		
Paragraph 5.25 identifies	General	No amendments to the Policy are
demand for 'spare' bedrooms	Genera.	considered necessary.
and the need for additional		constacted fielessary.
rooms, however this is not		
reflected in the housing mix set		
out in Table B. It was		
recommended that the		
supporting text should clarify		
the range of mixes that may be		
appropriate and set out that		
these will be determined on a		
case-by-case basis depending on		
identified local need.		
The LHNA does not reflect the	General	The LHNA is considered to be up-
population or household		to date and robust, no changes ae
projection based on national		required to the evidence base or
2014 statistics. Therefore, the		to the Local Plan.
projected minimum dwelling		
size requirements set out in		
Table B need to be re-assessed		
using ONS national population		
projections.		
In relation to point a., should the	General	The requirements in Table B will
size requirements set in Table B		not be applied on a site by site
be applied on a site-by-site basis		basis, no changes are need to the
in the determination of		Policy or the supporting text.
applications, this would be		
unduly constraining and not		
necessarily be appropriate to site specific characteristics or		
local context. For the avoidance		
of doubt, it was therefore		
recommended that the policy or		
its supporting text should be		
amended to clarify that the size		
requirements in Table B will not		
be strictly applied on a site-by-		
site basis.		
Similarly, other respondents		
stated that this part of the policy		
needs to be flexible. It was		
suggested that individual sites		
issues, market demands, and		
other changing circumstances be		
accounted for and that housing		
mix should be assessed and		
delivered on a site-by-site basis.		

It was therefore recommended		
that point a. be expanded to		
specify that housing mix can also		
be informed by 'other evidence',		
including market intelligence		
from housebuilders.		
	General	The requirement for 10%
With regards to the requirement	General	The requirement for 10%
to provide at least 10% of		dwellings as bungalows is
dwellings as bungalows (point		considered appropriate to
c.), multiple respondents were concerned that there is a lack of		address the housing needs of an
evidence for this need. It was		ageing population. A Viability
		Assessment has been prepared to
suggested that this requirement is not positively prepared,		support the Publication Local Plan which has considered the
justified, or effective and should		requirement for 10% bungalows.
be removed.		The Policy has been amended to
be removed.		make clear the 10% requirement
As proposed, there were		will not apply on 100% flatted or
concerns about the potential		conversion schemes.
impact this requirement would		conversion schemes.
have on site viability and		
deliverability.		
deliverability.		
Specifically, multiple responses		
suggested that there are a		
number of instances where the		
requirement could not physically		
be met, for example constrained		
or city centre/urban sites, and		
specific locations where		
bungalows may not be		
considered appropriate based		
upon the local housing need.		
They therefore recommended		
that the policy be re-worded to		
encourage bungalows where		
they are feasible and		
deliverable, and where there is		
an identified need and demand		
in line with the wording of part a. or the final paragraph of HO3.		
a. Of the illial paragraph of nO3.		
One respondent questioned the		
evidence to support the 10%		
bungalow requirement,		
suggesting that the 2% provision		
of M4(3) dwellings (point d.)		
would effectively deliver		
bungalows on new		
developments in a		

proportionate manner that is in line with the evidence.	
Another respondent stated that 10% of bungalows plus 2%	
M4(3) homes is a repetition of	
the same effect and that the	
requirement for 2% of M4(3)	
should be included within the	
10% bungalow provision.	
Conversely, multiple responses	
were received stating that, given	
the aging population, more	
bungalows should be provided.	
One respondent specifically	
suggested bungalow only sites	
should be considered.	
With reference to evidential	The Council considers that this
requirements set out in PPG	will meet identified housing
multiple respondents	needs and no changes are
questioned whether the	required to the Plan.
evidence used by the Council supports the proposed level of	
M4(2) and M4(3) housing	
provision.	
provision	
Should such a requirement be	
justified using appropriate	
evidence, it was recommended	
that an appropriate transition	
period is specified within the	
policy. In line with PPG, it was	
also suggested that any policy	
requirements regarding M4(2)	
and M4(3) housing provision are	
flexible, giving consideration for	
site specific factors. It was noted	
that this is not just in relation to	
the ability to provide step-free	
access. One respondent specifically suggested that the	
policy should be re-worded to	
allow sufficient flexibility for	
M4(3) dwellings to be delivered	
where they are most	
appropriate.	
11. 11. 11.	
Respondents also highlighted	
the proposal to mandate the	
current M4(2) requirement in	

Building Regulations as a		
minimum standard for all new		
homes, as stated in the		
Government's response to the		
'Raising accessibility standards		
for new homes' consultation.		
M4(3) would continue to apply		
as existing where local planning		
policy is in place and where a		
need has been identified and		
evidenced. However, it was		
suggested the Council should		
consider the most appropriate		
way to deliver homes that will		
meet its needs, as this may not		
always be in the form of M4(3)		
homes.	Control	The Council or with a that this
The Council does not have	General	The Council considers that this
robust evidence to support the		will meet identified housing
requirement for residential		needs and no changes are
developments of 200 dwellings		required to the Plan. In addition,
or more to make at least 1% of		The Publication Local Plan has
the dwellings available as self-		been informed by a new Local
build or custom build plots		Plan Viability Assessment (2024).
(point e.). Responses suggested that this requirement, which		
forms part of Policy HO3 and		
HO11, is not positively prepared		
or justified and therefore		
conflicts with paragraph 35 of		
the NPPF.		
Multiple respondents suggested		
that the policy requirement		
could impact the viability and		
deliverability of sites and that it		
should be removed.		
It was highlighted that PPG (ID:		
57-025-20210508) sets out		
methods that local authorities		
can use to increase the number		
of planning permissions which		
are suitable for self and custom		
build housing. While one		
respondent stated that a policy		
intervention was not required, a		
number of other responses		
suggested that alternative policy		
mechanisms could be used to		
ensure a reliable and sufficient		

provision of self and custom		
build opportunities, such as the		
allocation of small and medium		
scale sites specifically for self		
and custom build housing and		
permitting self and custom build		
outside but adjacent to		
settlement boundaries on		
sustainable sites especially if the		
proposal would round off the		
developed form.		
The Council should work	General	No policy amendments required.
collaboratively with providers in		
identifying appropriate sites for		
the allocation of homes suitable		
to meet the needs of older		
people and Disabled people.		
This would provide the Council		
more certainty that these needs		
are fully met.		
are runy met.		
In addition, the difference		
between homes suitable for		
older people and specialist		
housing for older people, and		
1		
the difference in need and		
demand for these types of		
demand for these types of	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified.	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The provision of dwelling types to meet the needs of older people,	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The provision of dwelling types to meet the needs of older people, such as bungalows and low rise	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The provision of dwelling types to meet the needs of older people, such as bungalows and low rise apartments, will be encouraged	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The provision of dwelling types to meet the needs of older people, such as bungalows and low rise apartments, will be encouraged as part of the housing mix on all	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The provision of dwelling types to meet the needs of older people, such as bungalows and low rise apartments, will be encouraged	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The provision of dwelling types to meet the needs of older people, such as bungalows and low rise apartments, will be encouraged as part of the housing mix on all suitable development sites.'	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The provision of dwelling types to meet the needs of older people, such as bungalows and low rise apartments, will be encouraged as part of the housing mix on all suitable development sites.' It was noted that the flexibility	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The provision of dwelling types to meet the needs of older people, such as bungalows and low rise apartments, will be encouraged as part of the housing mix on all suitable development sites.' It was noted that the flexibility of this statement is juxtaposed	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The provision of dwelling types to meet the needs of older people, such as bungalows and low rise apartments, will be encouraged as part of the housing mix on all suitable development sites.' It was noted that the flexibility of this statement is juxtaposed with the prescribed 10%	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The provision of dwelling types to meet the needs of older people, such as bungalows and low rise apartments, will be encouraged as part of the housing mix on all suitable development sites.' It was noted that the flexibility of this statement is juxtaposed with the prescribed 10% bungalow requirement in point	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The provision of dwelling types to meet the needs of older people, such as bungalows and low rise apartments, will be encouraged as part of the housing mix on all suitable development sites.' It was noted that the flexibility of this statement is juxtaposed with the prescribed 10% bungalow requirement in point c., and that no definition is given	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The provision of dwelling types to meet the needs of older people, such as bungalows and low rise apartments, will be encouraged as part of the housing mix on all suitable development sites.' It was noted that the flexibility of this statement is juxtaposed with the prescribed 10% bungalow requirement in point c., and that no definition is given regarding 'suitable development	General	No policy amendments required.
demand for these types of homes, should be identified. In the final paragraph of the policy it is stated that 'The provision of dwelling types to meet the needs of older people, such as bungalows and low rise apartments, will be encouraged as part of the housing mix on all suitable development sites.' It was noted that the flexibility of this statement is juxtaposed with the prescribed 10% bungalow requirement in point c., and that no definition is given regarding 'suitable development sites' and how this would be	General	No policy amendments required.
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No sites are allocated for health,	General	It is not considered appropriate to
care homes, retirement living,		allocate the land north of Acklam
extra care or assisted living		Hall in the Local Plan for such
development. It was suggested		uses, this land is identified as
that the Local Plan should		Green Wedge in the Publication
allocate land to the north of		Local Plan. No changes to the
Acklam Hall (ACK3) for such		Local Plan are proposed.
uses.		

Policy HO4 – Housing Allocations

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or General consultee	Response
Clarity was requested on the site selection process that has been undertaken in the allocation of housing sites. Specifically, information on how sites have been selected, including the criteria used to do so and the weight given to site sustainability was requested.	Statutory	Sites have been selected in accordance with the criteria in Publication Local Plan Policy ST2.
Site allocations HO4o (Land North of Low Lane) and HO4p (Holme Farm) should be removed from the plan. Both sites are within the Stainton and Thornton Neighbourhood Plan and proposals should have regard to the requirements of the Neighbourhood Plan. Moreover, both sites are outside the current limit of development. The land north of Low Lane is currently designated as green wedge and classed as undeliverable in the SHLAA and Five Year Housing Land Supply Assessment (dated 1st April 2023).	Statutory	Sites have been selected in accordance with the criteria in Publication Local Plan Policy ST2. The sites referenced are required to meet the housing required, no changes to the Policy are necessary.
Objections were raised against all the proposed allocations, with a particularly significant number comments submitted in objection to HO4a Stainsby and HO4b Newham Hall Farm.	General	Sites in the Local Plan have been selected in accordance with the criteria in Publication Local Plan Policy ST2. Policy ST2 and Policy HO1 Housing Strategy seeks to maximise and prioritise the re-use of previously developed land, while minimising further development of

The main issues raised in objection to specific site allocation are identified in the respective polices below and a response provided.		new housing in greenfield suburban locations beyond those identified in Policy HO4 or in a neighbourhood plan. This approach is in line with the NPPF.
Many of the comments received in objection to the allocation of specific housing sites were against the development of greenfield land and suggested that housing should prioritised on brownfield sites/in the Town Centre and Middlehaven area.		While the plan priorities the development of brownfield land, in order to achieve the planned levels of economic and housing growth it is acknowledged that development of greenfield land will be necessary.
An updated Local Plan Viability Assessment (LPVA) has not been provided for allocations HO4a, HO4b, and HO4d and each of these sites were regarded as unviable in the 2018 LPVA.	General	A Local Plan Viability Assessment has been prepared to support the Publication Local Plan.
The supporting text fails to demonstrate that any objective assessment of alternative sites identified through the SHLAA or assessed by the Sustainability Appraisal has been undertaken.	General	Sites have been selected in accordance with Policy ST2 and have been subject to the Sustainability Appraisal process. Supporting text to the Policy has been amended to clarify.
In relation of sites in the south of Middlesbrough, it was stated that no consideration has been given to the impact of the failure to deliver existing infrastructure requirements for the 2014	General	Sites have been selected in accordance with Policy ST2 and have been assessed through the SHLAA and sustainability appraisal process.
Housing Local Plan (i.e. Stainton Way Western Extension, East Middlesbrough link road, and Nunthorpe Park and Ride). Moreover, it was suggested that no consideration has been given to new planning legislation, updated NPPF requirements, nutrient neutrality issues associated with the Teesmouth and Cleveland SPA, biodiversity net gain requirements, and viability studies of major housing sites in the allocation of housing sites.		The issues raised in response are dealt with elsewhere in the Local Plan, for example the approach to nutrient neutrality is set out in Policy GR8, Biodiversity Net Gain is addressed in new Policy GR7. In addition, a Viability assessment has been prepared to support the Local Plan.
With respect to changing requirements, such as biodiversity net gain and nutrient		

neutrality, one response specifically stated that fresh examination is required as to whether Newham Hall Farm (HO4b) should be allocated in whole, in part, or at all.	Conoral	Citos have been salested in
The Council has failed to give sufficient weight to the assessment of brownfield sites to be prioritised for housing, before allocating green field sites, and has therefore failed to follow the NPPF.	General	Sites have been selected in accordance with Policy ST2 and have been assessed through the SHLAA and sustainability appraisal process.
The scale of greenfield housing allocations will decimate Middlesbrough's greenspace.	General	The Local Plan has been prepared in accordance with national policy and the Council has taken a balanced approach to site selection in accordance with Policy ST2, with the most valuable greenspaces protected.
The allocation of HO4o is not just justified in the context of reasonable alternatives (i.e. site reference STA10). In addition, responses highlighted that HO4a relates to land that is currently identifies as green wedge. In terms of HO4p, the issues was raised that this allocation relates to land that is outside the existing development limits.	General	Sites have been selected in accordance with Policy ST2. Allocated housing sites and alternative sites and have been assessed through the SHLAA and sustainability appraisal process.
Alternative options for housing development should be explored. The use of brownfield sites and smaller-scale developments that prioritise the preservation of green spaces would offer a more sustainable approach.	General	Sites in the Local Plan have been selected in accordance with the criteria in Publication Local Plan Policy ST2. Policy ST2 and Policy HO1 housing strategy seek to prioritise the re-use of previously developed land, while minimising further development of new housing in greenfield suburban locations beyond those identified in Policy HO4 or in a neighbourhood plan. This approach is in line with the NPPF. While the plan priorities the development of brownfield land, in order to achieve the planned levels of economic and housing growth it is acknowledged that some

The road network in Middlesbrough will not cope with the traffic generated from the development of the proposed allocations. Responses referenced roads across Middlesbrough, including the A19 and A174 and those around Coulby Newham, Hemlington, Stainton, and Stainsby.	General	development of greenfield land will be necessary. A transport study has been prepared to support the Local Plan and will be available in the evidence base. In addition, an Infrastructure Delivery Plan has been prepared to support the Local Plan. The IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure.
Multiple comments were received promoting the allocation of land for housing sites. Three areas of land were put forward and suggested as possible sites suitable for housing development at Middlesbrough Golf Club (MGC), adjacent to Brass Castle Lane. An area of land north of Acklam Hall (reference ACK3) was put forward as a site where there is an opportunity to build on the existing health facilities at Acklam Hall and deliver further health, care, assisted living and retirement/later living uses. In a statement promoting the allocation of this land, it was stated that the site is deliverable. Finally, land at Grange Farm (site reference STA10), which lies south of Stainton Way, was put forward as a site suitable for housing development. In a statement promoting the allocation of this land, issues were raised with respect to the plan's proposed housing allocations and supply. It was stated that the land at Grange Farm needs to be allocated to ensure the housing requirement is deliverable in both the short	General	Sites have been selected in accordance with Policy ST2. Allocated housing sites and alternative sites and have been assessed through the SHLAA and sustainability appraisal process. The sites referenced are not required to meet the housing requirement.

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term and over the whole plan		
period.		TI 1 101 11 100
In accordance with the NPPF, it	General	The Local Plan identifies over 10%
was stated that the plan should		of delivery on sites of hectare or less
provide a wide mix of sites,		than a hectare or on windfalls which
identifying at least 10% of the		are sites that are likely to be less
housing requirement on sites no		that a hectare.
larger than one hectare. If this is		
not achieved, strong reasons		
must be provided.		
Clarity is required regarding how	General	The SHLAA has formed the basis for
the Council has arrived at the		the yields in the Local Plan which is
indicative yields for each site.		based on Officers assessment of the
With respect to this, further		likely developable area of a site.
consideration must be given to		
the impact of biodiversity net		
gain to ensure that the plan is		
deliverable, with enough land		
allocated to meet the housing		
requirement and provide an		
appropriate buffer.		
The figures and the overall way in	General	The figure for Hemlington Grange
which housing supply is identified		has been revised in this Policy and in
and described is not clear.		Policy HO4f.
Between the Plan, its Appendices		
and the SHLAA, the sites are		
categorised, labelled and counted		
in a number of different ways.		
The full methodology and figures set out in the Plan are not clear		
and easily understandable and it is therefore not possible to fully		
confirm and assess the soundness		
of the plan as a whole. It was		
therefore suggested that a		
thorough review of the housing		
supply figures be undertaken as a		
matter of urgency.		
In particular, one response stated		
that figures for the Hemlington		
Grange sites have been miss-		
counted and that the indicative		
figure of 608 dwellings for		
allocation HO4f is significantly		
more than the site can		
accommodate.		
The policy was not considered	General	The Council considers the Policy to
sound. It was stated that HO4 is		be sound, the housing allocations
not positively prepared, effective,		are only one element that deliver
or consistent with the NPPF.		the housing requirement. The

		housing requir	rement will be
The plan's housing requirement is			ugh a combination of:
7,650, however Policy HO4		i.	housing allocations
suggests a supply of 5,058			-
dwellings. With regard to the			set out in Policy
provisions of the NPPF, the plan's			HO4;
housing requirement should be		ii.	regeneration sites in
viewed as a minimum and			the MDC area (see
			Policy EC4 and EC5);
sufficient development		iii.	completions since
opportunities should be provided		"".	•
to meet the housing			1 st April 2022;
requirement. Consequently, to		iv.	other sites with
ensure that the requirement is			planning
delivered, it was recommended			permission; and
that additional land be allocated		v.	small windfall sites.
for housing. The additional			Silian Willaran Sicco.
allocation of land should ensure		A Minhility Acc	accoment has been
that an appropriate buffer is			essment has been
provided within the housing land		•	upport the Publication
supply.		Local Plan.	
In addition, concerns over the			
deliverability of sites over the			
plan period were expressed. It			
was suggested that sites with			
outline planning permission			
should not be included in the five			
year land supply, unless there is			
clear evidence to demonstrate			
that houses will be delivered			
from those sites. Further			
recommendations included the			
removal of windfalls from the			
housing supply and the			
application of a 10% lapse rate.			
It was highlighted that the plan's	General	No policy ame	ndments required.
housing land supply should			·
include a short and long-term			
supply of sites to ensure			
continuous delivery of housing			
across the plan period.			
·			
Furthermore, it was stated that			
the plan should allow for the			
phased deliver of larger			
allocations and permitting parts			
of the wider housing allocations			
to come forward at different			
points over the plan period, as			
opposed to enforcing the whole			
allocation to be brought forward			
and satisfies to be broading for that a	1	l	

at one time. It was recommended that the wording of HO4 be amended to reference such flexibility.		
A respondent suggested that for a number of housing allocations they would welcome a commitment to include the provision of suitable space for onsite food growing (both allotments for individual and communal allotment/ growing sites) by residents. As a guide we would like to see the provision of approximately 0.9sqm per person. Would also like to see a commitment to planting of orchards and landscaping and hedgerows that includes plants and trees that produce fruit, nuts or seeds.	General	Policies have been updated to include reference to the GBI checklist. No further policy amendments required.

HO4a Stainsby

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultees	Response
Scheduled Monument Stainsby medieval village and open field system, List Entry Number: 1016352 lies adjacent to the site. A Heritage Impact Assessment is required as part of the evidence base.	Statutory	A HIA will form part of the evidence base for the Publication version of the Local Plan and the Policy has been amended to take account of the HIA.
 Strong objection to SWWE through the site for the following reasons: Increase in traffic related noise and air pollution Concern about the suitability of clay soil located around the meadow. The masterplan states that a further connection will be created through an enhanced roundabout entrance at Mandale Road – passing over Blue Bell Beck; which provides a haven for wildlife and biodiversity. Phased works will disturb habitat 	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. By establishing what infrastructure needs to be delivered to accommodate the planned levels of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure.

		The B. Idean Control Bloods
The spine road would negatively		The Publication Local Plan has
impact existing flora, fauna, becks,		also been informed by a
ponds, trees etc.		Transport Study, alongside
 Negative impact upon mental and 		the Council's Integrated
physical health		Transport Strategy. This
		evidence identifies the
		impacts that the proposed
		levels of housing and
		economic growth would have,
		taking into account proposed
		mitigation measures. The Council considers this
		approach to be acceptable in terms of impacts to the
		highway.
		iligilway.
		The Stainsby Country and
		Masterplan Design code,
		adopted by the Council June
		2022, and in addition to
		specific criteria identified in
		Policy HO4a, will be used to
		guide development
		proposals.
		A suite of detailed supporting
		assessments will be required
		to support a planning
		application.
		Where required mitigation
		measures will be provided.
Objection to housing in general for the	General	The Publication Local Plan has
following reasons; and in addition to the	General	been informed by the
above:		Infrastructure Delivery Plan.
Loss of greenfield site		By establishing what
Nature reserve that should be		infrastructure needs to be
conserved		delivered to accommodate
 New housing would be too close to 		the planned levels of
the A19, and would be subject to air		economic and housing
and noise pollution		growth, the IDP will help
 Additional housing will further 		ensure that new development
exacerbate existing traffic, air		is supported by appropriate
pollution and noise problems		infrastructure.
Will destroy the biodiversity of the		
historic green belt area of the		The Publication Local Plan has
beautiful Mandale meadow		also been informed by a
 Unnecessary loss of green space 		Transport Study, alongside
contributes to climate change.		the Council's Integrated
		Transport Strategy. This

 No local amenities to accommodate existing or new residents Lack of infrastructure i.e. GPs, schools, dentists etc. Existing flooding issues due to the beck The cost of maintenance for the country park is unsustainable, and will result in more council tax costs to Middlesbrough's residents Negative impact upon mental and physical health 		evidence identifies the impacts that the proposed levels of housing and economic growth would have, taking into account proposed mitigation measures. The Council considers this approach to be acceptable in terms of impacts to the highway. The Stainsby Country and Masterplan Design code, adopted by the Council June 2022, and in addition to specific criteria identified in Policy HO4a, will be used to guide development proposals. A suite of detailed supporting assessments will be required to support a planning application.
		Where required mitigation measures will be provided.
The development should incorporate social housing	General	Policy HO5 Affordable Housing, require residential developments of 10 or more homes, within the wards of Acklam, Coulby Newham, Hemlington, Kader, Ladgate, Marton East, Marton West, Nunthorpe, Stainton & Thornton, and Trimdon, a minimum of 15% of the homes will be required to be affordable.
The local plan shows that you finally intend to link the new north side residential housing footpath via the existing flat track to the north, point C & onto the east of our property at point D. 1) Is it your intention to request official use of the tarmac track from point A to D therefore altering the existing ABC prow to A to D to C. 2) or, Do you intend to fence off point D not allowing access to the same.	General	The matters raised are too detailed for the Local Plan, and will be addressed through future planning application(s).

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3) It is clearly of benefit to all concerned to adopt option 1) from which we have no objection to, for some of the following reasons: a) As already mentioned, the five styles & steep steps. b) Access for wheelchair, pushchair & mobility scooters. c) No danger from the horses in the paddocks. d) The ongoing council mtc & cost of existing prow ie strimming (£££). Multiple duplicate comments The Council has failed to follow the NPPF with regard to assessing housing allocations. Council has failed to give sufficient weight to the assessments of brownfield sites to be	General	In line with the NPPF, the Plan encourages the development of previously developed/brownfield land and give substantial weight to the value of using them for
The housing numbers required for future housing will be satisfied by building in the town centre, Middlehaven and on brownfield sites. Council tax income will not be sufficient to maintain the man-made country park and the costs would be a burden to Middlesbrough residents.		homes and other identified needs. Specifically, Policy CR2 of the Plan identifies that reuse of previously developed land will be encouraged. Publication Local Plan Policy ST3 identifies that the MDC area aims to deliver 1,500 new homes. It is anticipated that these would largely be on brownfield sites.
Development of 1300 houses as the development is not required due to Middlesbrough Council already exceeding their quota of new builds across Middlesbrough. The housing numbers required for future housing will be satisfied by building in the town centre, Middlehaven and on brownfield sites.		Middlesbrough would not be able to achieve its identified housing requirement on brownfield sites alone. The development of some greenfield sites would be required.
Council has not provided updated local viability assessments in respect of the Stainsby, (HO4a). Newham Hall (HO4b) and Nunthorpe (HO4d) housing allocations. Each of these sites are regarded as unviable based on the 2018 Local Plan Viability Assessment contained in the Council's evidence base.		The Publication Local Plan has been informed by a new Local Plan Viability Assessment (2024).
The published Masterplan foregrounds the centrality of community allotments/growing spaces, there is nothing in the policy to that affect. More broadly, we feel that the approach	General	Policy wording amended.

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to the food environment advocated by Bristol City Council (pp. 44 - 48) [https://www.bristol.gov.uk/residents/planning- and-building-regulations/planning-policy-and- guidance/local-plan/local-plan-review] would be a welcome addition to our Local Plan; in our view it aligns with many of the aspirations we outline in the Middlesbrough Green and Blue Infrastructure Strategy. In addition to allotments, throughout the site and within housing (rather than on the periphery), more fruit, nut and seed producing trees and shrubs should be within the landscaping scheme. Would like to see more aspects outlined above in Policy HO1 Housing		No change to policy, this level of detail is not appropriate.
Strategy included in this policy.		
It is considered the allocation, based upon the trajectory for development, would not deliver the full 1,300 homes in the plan period, based on the likely lead-in times, with some of the allocation likely to deliver beyond the Plan period. Each year of delay against the existing trajectory would remove c.90 homes from the plan period delivery.	General	The trajectory will be kept under review and updated prior to publication with the latest information available to the Council.
'De-allocating' the Stainsby Site would allow the Council to still be able to provide a total of 6,300 dwellings over the plan period through land allocations (excluding windfall sites) which would still deliver more than the 256 minimum net additional dwellings per annum (total 4,864) as set out by the standard methodology for calculating housing need – and allow support for the Council's pro-growth agenda via Policy EC1. Further, the agricultural land could be retained for food security, the road would not be needed and therefore disturbance to the local wildlife site and priority species would not be incurred.	General	Stainsby is a key strategic site that is already part of the adopted development plan. Policy HO2 sets out the housing requirements, identifying a minimum of 7980 net additional dwellings for the plan period. Middlesbrough would not be able to achieve its identified housing requirement on brownfield sites alone. The development of some greenfield sites would be required.
It is argued that the provision of such a large housing allocation on one of the only remaining large green field sites in the district will not help achieve the ambitious targets of the Councils climate emergency 2019, to be carbon neutral by 2029 as an organisation. Agricultural practises should be encouraged to	General	The site allocation, along with other policies in the plan, will help to ensure that sustainable development will be achieved.

tackle climate change to enable nature recovery, provide food needed to sustain the		
country and provide clean air. Whilst it is accepted the delivery of the road could unlock part of the site for development, the delivery of all 1,300 dwellings is questioned and the Plan needs to be realistic about the timing of delivery from this. The allocation of the Grange Farm site would assist in addressing the likelihood of reduced delivery from this site or its delay until later in the plan period and it can be delivered in the short term, which will assist the Council in identifying a rolling five year housing land supply.	General	No policy changes required. The site has been assessed and it is considered that 1300 dwellings can be provided on this site. The trajectory will be kept under review and updated prior to publication with the latest information available to the Council. Additional land may be identified if the Council considers that it would not be able to deliver the housing requirement.
It is against the Paris agreement and does not comply with climate change and the development will contribute to global warming.	General	It is considered that the Publication Local Plan has been prepared to accord with legislation and national planning policy. The policies in the plan will help to ensure that sustainable development will be achieved.
Much of the housing is proposed for an area which is part of natural water management network and which, under the current climate developments, is not something which should be ignored.	General	Criterion (t) and (u) of the policy identify the development should restrict built residential development to the part of the site within Flood Zone 1 only and maintain a buffer to ensure no development takes place within 8 metres of the watercourses within the site; and maximise the use of SuDS, water efficiency measures and landscape buffers as appropriate to protect Saffwood and Blue Bell Beck from urban run-off and sedimentation. In addition, Publication Local Plan Policy GR10 Flood Risk and Water Management, requires proposed development, in areas at risk

		of flooding, to meet specific criteria.
 The Stainsby Country Park and Masterplan Design Code (June 2022), is not intended to be prescriptive but provides a framework to guide development and sets out key design objectives and principles that all developments will be expected to embrace, and therefore should not be included as a specific reference in the draft Policy HO4a itself. Ask the Council to clarify how the figure of 1,300 dwellings for the draft allocation of HO4a has been arrived at, and whether it has been informed by the pending Miller Homes and Avant Homes application for 600 dwellings and central hub facilities. In addition, flexibility should be awarded to the yield. In the context of the pending planning application, it is not considered that the primary school is essential to be provided as part of that scheme. Within the Stainsby Country Park and Masterplan Design Code (June 2022), the school was envisaged to be delivered as part of the remaining allocation to the north and we agree that is the most optimal location. In relation to the delivery of the on site facilities a response states that: the primary school delivery cannot be expected to be delivered and open within the early stages of development proposals. It would need a significant level of occupation on the site and the demand to have been reached to deliver an operational school. Object to the suggested inclusion of bungalows as part of criteria f) of Policy HO4a. Object to the inclusion of Criteria H in Policy HO4a. Object to the inclusion of Criteria H in Policy HO4a. Object to the inclusion of Criteria H in Policy HO4a. Object to the inclusion of Criteria H in Policy HO4a given that there is a lack of evidence to substantiate this request and as such is therefore not aligned 	General	The Council considers the proposed wording to reflect both the adopted Stainsby Masterplan and the most up to date evidence for the site. It also reflects the Council's broader commitments to deliver high quality development, that meets a range of needs and aspirations, and enhances the local road network whilst providing active travel opportunities. Further work on viability has been undertaken to inform the Publication Local Plan. Some policy wording has been amended to aid clarity over points raised.
with paragraph 35b of the NPPF.		

- Concerns that criteria i is not in line with NPPF Paragraph 35b as it has not taken viability and deliverability into consideration
- Object to this inclusion of off-site secondary school provision, Criteria J, as it was not considered required as part of the adopted Local Plan allocation and there is insufficient evidence provided to justify the requirement in the emerging policy allocation.
- Object to the inclusion of Criteria M and the proposed designation of the Local Wildlife Site and Local Green Space as identified on the draft proposals maps, as we consider it is unevidenced and not justified. It further presents a conflict with the Council's key pieces of infrastructure, the SWWE. As such, we consider that criteria M is not positively prepared, not justified and not effective, conflicting with paragraph 35 of the NPPF.
- Concerns that there is a conflict between Policy GR4 and the wording of criteria O. As such, we would recommend that the Council considers whether the wording is consistent and whether Criteria O is required.
- Strongly object to the current wording of Criteria P and consider that the current adopted policy H21 Criteria e) wording was more appropriate and would recommend keeping the current adopted wording of Policy H21 Criteria e).
- Do not object to providing off site highways contributions necessary for the submitted development proposals, where they are justified and evidenced and meet the three tests of the Regulation 122 of the Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) Regulations 2010 that the contributions. Would only support this criteria of the policy where it is properly applied in accordance with the NPPF paragraph 115 and Regulation 122 of the CIL

	Regulations, and consistent with		
	National Policy.		
•	Object to criteria R as it would be		
	impossible to guarantee a "traffic free"		
	route and on that basis consider this		
	criteria to not be effective, in line with		
	NPPF paragraph 35(c). Whilst it is		
	agreed that the development at		
	Stainsby will aim to reduce reliance		
	upon driving as a mode of transport		
	and that the design of the strategic link		
	road through each phase can be such		
	that it reduces the potential for traffic,		
	there is inevitably going to be an		
	element of road traffic particularly at		
	peak times. As such, we consider		
	criteria R should be removed.		
•	Object to criteria T and request that it		
	is deleted, on the basis that it is not		
	consistent with National Policy and the		
	guidance set out in Section 14 of the		
	NPPF and the associated Planning		
	Practice Guidance (Paragraph: 004		
	Reference ID: 7-004-20220825; and		
	023 Reference ID: 7-023-20220825)		
	which only seeks to steer new		
	development to areas with the lowest		
	risk of flooding, enforced through the		
	sequential and exceptions tests		
	approaches, rather than a strict		
	requirement to build in flood zone 1		
	only. If the criteria is retained, it should		
	be re-worded to reflect National Policy.		

HO4b Newham Hall Farm

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Newham Hall, Retaining Wall and Steps, List Entry 1136584.	Statutory	A Heritage Impact Assessment forms part of the evidence base for
Gate piers And Walls at		the Publication Local Plan. Policy
Entrance to Newham Hall, List		HO4b has been amended to make
entry 1136620. Newham Hall Lodge, List entry 1139867. A		reference to this HIA.
Heritage Impact Assessment is		
required as part of the evidence		
base.		
In addition, there is a		Policy HI2 Designated Heritage
requirement in the 1990 Act		Assets (a) gives regard to Listed

that "special regard" should be		Ruildings to sustain and anhance
that "special regard" should be		Buildings, to sustain and enhance
had to the desirability of		their significance including any
preserving Listed Buildings or		contribution made by their setting.
their setting or any features of		
special architectural or historic		
interest which they possess.		
Although this requirement only		
relates to the determination of		
planning applications, failure to		
take account of this		
requirement at this stage may		
mean that, when a Planning		
Application is submitted, even		
though a site is allocated for		
development in - the Local Plan,		
the need to pay special regard		
to the desirability of preserving		
a Listed Building or its setting		
may mean that either, the site		
cannot actually be developed or		
the anticipated quantum of		
development is undeliverable.		
Multiple comments pertain to	General	The Publication Local Plan has been
the breaking point of existing	General	informed by the Infrastructure
infrastructure, e.g. GPs, dentists,		Delivery Plan. By establishing what
_		infrastructure needs to be
shops, car parks, and road		
infrastructure are already at full		delivered to accommodate the
capacity.		planned levels of economic and
		housing growth, the IDP will help
		ensure that new development is
		supported by appropriate
		infrastructure.
		The Publication Local Plan has also
		been informed by a Transport
		Study, alongside the Council's
		Integrated Transport Strategy. This
		evidence identifies the impacts
		that the proposed levels of housing
		and economic growth would have,
		taking into account proposed
		mitigation measures. The Council
		considers this approach to be
		acceptable in terms of impacts to
		the highway.
Multiple comments raise strong	General	The policy includes a requirement
concern to the loss of wildlife		to enhance the Local Wildlife Sites
habitat should the site be		that lie within the site boundary. All
developed.		development will also be required
·		to meet Biodiversity Net Gain, as
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	15 most site site, free daili, as

	T	
		set out under Publication Local
Ad http://doi.org/		Plan Policy NE7.
Multiple duplicate comments	General	In line with the NPPF, the Plan
The Council has failed to follow		encourages the development of
the NPPF with regard to		previously developed/brownfield
assessing housing allocations.		land and give substantial weight to
Council has failed to give		the value of using them for homes
sufficient weight to the		and other identified needs.
assessments of brownfield sites		Specifically, Policy CR2 of the Plan
to be prioritised for housing,		identifies that re-use of previously
before allocating green field		developed land will be encouraged.
sites(Policy HO4)		
		Publication Local Plan Policy ST2
Council has not provided		sets out the approach the Council
updated local viability		has taken in selecting sites.
assessments in respect of the		Publication Local Plan Policy ST3
Stainsby, (HO4a). Newham Hall		identifies that the MDC area aims
(HO4b) and Nunthorpe (HO4d)		to deliver 1,500 new homes. It is
housing allocations. Each of		anticipated that these would
these sites are regarded as		largely be on brownfield sites.
unviable based on the 2018		
Local Plan Viability Assessment		Middlesbrough would not be able
contained in the Council's		to achieve its identified housing
evidence base.		requirement on brownfield sites
		alone. The development of some
		greenfield sites would be required.
		,
		The Publication Local Plan has been
		informed by a new Local Plan
		Viability Assessment (2024).
A comment from a resident	General	The Publication Local Plan sets out
facing the site raises concerns to		policies that will ensure these
the access, with increased noise		matters are taken into
and pollution reducing the value		consideration, and that any
of their properties.		impacts from development are
Suggested mitigation measures		acceptable. Future planning
include a one-way route		applications will be subject to a
entering the site, re-routing		transport assessment that will fully
outgoing traffic from the new		consider the impact of traffic
development to turn left onto		through the site and on nearby
Mount Pleasant Way, leading		roads. It is not appropriate to
onto Coulby Farm Way, could		determine detailed mitigation (as
help distribute the traffic more		suggested) at the Local Plan stage.
1		suggested) at the Local Flan stage.
evenly and prevent Bonnygrove		
Way from bearing the entire		
burden of the additional traffic		
from approximately 1000		
houses. With an alternative		
solution to purchase properties		
or require the developer to		
purchase them.		

Multiple duplicate comments	General	In line with the NPPF, the Plan
Middlesbrough has over	General	encourages the development of
performed against its current		
_		previously developed/brownfield
housing local plan requirements		land and give substantial weight to
by 25%; it has 7 years housing		the value of using them for homes
land supply available; the		and other identified needs.
Middlesbrough Development		Specifically, Policy CR2 of the Plan
Corporation is planning for 1500		identifies that re-use of previously
dwellings over the period of the		developed land will be encouraged.
plan; Council can prioritise the		
expansion of the existing		Publication Local Plan Policy ST2
Hemlington Grange		sets out the approach the Council
development and brownfield		has taken in selecting sites.
sites for a buffer against its 253		Publication Local Plan Policy ST3
dwellings per annum.		identifies that the MDC area aims
		to deliver 1,500 new homes. It is
		anticipated that these would
		largely be on brownfield sites.
		largery be on brownield sites.
		Middlesbrough would not be able
		to achieve its identified housing
		requirement on brownfield sites
		alone. The development of some
		greenfield sites will be required.
Multiple duplicate comments	General	Work on a Habitats Regulation
	General	Assessment has been undertaken
The proposed housing allocation		
is likely to have a significant		forms part of the evidence base for
effect on the Teesmouth and		the Publication Local Plan.
Cleveland Coast SPA and		
RAMSAR site, which is a		Publication Local Pan Policy NE6
designated European habitat		sets out the approach to
site, meaning it is offered the		considering the impact on
highest level of protection		protected sites, including
under the legislation. The		designated European habitat sites.
council, in its role as the		
'Competent Authority', has a		
statutory duty to ensure that		
new development proposals		
accord with this legislation.		
Therefore, it must not allow		Other policies in the plan will
development proposals to		ensure there are no unacceptable
proceed if they are likely to have		pollution impacts from new
a significant effect on the SPA.		development.
		·
Other comments suggest the		
pollution created from this		
housing site will negatively		
impact upon the designation.		
Multiple duplicate comments	General	Newham Hall Farm is a key housing
The Coulby Newham land is		allocation that is being carried
assessed as "best and most		forward from the existing
	İ	ioi waiu iioiii tile existilig

versatile agricultural land, Grade 3A". As a housing allocation, this is contrary to the NPPF para 181.		development plan. The Council does not consider the selection of this site for housing is contrary to the NPPF.
In addition NPPF paragraph 201 requires local planning authorities to identify and assess the particular significance of any heritage asset that may be affected by a proposal, (including by development affecting the setting of a heritage asset). No consideration has been given by the Council to the Newham Hall non designated historic landscape.		A Heritage Impact Assessment forms part of the evidence base for the Publication Local Plan.
Multiple duplicate comments The housing allocation was shown to be unviable in the Councils evidence base in 2018 and continues to be unviable due the increase in inflation on construction costs; increase in interest rates and joint work undertaken by Homes England and the Council in 2022-33.	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by a new Local Plan Viability Assessment (2024). The site is currently in Council ownership and is considered to be developable.
Multiple duplicate comments Middlesbrough Council has failed to implement the necessary infrastructure required to support an increase in housing in South Middlesbrough as required by the 2014 Planning Inspector's report, i.e., Stainton Way Western Extension and the East Middlesbrough link road	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. By establishing what infrastructure needs to be delivered to accommodate the planned levels of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure.
Newham Hall Farm has been allocated for housing since the 2014 Housing Local Plan, and has not progressed substantively since allocation, with no comprehensive planning applications submitted and very few homes delivered in these areas, despite the 10-years plus that has now elapsed.	General	The Council is in the process of bringing the site forward, and a planning application has been submitted for the road. The trajectory has been updated and it is considered that the majority of development will come forward during the plan period.

It is anticipated that continued		
delays mean this could fail to		
1		
deliver to the trajectory		
envisaged.		
Other comments of the came		
Other comments of the same,		
the housing site has been		
allocated for over ten years, is		
the housing actually needed.	General	A Hawita as Image at Assessment
Concerns about the proximity of the site to the Grade II Listed	General	A Heritage Impact Assessment
		forms part of the evidence base for
Newham Hall, Newham Hall		the Publication Local Plan.
Lodge and Newham Hall Gate		
and its important parkland and		
setting which is noted as being		
of Regional Importance by		
Historic England. Further, it		
abuts the boundary of the		
Marton West Neighbourhood		
Plan so should be considered		
against relevant policies		
contained within that		
document.		
Concerned about the size of	General	The Council does not agree that
greenfield land allocated in this		the development of this site will
location and the impact this will		have unacceptable impacts on the
have on the surrounding		surrounding landscape and views.
landscape including important		Chapter 3 Creating quality Places
views towards Roseberry		and more specifically policies CR1,
Topping and the North York		CR2 and CR3; along with Chapter 8
Moors National Park.		Managing the Historic
		Environment, recognise the
		importance of protecting and
		enhancing important features and
		characteristics of historic heritage.
When the development has	General	Residents adjacent to the site will
been drafted, immediate		continue to be consulted
neighbours must be kept		throughout the stages of the Local
informed. When planning the		Plan. In addition, legislation
road layouts and delivery of the		requires us to allow a minimum of
site, consideration must be		21 days for any comments to be
given to existing and proposed		made on planning applications,
road infrastructure and impacts		before a decision can be made; and
of construction works.		in accordance with the Statement
		of Community Involvement,
		occupiers of land or properties
		which are adjacent to and/or have
		a common boundary with the
		application site will be notified and
		given the opportunity to comment.

Objections to the change in figures which has increased to 1100 (from 1000) since the HLP, and how this has been decided.	General	The allocation has been revised to 1000 dwellings.
Given new policy requirements, biodiversity net gain and nutrient neutrality for example, a fresh examination, based upon up to date to-date evidence is required as to whether to allocate the site in whole. The land to the south of Newham Hall should be deleted from the Policies Map. See comments to Policy GR6	General	Achievement of Biodiversity Net Gain is set out in Publication Local Plan Policy NE7, with requirements regarding biodiversity also set out in other policies such as NE1, NE5, CR2, and CR3. The approach to dealing with Nutrient Neutrality in set out in Policy NE8. The Local Plan will be subject Independent Examination before it can be adopted.
In policy H26 of the Housing Local Plan 2014, criterion i) required the provision of improvements to the B1365 to realign the bend in the road at the west of the site. There is a need for a similar criterion in the emerging Plan. The realignment of the road should be shown on the masterplan as it is in the Housing Local Plan 2014.	General	No changes required. The wording in the Policy reflects the most up to date position of the local highway authority.
The loss of open space will have a negative impact upon mental and physical health.	General	The site is not currently open space, but agricultural land. This Policy, along with Policies NE3, NE4 and IN6, recognises the importance of open space, aiming to protect and enhance existing, create new open space, and support development that promotes healthy lifestyles.

HO4c Grove Hill

No issues raised.

HO4d Nunthorpe Grange

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
The Council is building more	Statutory	In accordance with the Strategic
houses per annum than stated		Housing Land Availability
in the adopted Local, therefore		Assessment (SHLAA) 2023, site
Policy HO4d Nunthorpe Grange		yields are indicative, in this
should have no requirement to		instance informed by the
exceed the proposed 250		Nunthorpe Grange Design Code
dwellings in the draft Local Plan.		2018.
Concerns to the delay of the	Statutory	The design code for the site is in
masterplan where there is		the process of being updated.
urgent need for agreement on		
precisely where housing, roads,		
community facilities, and green		
spaces will be located, and on		
the nature of the various green		The policies map identifies the
spaces.		full extent of the allocation, which
		must be implemented in line with
The brown colouring in the draft		the relevant policy. The precise
Local Plan is alarming, because		location of open space will be
the impression is given that the		determined through future
green spaces have been		planning applications.
removed.	6	
The Vicarage, List Entry Number:	Statutory	A Heritage Impact Assessment
1329506 Church Of St. Mary, List		(HIA) will form part of the
Entry Number: 1139841 The		evidence base for the Publication version of the Local Plan. The
Lodge, List Entry Number: 1139812. Nunthorpe War		
Memorial, List Entry Number:		Policy has been updated to reference the HIA.
1448373 Gatepiers At Entrance		reference the ma.
To The Lodge And Poole		
Hospital, List Entry Number:		
1329528. Lychgate And		
Adjoining Stile, Fence And Gate,		
C45m South-West Of Church Of		
St Mary, List Entry Number:		
1329525		Policy HI2 Designated Heritage
		Assets (a) gives regard to Listed
Nunthorpe and Poole		Buildings, to sustain and enhance
Conservation Area		their significance including any
A Heritage Impact Assessment is		contribution made by their
required as part of the evidence		setting.
base.		
In addition, there is a		
requirement in the 1990 Act		
that "special regard" should be		
had to the desirability of		
preserving Listed Buildings or		
their setting or any features of		
special architectural or historic		
interest which they possess.		

Although this requirement only relates to the determination of planning applications, failure to take account of this requirement at this stage may mean that, when a Planning Application is submitted, even though a site is allocated for development in the Local Plan, the need to pay special regard to the desirability of preserving a Listed Building or its setting may mean that either, the site cannot actually be developed or the anticipated quantum of development is undeliverable.		
Flood risk for the lifetime of the development should be considered when planning the associated layout.	General	Publication Local Plan Policy NE10 identifies the requirement for flood risk to be taken into account at all stages of planned development in areas at current or future risk.
Council has not provided updated local viability assessments in respect of the Stainsby, (HO4a). Newham Hall (HO4b) and Nunthorpe (HO4d) housing allocations. Each of these sites are regarded as unviable based on the 2018 Local Plan Viability Assessment contained in the Council's evidence base.	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by a new Local Plan Viability Assessment (2024).
It is not clear how the Council have arrived at the indicative yields for each site. Ensuring that the indicative yields are. This is now more of an issue than ever since biodiversity net gain became mandatory in February 2024, with a preference for on-site net gain in the first instance. This will significantly reduce the net to gross ratio between developable and non-developable land and therefore the overall site yields. The Council must give this further consideration as the	General	In accordance with the Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (SHLAA) 2023, site yields are indicative, in this instance informed by the Nunthorpe Grange Design Code 2018.

conclusions may be that further sites are needed to ensure than the plan is deliverable. It is unclear why the Council in the current Draft Local Plan have reverted back to a suggested yield of 250 dwellings. It is considered that approximately 350 dwellings is a much more reasonable suggested yield from the site which will ensure that more effective and efficient use of the site will be made in accordance with the requirements of NPPF. It is also justified by the detailed work undertaken and adopted by the Council themselves.		
Criteria v of draft policy HO4d seeks to impose the same restriction on access from Guisborough Road. Strong objection to this restriction, as there are no technical or planning reasons why access cannot be provided from Guisborough Road to serve at least the Taylor Wimpey part of the wider Nunthorpe Grange allocation; therefore, it is not justified.	General	No policy amendments required. The requirement is not simply about technical capability of providing access, but a broader policy aim to achieve placemaking and retain character along Guisborough Road.
The wetland around the source of Ormesby Beck needs to be protected from any development and kept as an area for biodiversity.	General	Where relevant, housing site allocation policies include requirements for development to retain existing natural features where appropriate, including through their use as SuDs. This includes features such as mature trees and hedging. Similarly, where appropriate, these policies will also require that that open space is provided. Biodiversity net gain will also require development to deliver a minimum biodiversity uplift of 10%, with priority given to providing this on-site.

		Achievement of Biodiversity Net Gain is set out in Policy NE7, with requirements regarding biodiversity also set out in other policies such as NE1, NE5, CR2, and CR3.
Gentle density town houses and low-rise apartments should be prioritised over low-density family homes, which are currently abundant in the area.	General	Policies HO3, HO5, HO11 and specifically allocation policy HO4d set out requirements for a mix and type of housing that will be expected to be made available within the allocation. The precise design will be considered through the masterplan and future planning applications.
Footpaths and cycle ways connecting to Nunthorpe Railway station should be designed to encourage public transport use over car use.	General	A strong emphasis upon managing the available network more effectively, including measure to achieve modal shift and connectivity runs throughout the Local plan and is specifically identified in the policy. Chapter 7 more specifically identifies the need for a sustainable transport network.

HO4e Former St Davids School

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
A point in this policy criteria should make reference to this historic landfill site, namely Middlesbrough Crematorium which is within 250m of the development and is potentially producing landfill gas, to ensure that it is given adequate consideration as part of any planning application.	Statutory	Policy wording amended.
Acklam Hall Conservation Area A Heritage Impact Assessment is required as part of the evidence base.	Statutory	As the development has planning permission it is considered that a Heritage Impact Assessment is not required.

HO4f Hemlington Grange

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Strong objection to housing in general for the following reasons: • Lack of amenities and infrastructure e.g. schooling, doctors, local community space • Historic flooding in the area will get worse • Poor public transport services • Increased traffic • Noise and air pollution • Decrease in existing property values • Safety	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. By establishing what infrastructure needs to be delivered to accommodate the planned levels of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure. The Publication Local Plan has also been informed by a Transport Study, alongside the Council's Integrated Transport Strategy. This evidence identifies the impacts that the proposed levels of housing and economic growth would have, taking into account proposed mitigation measures. The Council considers this approach to be acceptable in terms of impacts to the highway. A suite of detailed supporting assessments will be required to support a planning application to identify if mitigation
The 2024 policies map indicates a	General	measures will be required. The site is being brought
tree line which will be retained at the boundary line of HO4f where Wolseley Way road ends. Please can you confirm how much of this will be retained? The images do		forward in accordance with the outline planning permission granted in 2016, which incudes a masterplan for the site.
not show that there is enough green space given the amount that will be taken down across HO4F		The Publication Local Plan includes policies that balance the need for development

		,
plot and the amount of wildlife		against the need to protect
requiring safe space.		certain green spaces, including
In addition, concerns raised about		land important for wildlife. This
the loss of trees, greenspace and		includes achieving Biodiversity
wildlife, which directly contradicts		Net Gain in accordance with
the Local Plan's goals of improving		Policy NE7.
biodiversity and protecting the		
environment.		
Will security be considered as part	General	Any decision made upon a
of the construction works. There		planning application will require
has been a range of building		conditions which should take
material (bricks, wood etc.) left		into consideration the
unattended across the current site,		development whilst under
which has resulted in damages.		construction.
Road infrastructure proposals do	General	The 'Transport Infrastructure'
not appear to be sufficient in		part of the policy identifies
serving the existing and proposed		required improvements to road
development.		infrastructure to support
		development on this site.
Particular concerns with the		
increased traffic proposed on		The Publication Local Plan has
Hemlington Grange Way.		also been informed by a
		Transport Study, alongside the
		Council's Integrated Transport
		Strategy. This evidence identifies
		the impacts that the proposed
		levels of housing and economic
		growth would have, taking into
		account proposed mitigation
		measures. The Council considers
		this approach to be acceptable
		in terms of impacts to the
		highway.
Affordable housing should be built	General	Publication Local Plan Policy ST3
in central Middlesbrough and		identifies that the MDC area
Middlehaven first. These areas		aims to deliver 1,500 new
have all of the infrastructure		homes. It is anticipated that
needed in place already, they have		these would largely be on
good access to public transport		brownfield sites. The
and many more amenities to		development of other
access.		brownfield sites is supported by
		the plan where sites are
		available.
		Middlesbrough would not be
		able to achieve its identified
		housing requirement on
		brownfield sites alone. The
		development of some greenfield
		sites is necessary.

It is not clear what the actual remaining capacity of HO4f is, but it appears to be significantly fewer than the 608 dwellings included. The draft Plan states (para 5.45) "Taking account of planning permissions granted on Hemlington Grange to date it appears that fewer than 1,230 will be delivered on the main site." This appears to indicate the 608 dwellings is an overestimate, with that being potentially double counted/conflated with the other Hemlington parcels within the trajectory.	General	Policy has been updated with revised yield.
Cycle routes should be integrated throughout the development. All apartment buildings should have cycle lockers available for all residents. Links with existing community facilities at Hemlington and Coulby Newham should be encouraged. The site is too far from transport hubs and employment sites.	General	Bullet g states a requirement to "provide a network of footpaths, cycleways and bridleways that link into the wider network" Chapter 7. Physical, Social and Environmental Infrastructure places a strong emphasis upon actively managing the available network more effectively. Policy IN2 Integrated Transport Strategy, specifically identifies the need for a sustainable transport network, linking employment within Middlesbrough to provide access for all.
Objection in relation to Wolseley way and Austin drive being used as a main access point to new phases within the development. Roads are not suitable for main road traffic, are too narrow, negative impact upon privacy and safety of existing residents.	General	The site is being brought forward in accordance with the original outline permission that set out the key considerations for roads through the site.

HO4g Hemlington North

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
Object to the inclusion of low-	Statutory	No policy amendments required.
rise apartments being included in		The purpose of this Local Plan is
the proposal. That and the fact		to review existing policy and

that the proposal could include the possibility of a "landmark" apartment building at the corner of Stainton Way and Stokesley Road which should not exceed four and a half storeys. This goes against Policy H23f Hemlington Grange in the adopted 2014 Local Plan, which clearly states that apartments will not be permitted within the development. Also, it goes against the Stainton and Thornton adopted Neighbourhood Plan, Policy ST8: Design Principles for New Residential Developments Part 1 section 2. Reflect the character of the villages or rural areas, respecting the scale, density, proportion, form and material and section 5. Be of two storeys or less.		update where it considered appropriate. The Council is of the view that in certain circumstances low rise apartments and a landmark building may provide an appropriate design solution to the site.
The site is not big enough to accommodate 35 dwellings. There is insufficient land to accommodate meaningful green space and a SuDs, along with car parking. The site should be left as open space.	General	No policy amendments required. The site has been assessed as having a potential yield of approximately 35 dwellings. The precise number will be determined through the planning application process.
A landmark building of up to 4.5 storeys will be an eyesore and not blend in with the local environment / character of the area. As part of an affordable housing development, will be totally out of place with the surrounding area. It is unlikely to be of the highest quality design and architectural standards, due to the purpose to which it will be put to, i.e., Affordable housing.	General	No policy amendments required. The Council will consider 4.5 storeys where they offer an appropriate design solution to the site.
The masterplan approved for Hemlington Grange was based on the current HLP policies for Hemlington Grange, including the requirement that apartments will not be permitted in the development. As such, the Hemlington North policy should	General	No policy amendments required. The purpose of this Local Plan is to review existing policy and update where it considered appropriate.

be in line with the existing HLP	
approved policies H23.	

HO4h Hemlington Grange South

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Objection to the use as Wolseley Way as main road, it is too narrow for existing traffic, and this will only worsen as the traffic increases as proposed. It has not been designed correctly to accommodate the proposed housing. Residents have not been correctly informed when purchasing properties, they must be kept informed throughout the process.	general	The site is being brought forward in accordance with the outline permission that set out the key considerations for roads through the site. Residents adjacent to the site will continue to be consulted throughout the stages of the Local Plan. In addition, once a planning application has been submitted, legislation requires us to allow a minimum of 21 days for any comments to be made on planning applications, before a decision can be made; and in accordance with the Statement of Community Involvement occupiers of land or properties which are adjacent to and/or have a common boundary with the application site will be notified and given the opportunity to comment.
Too much urban sprawl	General	No policy amendments required. The Local Plan seeks to control the release of land to prevent urban sprawl.

HO4i Hemlington Grange West

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	

Objection in relation to Wolseley way	General	This site is separate to the main
and Austin drive being used as a main		site, and will not impact on the
access point to new phases within		roads identified.
the development. Roads are not		
suitable for main road traffic, are too		
narrow, negative impact upon privacy		
and safety of existing residents.		
Would welcome the inclusion of an	General	Policy wording amended to
orchard and plants and trees that	General	include reference to GBI
produce fruit, nuts or seeds within		checklist.
landscaping, hedgerows and a green		CHECKIIST.
corridor (j. & k). This would support		No other policy amendments
aspects from the Green & Blue		required.
Infrastructure Strategy, such as		required.
Emerging Opportunities BD3 and		
0 0 11		
BD4, support for pollinators and		
Theme 2: Biodiversity and		
Geodiversity.		
Mandalan III atau ayaa ayaa iya		
Would also like to see opportunities		
for the provision of markets, as well		
as scope for diverse and temporary		
sustainable food retail (such as pop-		
up social supermarkets e.g. Eco		
Shops) as a part of the Local Centre		
(e.) to support the social and		
economic character of the area and		
providing a diverse range of retail		
opportunities for residents, which		
includes access to local, sustainable		
and affordable food.		
As a land owner in proximity to the	General	A suite of detailed supporting
proposed site the following		assessments will be required to
objections are made:		support a planning application.
 Devaluation of property 		Where required mitigation
 Overlooking/loss of privacy 		measures will be provided.
 Loss of light or 		
overshadowing		Residents adjacent to the site
Highway safety		will continue to be consulted
Traffic		throughout the stages of the
Noise		Local Plan. In addition, once a
Effect on conservation area		planning application has been
Impact upon wildlife		submitted, legislation requires
As mitigation, if the development		us to allow a minimum of 21
where to go ahead the Council should		days for any comments to be
make an offer to buy the nearby		made on planning applications,
property at Stainton View.		before a decision can be made.
property at Stantion view.		All material considerations will
		be considered as part of the
		decision process in accordance

		with the NPPF Chapter 4 'Decision making.' Property values are not a material consideration in Planning.
As per comments of HO3, suggest that the inclusion of "bungalows" be removed from HO4i Criteria A.	General	No policy amendments required.
As per the Original Hemlington Grange Masterplan, the site should be allocated for employment. There is high unemployment in the area, and Hemlington is too far away from current employment in the town centre.	General	The Middlesbrough Employment Land Review (ELR) (2021) concluded that there was no need for employment land in this area and that it should be de-allocated.

HO4j Ford Close Riding Centre

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
The site is too far from employment areas, transport hubs and the town centre, and would be better suited as a local green space.	General	The site is an existing allocation and has been granted planning approval. It is therefore considered an appropriate housing site for the Publication Local Plan.

HO4k Hemlington Lane

Statutory or general consultee	Response
General	Policy includes a require to "provide compensatory tree
	planting both on and off-site to mitigate for the loss of existing
	trees on the site".
	Achievement of Biodiversity Net Gain is set out in Policy
	GR7, with requirements regarding biodiversity also set
	consultee

		out in other policies such as GR1, GR5, CR2, and CR3.
Traffic volumes along Ladgate Lane are already problematic at times and would be further exacerbated by a housing development on this site.	General	A strong emphasis upon managing the available network more effectively, including measure to achieve modal shift and connectivity runs throughout the Local plan. The Publication Local Plan has
		been informed by a Transport Study, alongside the Council's Integrated Transport Strategy. This evidence identifies the impacts that the proposed levels of housing and economic growth would have, taking into account proposed mitigation measures. The Council considers this approach to be acceptable in terms of impacts to the highway.
The current pollution levels for houses on that stretch already exceed two WHO limits for PM2.5 and NO2 (https://addresspollution.org). Building houses here will expose residents to unacceptable levels of pollution that will contribute to health problems.	General	Other policies in the plan deal with pollution. Future planning applications will be subject to consultation with the Council's Environmental Health Team who will advise planning on the suitability of development, and any mitigation required (as appropriate).

HO4l Land East of Driving Range

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
An adjacent resident objects to	General	A suite of detailed supporting
develop the site as housing as		assessments, plans and drawings
there is no planning layout and the		will be required to support a
following is unclear:		planning application. Any legal
 potential loss of wildlife 		

 Loss of trees and habitat, and natural screening from the main road etc. A covenant on the land to remain as a golf course Potential loss of 		restrictions will be dealt with outside the planning process. Residents adjacent to the site will continue to be consulted throughout the stages of the Local Plan. In addition, once a planning
privacy/overlooking Increase in traffic		application has been submitted, legislation requires us to allow a minimum of 21 days for any comments to be made on planning applications, before a decision can be made. All material considerations will be considered as part of the decision process in accordance with the NPPF Chapter 4 'Decision making.'
If the development where to go ahead there should be bungalows proposed as part of the development.	General	Criterion a of the Policy, along with Policy HO3 require a mix of dwelling type and sizes, including bungalows.
The site is not likely to be able to appropriately accommodate that scale of development and it should be around 50 dwellings. Once taking the factors of the criteria into account, the net developable area is considered to be much less than the 2.2ha assumed in the SHLAA Addendum with a consequent reduction from the assumed capacity of 77 homes	General	The Council has assessed this site as having a potential yield of approximately 75 units and this is proposed for the Publication Local Plan. The precise number will be considered through the planning application stage.
General objections include loss of green space, disturbance of wildlife, too far from transport hubs and employment sites; and result in additional traffic on the road network.	General	A suite of detailed supporting assessments, plans and drawings will be required to support a planning application. Once a planning application has been submitted, all material considerations will be considered as part of the decision process in accordance with the NPPF Chapter 4 'Decision making.'
Middlesbrough has over performed against its current housing local plan requirements by 25%; it has 7 years housing land supply available; the Middlesbrough Development Corporation is planning for 1500 dwellings over	General	In line with the NPPF, the Plan encourages the development of previously developed/brownfield land and give substantial weight to the value of using them for homes and other identified needs. Specifically, Policy CR2 of the Plan

the period of the plan; Council can prioritise the expansion of the existing Hemlington Grange development and brownfield sites for a buffer against its 253 dwellings per annum.	identifies that re-use of previously developed land will be encouraged. Publication Local Plan Policy ST3 identifies that the MDC area aims to deliver 1,500 new homes. It is anticipated that these would largely be on brownfield sites.
	Middlesbrough would not be able to achieve its identified housing requirement on brownfield sites alone. The development of some greenfield sites would be required.

HO4m Coulby Farm Way

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
The site is used as green open space and is not worth the loss	General	The inclusion of this site follows a decision by the Council that it
for the development of 17 dwellings.		is not required for open space. It has been assessed as being
		suitable for a small scale housing development.

HO4n Land west of Cavendish Road

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Adding additional routes to this immediate area will increase already irresponsible motorbike users.	General	No policy amendments required.
If the development is to be social housing this is likely to contribute to the anti-social behaviour that already exists in the area.	General	No policy amendments required. A mix of housing types is required, and there is no specific policy requirement for affordable (social) housing.
The loss of green space would be detrimental to the residents of the area, and against your own policies in the plan.	General	The inclusion of this site follows a decision by the Council that it is not required for open space. It has been assessed as being

Further comments that for the	suitable for a small scale housing
gain of 16 houses, does not	development.
outweigh the harm for the loss	
of green space.	

HO4o Land North of Low Lane

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
When designing the layout of	Statutory	Publication Local Plan Policy GR7
any development, flood risk for		identifies the need for flood risk to
the lifetime of the development		be taken into account all stages of
should be considered to protect		the planning process to avoid
residents from current and		development in areas at current or
future flood risk.		future risk.
It would be particularly	Statutory	No policy amendments required.
appropriate to incorporate		Water efficiency is addressed
water efficiency measures into		through Publication Local Plan
policies for strategic new		Policies CR2 and GR10.
housing allocations where		
design principles will underpin		
the masterplanning process, as		
well as in the creation of new		
development and places		
supported by policies CR1, CR2		
and CR3.		
Sites at Policy HO4p Holme Farm	Statutory	An assessment of potential
and Policy HO4o Land North of		housing sites has been undertaken
Low Lane should be removed		through the SHLAA and sites have
from the draft Local Plan. Both		been selected in accordance with
sites are within the Stainton and		Publication Local Plan ST2 Spatial
Thornton Neighbourhood Plan		Strategy. In order to meet the
area and proposals for		housing requirement it is
development should have regard		necessary to select greenfield sites
to the requirement of the		including those previously
Neighbourhood Plan.		designated Green Wedge. The
		local plan process allows for the
Other reasons to exclude both		review and update of polices,
sites are they are BOTH outside		including Green Wedges.
the current limit of development		
and the Land North of Low Lane		
(Stainton Vale) is designated		
GREEN WEDGE by MBC and		
classed as "undeliverable" in		
their SHLAA and 5-year HLSA		
dated 1st April 2023 and		
indicates that housing		
development is contrary to this		

designation and should be		
removed from the plan.		
Pair Of Dovecotes And Linking Outhouse, C.20m North- West Of Stainton Vale Farmhouse, List Entry 1139815 Stainton Vale Farmhouse, List Entry 1312282. A Heritage Impact Assessment is required as part of the evidence base.	Statutory	A Heritage Impact Assessment (HIA) will form part of the evidence base for the Publication version of the Local Plan. The Policy has been amended to reference this HIA.
Multiple concerns raised to housing allocation for the following reasons: Loss of woodland, greenspace and wildlife Increased traffic, with associated noise and air pollution Lack of amenities and infrastructure, ie shops, schools, doctors. Loss of greenspace upon mental health and wellbeing. Too far from employment sites	General	A suite of assessments have been used to inform the Local Plan process, on housing need, employment, green and blue infrastructure etc. The Council is satisfied that it has selected the most appropriate housing sites to meet the housing requirement.
Affordable housing should be built in central Middlesbrough and Middlehaven first. These areas have all of the infrastructure needed in place already, they have good access to public transport and many more amenities to access.	General	Housing sites have been selected in accordance with Publication Local Plan Policy ST2, which prioritises the use of brownfield land. PolicyST3 identifies that the MDC area aims to deliver 1,500 new homes. It is anticipated that these would largely be on brownfield sites. Middlesbrough would not be able to achieve its identified housing requirement on brownfield sites alone. The development of some greenfield sites would be required.
As a smaller developer of the site, support the allocation for housing and would like to see connections to the larger housing site to provide for an integrated and connected site for both foot and vehicle traffic.	General	The policy sets out expectations regarding the access requirements alongside the on site road, public transport and active travel arrangements. Planning applications will not be acceptable where they do not comply with

	T	,
Would ask the Local Planning Authority to ensure the development of the large site by the house builder should not preclude the delivery of the land that is not within their control.		this policy, including where they prevent other parts of the site being brought forward.
Delivery in 2026/27 (in two years) is therefore unrealistic, and a realistic lead-in time may see some of the 700 homes delivered outside of the Plan period. Although the site is actively promoted, it is likely that there will need to be some form of collaboration among the interests to deliver the allocation, with co-ordination of planning applications and then delivery thereafter.	General	The housing trajectory has been reviewed and updated. The Council is considering a planning application for a site and it is considered reasonable to assume delivery within the stated period.
Objection on the grounds that some of the policy requirements are not justified or are ineffectively worded: Policy HO4o (b) - The comments made on Policy HO3 should also be considered to apply to here. In addition question whether a cross reference to the policy is even necessary if Policy HO3 applies to all residential developments in any case.	General	The policy has been updated where it is considered appropriate. In other instances where the Council disagrees with the points raised, no wording changes have been applied. The policy seeks to achieve sustainable development a create a quality place.
Policy HO4o (c) - Suggest the policy wording is clarified to ensure that dwellings that achieve Building Regulation requirement M4(2) and Building Regulation requirement M4(3) meet the policy requirement of 'accessible and adaptable dwellings' and 'wheelchair adaptable dwellings' rather than this left to interpretation.		
Alternatively, this policy wording could be removed as Policy HO3 applies to all residential developments in any case.		

Policy HO4o (d) - The comments made on Policy HO11 should also be considered to apply to here.

Policy HO4o (e) - The comments made on Policy HO5 should also be considered to apply to here.

Policy HO4o (f) - further flexibility should be introduced to the policy requirement to recognise the difficulty of attracting sufficient market interest to deliver a local centre, particularly with working from home and online deliveries skewing demand. Equally, the Council has not put forward any evidenced need or market interest at this stage.

Policy HO4o (g) - To provide further clarity with regard to implementation of the policy, would suggest that the Historic England building references of the assets are added to the policy wording to avoid any confusion on what assets the site layout should preserve.

Policy HO4o (h) - To avoid any confusion when implementing this policy requirement, the policy wording should be updated to cross refer or specifically reference the Northumbrian Water guidance. It is the understanding that there are set measurements for what operations can be carried out in proximity to Northumbrian Water assets which should be reflected in the policy requirement wording. 'Immediately adjacent' is not defined and can be easily replaced with the specific Northumbrian Water guidance.

Policy HO4o (k) - The policy requirement should be amended to require a safe and accessible access rather than specify an intervention which is not evidenced.

Policy HO4o (I) - The term 'penetrate' is not defined nor is it clear how a future planning application or development proposal would meet this policy requirement. The policy requirement should be amended to require any future development proposal to demonstrate it can accommodate public transport as well as suitable access to public transport provision.

Policy HO4o (m) - The policy requirement should be supported by a clear Infrastructure Delivery Plan and Viability Assessment which has identified and tested the necessary improvements. Currently this policy requirement requires 'provide for any necessary off-site improvements' (emphasis added) which is an open-ended requirement and does not align with the Regulation 122 statutory tests.

Policy HO4o (n) – strong objection to this policy requirement and strongly advocate that this policy approach is not sound. The Council has put forward no evidence to support the requirement for this infrastructure intervention.

Policy HO4o (o) - suggest that this policy requirement is deleted and replaced with a policy requirement that

specifically references the		
necessary, if any, off-site		
improvements based on robust		
and proportionate evidence.		
Policy HO4o (p) - would stress		
that any contributions should be		
aligned with the Regulation 122		
statutory tests and appropriately		
evidenced.		
Policy HO4o (q) - object to this		
policy requirement as currently		
drafted. Contribution to off-site		
infrastructure should be where		
the need for such improvements		
is clearly evidenced, viable,		
directly relate to the		
development and reasonable in		
scale to the development.		
Suggests amending to align with		
the statutory tests.		
Policy HO4o (r) - questions the		
need to improve cycle and		
pedestrian connectivity to		
Thornton and whether the		
policy wording is aligned with		
the Regulation 122 statutory		
tests.		
Political IOA (a) Object to this		
Policy HO4o (s) - Object to this		
policy requirement because it is		
not evidenced nor is it clear if		
such a requirement could be		
delivered.		
Policy HO4o (t) - Concerns that		
the requirement for 'significant		
areas of woodland' could		
compromise the ability for the		
Policy HO4o area and the Site to		
deliver the other ambitions of		
the policy including but not		
limited to the new 700		
residential dwellings.		
The site lies immediately to the	General	The Publication Local Plan has
south of HO4a (Stainsby), and is		been informed by a Transport
constrained by the need to		Study, alongside the Council's
deliver the SWWE link road and		Integrated Transport Strategy. This
highways capacity issues. The		evidence identifies the impacts
inditivals capacity issues. The	I	evidence identifies the impacts

allocation of a further site in this		that the proposed levels of
		l ' '
area will result in a further		housing and economic growth
cumulative impact which will		would have, taking into account
need to be mitigated. It is		proposed mitigation measures.
adjacent to the A19, and		The Council considers this
therefore Highways England are		approach to be acceptable in
likely to have concerns about		terms of impacts to the highway.
this site given they have raised		
issues in relation to the Stainsby		
site. Mitigating identified issues		
will result in delays to delivery		
when the trajectory shows		
delivery from 2026/7 onwards.		
This is not considered to be		
realistic.		
Multiple ownership of the site	General	The Council has updated the policy
could cause issues with delivery		in regard to achieving suitable
of the allocation. The Council		access to the site.
should not allocate the site		
without evidence that a suitable		
access can be achieved taking		
into account land ownership and		
is financially viable.		
The site is currently identified as	General	The local plan process provides the
a Green Wedge in the adopted		opportunity to reviewed and
Local Plan. The Core Strategy		update all policies, including Green
confirms that a Green Wedge is		Wedges.
designated to prevent		
coalescence of urban areas and		To inform the review of the Local
protect local identity.		Plan, an assessment of each of the
Development in this location		green wedges (Green wedge
would be highly visible and		Study) has been undertaken to
impact upon the setting of		establish whether the land still
Stainton Village.		meets the purpose for which it
		was designated and whether any
In addition, the adopted		amendments to the boundaries
Neighbourhood Plan places		are required.
importance on the retention of		
the Green Wedge (paragraphs		Over time amendments to the
8.18-8.19). The plan sets out a		boundaries of the green wedge are
number of design principles		made to ensure that sufficient land
(Policy ST8), one of which seeks		is available for Middlesbrough to
to prevent the urban area of		meet its development needs.
Middlesbrough from coalescing		
with the villages of Stainton and		
Thornton.		Policy E2 Green Wedges is a saved
		policy from the Local Plan 1999,
Similar comments received that		and is considered extremely out of
state the Council has failed to		date. The Green Wedge Study
provide any justification for the		2023, recommends the exclusion
removal of green wedge		of this land.

designation to this piece of land; and is not in accordance with existing Policy E2 Green wedges.		
At the very least the scale should be reduced to mitigate the impact of developing this site and the resultant coalescence of Stainton with the main urban area. The northern part of the Grange Farm site should be allocated as it is a site that can be delivered in the short term and it can provide a suitable access from Stainton Way for both Grange Farm and the adjoining Holme Farm site.	General	The Council has assessed all potential housing sites and selected what it considered the most appropriate sites to deliver the housing requirement. It is necessary to ensure efficient and effective use of land, and the provision of 700 dwellings in this location is considered to be an appropriate level of development. The precise number will be determined through the planning application process when more detail will be available.
It is unclear how Criteria k will be met with respect to increased traffic, and how access arrangements will affect land owners at Stainsby Hall Farm.	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by a Transport Study, alongside the Council's Integrated Transport Strategy. This evidence identifies the impacts that the proposed levels of housing and economic growth would have, taking into account proposed mitigation measures. The Council considers this approach to be acceptable in terms of impacts to the highway.
Criteria n. The bridge connects a private road to the public right of way. The type of transport needs clarifying and how public transport will impact upon Stainsby Hall Farm.	General	Finer details would be outlined/determined at planning application stage. The policy requires that applicants work with the landowners to achieve a route over the bridge to link into the Stainsby site.

HO4p Holme Farm

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
It would be particularly appropriate to incorporate water efficiency measures into policies for strategic new housing allocations where design principles will underpin the masterplanning process, as well as in	Statutory	No policy amendments required. Water efficiency is addressed through Publication Local Plan Policies CR2 and GR10.

		,
the creation of new development and places supported by policies CR1, CR2 and CR3.		
Sites at Policy HO4p Holme Farm and Policy HO4o Land North of Low Lane be removed from the draft Local Plan. Both sites are within the Stainton and Thornton Neighbourhood Plan area and proposals for development should have regard to the requirement of the Neighbourhood Plan. Other reasons to exclude both sites are they are BOTH outside the current limit of development and the Land North of Low Lane (Stainton Vale) is designated GREEN WEDGE by MBC and classed as "undeliverable" in their SHLAA and 5-year HLSA dated 1st April 2023 and indicates that housing development is contrary to this designation and should be removed from the plan.	Statutory	An assessment of potential housing sites has been undertaken through the SHLAA and sites have been selected in accordance with Publication Local Plan ST2 Spatial Strategy. In order to meet the housing requirement, it is necessary to select greenfield sites including those previously designated Green Wedge. The local plan process allows for the review and update of polices, including Green Wedges.
Stainton Grange And Garden Walls, List Entry 1329531 In addition, there is a requirement in the 1990 Act that "special regard" should be had to the desirability of preserving Listed Buildings or their setting or any features of special architectural or historic interest which they possess. A Heritage Impact Assessment is required as part of the evidence base.	Statutory	A Heritage Impact Assessment will form part of the evidence base for the Publication version of the Local Plan. The Policy wording has been updated to make reference to the HIA.
Affordable housing should be built in central Middlesbrough and Middlehaven first. These areas have all of the infrastructure needed in place already, they have good access to public transport and many more amenities to access.	General	Housing sites have been selected in accordance with Publication Local Plan Policy ST2, which prioritises the use of brownfield land. PolicyST3 identifies that the MDC area aims to deliver 1,500 new homes. It is anticipated that these would largely be on brownfield sites. Middlesbrough would not be able to achieve its identified housing requirement on brownfield sites alone. The development of some

		greenfield sites would be required.
The area has poor public transport links, and infrastructure. With the increased development in the south, the infrastructure will fail. The increase in housing and traffic will lead to: • Lack of schools • Lack of GPs • Flooding	General	A suite of assessments have been used to inform the Local Plan process, on housing need, employment, green and blue infrastructure etc. The Council is satisfied that it has selected the most appropriate housing sites to meet the housing requirement. An Infrastructure Delivery Plan has been prepared to inform the Publication Local Plan.
As a landowner in proximity to the proposed site the following objections are made:	General	A suite of detailed supporting assessments will be required to support a planning application. Where required mitigation measures will be provided. Residents adjacent to the site will continue to be consulted throughout the stages of the Local Plan. In addition, once a planning application has been submitted, legislation requires us to allow a minimum of 21 days for any comments to be made on planning applications, before a decision can be made. All material considerations will be considered as part of the decision process in accordance with the NPPF Chapter 4 'Decision making.' Property values are not a material consideration in Planning.
Object at this stage on the grounds that some of the policy requirements are not justified or are ineffectively worded: HO4p Criteria a - Refer to earlier comments provided on Policy HO3	General	The policy has been updated where it is considered appropriate. In other instances where the Council disagrees with the points raised, no wording changes have been applied. The policy seeks to achieve sustainable

with regards to the provision of development a create a quality bungalows. place. HO4p Criteria b - With regards to criteria b, please refer to the earlier comments provided on Policy HO3. HO4p Criteria e - concerns criteria not in line with NPPF Paragraph 35b as it has not taken viability and deliverability into consideration. HO4p Criteria f - Whilst discussed further in the comments provided on Policy HO11 and HO3. Objects to the inclusion of criteria f in Policy HO4p due there being no evidence to suggest a need for self-build plots on large scale strategic allocations and is therefore not aligned with paragraph 35b of the NPPF. HO4p Criteria g The Council needs to clarify the specific identified need for a new primary school on this allocation in particular. HO4p Criteria h & I - this criteria needs to be subject to a sufficient evidence base presented by the Local Highway Authority to justify the need and context to any off site highways infrastructure mitigation and that it complies Regulation 122 of the CIL Regulations and meets the three tests. HO4p Criteria J - In the absence of a specific heritage impact assessment as evidence with the Local Plan, we question whether a landscape buffer zone is justified at this stage and consider that this request as part of the Policy is not justified and not in accordance with the guidance for assessing impact to heritage assets set out at Section 16 of the NPPF. HO4p Criteria I - Objection to the inclusion of criteria L and requests that it be omitted from Policy HO4p.

Holme Farm is the only housing allocation within the draft Local Plan which is required to provide an equipped play area.	
HO4p Criteria m - Bellway should only be responsible for providing links to the edge of their boundary to allow future connections and access.	
HO4p Criteria n – This may be achievable but should not be a blanket requirement. More flexibility needs to be provided in the wording.	
HO4p Criteria o and p - Requests that flexibility be applied to criterion o and p to ensure compliance with paragraph 35b and to prevent the preclusion of development.	

HO4q Land at Stainsby Road

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
It would be particularly appropriate to incorporate water efficiency measures into policies for strategic new housing allocations where design principles will underpin the masterplanning process, as well as in the creation of new development and places supported by policies CR1, CR2 and CR3.	Statutory	No policy amendments required. Water efficiency is addressed through Publication Local Plan Policies CR2 and NE10.
 Concerns raised to housing allocation for the following reasons: Loss of greenspace and wildlife Increased traffic, with associated noise and air pollution Proximity to the A19 is not good for health and wellbeing Existing parking problems will be exacerbated, especially with the existing school and community uses already contributing to this Loss of open space and impact upon mental health 	General	A suite of assessments have been used to inform the Local Plan process, on housing need, employment, green and blue infrastructure etc. In addition, a Habitats Regulation Assessment, a Viability Assessment, Transport study, Strategic Flood Risk Assessment and an Infrastructure Delivery Plan have informed the Publication Local Plan. By establishing what

		infrastructure needs to be delivered to accommodate the planned levels of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure.
The land is not suitable for development due to the following: The ground is contaminated It is a flood plain There are two main water supply pipes and several sewers from the said estates run into an 8-foot diameter sewer pipe	General	The Policy has been amended to include point j restrict built development of the site to Flood Zone 1 only and maintain a buffer to ensure no development takes place within 8 metres from watercourse within the site. Where a flood risk is identified, a Flood Risk Assessment would be required to accompany a planning application, and mitigation measures provided in accordance with Policy NE10
The development should not be entirely private and should also include affordable housing.	General	Policy HO5 Affordable Housing, require residential developments of 10 or more homes, within the wards of Acklam, Coulby Newham, Hemlington, Kader, Ladgate, Marton East, Marton West, Nunthorpe, Stainton & Thornton, and Trimdon, a minimum of 15% of the homes will be required to be affordable.
The town centre should be considered a better place for development of housing. The shopping centre is no longer viable and there are areas that need regenerating.	General	Housing sites have been selected in accordance with Publication Local Plan Policy ST2, which prioritises the use of brownfield land. Policy ST3 identifies that the MDC area aims to deliver 1,500 new homes. It is anticipated that these would largely be on brownfield sites. Middlesbrough would not be able to achieve its identified housing requirement on brownfield sites alone. The development of some greenfield sites would be required.

Properties directly adjacent to the site have access for parking to the rear, will this be affected by the development?	General	The site does not include any areas currently used for parking, so current parking arrangements for residents should remain unaffected. Residents adjacent to the site will continue to be consulted throughout the stages of the Local Plan. In addition, once a planning application has been submitted, legislation requires us to allow a minimum of 21 days for any comments to be made on planning applications, before a decision can be made. All material considerations will be considered as part of the decision process in accordance with the NPPF Chapter 4 'Decision making.' A suite of detailed supporting assessments will be required to support a planning application. Where required mitigation measures will be provided.
Adjacent housing currently exceeds two WHO limits for air pollution: PM2.5 and NO2 (https://addresspollution.org) - the proposed development is even closer to the A19, and those levels are likely to increase as they get closer, but also if further developments to the south of the town are allowed. Building here is condemning residents to life-long health issues.	General	Other policies in the plan deal with pollution. Future planning applications will be subject to consultation with the Council's Environmental Health Team who will advise planning on the suitability of development, and any mitigation required (as appropriate).

Policy HO5 – Affordable Housing

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
The need for affordable housing for NHS staff and those employed by other health and care providers should be factored into housing needs assessments, and any other evidence base studies that inform the Local Plan.	Statutory	The policy deals with the provision of affordable housing the management of this is dealt with outside of the planning system, no changes to the policy are required.
Housing for older persons, in the form of sheltered and extra care housing, should be exempt from delivering affordable housing. This would ensure the plan is justified and consistent with national policy.	General	The Policy will be implemented in accordance with national policy, no changes are required to the Plan.
Following the requirement that 25% of affordable homes should be provided as First Homes, it is stated 'In addition, a minimum of 10% of the total number of homes on site shall be provided as affordable home ownership'. Clarity is required to confirm whether the 10% minimum is in addition to the affordable homes, or in addition to the First Homes. Moreover, it was noted that the policy should reflect the aims of the NPPF (paragraph 66) and	General	The Policy has been amended to reflect these comments.
relevant PPG. Numerous different responses were received on the policy's tenure mix requirements. It was stated that this tenure split is not supported by the LHNA or SHMA. In addition, the Local Plan Viability Assessment (2018) does not account for recent matters, such as Biodiversity Net Gain and Nutrient Neutrality, that may impede viability and therefore jeopardise housing delivery. It was therefore suggested that, to ensure the policy is justified, additional evidence is required to	General	The Policy has been amended to reflect these comments and provide clarity.

fully account for the current status of viability. It was also stated that the rigidity of the requirement is not appropriate. To account for the variety of factors that affect affordable housing delivery, it was recommend that the policy adopts a flexible approach to affordable housing tenure mix. Likewise, it was suggested that the figures should be used as guidance for development, with each proposal to be considered individually based upon context and local requirement. As such, rather than a rigid requirement authority-wide requirement, the mix of tenures to be provided on each site should be determined by evidenced need for the locality to make sure that the changing local need is met. The wording of the requirements was also said to be confusing and unclear, with the potential to lead to inconsistent application. It was therefore recommended that all the percentages listed should be given as a proportion of the same figure and that a full breakdown is provided. The breakdown could also include a

Finally, it was noted that the tenure mix relates to development of 100 or more dwellings. It was therefore indicated that it is unclear what the requirements would be for developments below this threshold and whether this allows for the full 15% affordable requirement on developments of 10 or more dwellings being entirely affordable home ownership. While such flexibility

worked example in the

supporting text.

was welcome, it was requested that, for the avoidance of doubt,		
the Council should provide clarity		
on this matter.		
The policy identifies that 'on residential developments of 10 or more homes a minimum of 15% of the homes will be required to be affordable'. Clarity was requested that going above this requirement would be at the discretion of the developer, rather than higher proportions	General	The Policy has been amended to reflect these comments and provide clarity.
being sought by the Council.		
It was suggested that the wording of 'a minimum' and 'at least' be removed in relation to the percentage affordable dwellings required as it is excessively prescriptive.	General	It is considered the wording is necessary within the Policy to secure affordable dwellings.
Rather than always being rounded up to the nearest whole dwelling number, the number of affordable homes required by a development should just be rounded to the nearest whole dwelling number. It was stated that this is standard practice and would avoid 'excess rounding up'.	General	The approach set out in the Policy is considered the most appropriate to meet affordable housing requirement. No policy amendments required.
The policy states that viability assessments 'will be made publicly available'. This would mean that commercially sensitive information is released. Therefore, to ensure confidentiality is maintained, this statement should be removed altogether. Alternately, it should be clarified that such assessments may be redacted prior to publication. It was also suggested that the inclusion of this statement in the policy is unnecessary as national planning practice guidance already provides a clear direction	General	The Policy is considered to be in accordance with the Planning Practice Guidance, no amendment to the policy is required.
on the matter.		
Necessary evidence base documents that test the implications of this policy's	General	An updated Viability Assessment has been prepared to support the Publication Local Plan and will be

requirements against other		available as part of the evidence
requirements for residential		base.
developments, such as a PPG		
compliant Viability Assessment,		
should be highlighted.		
The policy states that 'On	General	The policy's supporting text,
residential developments		namely paragraphs 5.59 – 5.61,
elsewhere the provision of		explains why the provision of
affordable housing will be		affordable housing will not be
encouraged'. For the benefit of		sought for development in certain
both parties in the determination		areas of Middlesbrough.
of planning applications,		
additional clarification was		
requested on why affordable		
housing in these areas is not		
justifiable.		
To provide clarity and avoid	General	The Policy has been amended to
confusion, the exact split of		reflect these comments and
affordable home ownership		provide clarity.
tenure should be provided.		, ,
The distinction between social	General	The Policy has been amended to
rent and affordable rent should		reflect these comments and
be clarified.		provide clarity.
		,
Rather than setting a blanket	General	The Policy has been amended to
requirement of 25% of affordable		reflect these comments and
homes on site being First Homes		provide clarity.
and then half social rent and half		, ,
affordable rent, the mix and		
tenure of affordable homes		
should reflect local housing		
needs at the time of application.		
Should local housing need		
information not be up to date,		
requirements should be led by		
Registered Providers. This would		
ensure that delivery of affordable		
housing meets the boroughs		
needs and requirements.		
Affordable housing provision		As explained in the supporting
should be located more around		text, within the northern areas of
the town centre/brownfield sites.		Middlesbrough, including the
and town deficie, provincia sites.		town centre, the Council
		recognises that it is not
		economically viable for private
		sector housebuilders to provide
		affordable housing. However, a
		significant number of affordable
		homes will be delivered in the
		north of the borough by

		Registered Providers, where 100% of the dwellings will be affordable.
A Local Plan Viability Assessment (LPVA) was not publicly available for the consultation. Consequently, there is no evidence to demonstrate that the proposed affordable housing requirements are viable. As such, by limiting opportunities for comment of the LPVA, the Council has deviated from national guidance and the Local Plan is not considered positively prepared, justified, effective, and consistent with national policy.	General	A new Viability Assessment has been prepared to support the Publication Local Plan. This document will be available in the Local Plan evidence base.
Affordable housing should seamlessly blend with market housing, with layouts designed so no two consecutive housing units are affordable.	General	As drafted, the policy states that affordable housing should 'be provided on-site, be indistinguishable in appearance from the market housing and be grouped in clusters spread throughout the site in order to help achieve mixed and balanced communities'. It is considered that a requirement that no two consecutive houses are affordable would be overly prescriptive. No policy amendments required.

Policy HO6 – Gypsy, Traveller and Travelling Showpeople Accommodation

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
The policy would benefit from an additional criterion that ensures any windfall proposals where there would be an impact on heritage assets are designed in such a way to avoid and minimise any harm.	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to take account of this comment.
Significant number of objections were received in relation to this policy and the proposed allocation	General	A Gypsy and Traveller Site Assessment has been undertaken to support the Local Plan. The Local Plan has been amended to remove

Charlet Transcer Ballet		the effective of Terror and Deed
of Land at Teessaurus Park as a		the allocation of Teessaurus Park
Gypsy and Traveller site.		and replace with an allocation at
		Cannon Park.
A range of more suitable alternate		
locations were suggested		
including Cannon Park Lorry Park,		
land opposite the existing Metz		
Bridge site, and land near the		
Riverside Stadium. It was also		
suggested that the existing Metz		
Bridge site be upgraded and/or		
extended.		
A significant number of responses	General	A Gypsy and Traveller Site
objected to the proposed		Assessment 2024 has been
allocation as it would result in the		undertaken to support the Local
loss of unique open public green		Plan. The Local Plan has been
space of community and		amended to remove the allocation
recreational value that has		of Teessaurus Park and replace
recently been regenerated.		with an allocation at Cannon Park.
recently been regenerated.		with an anocation at Camion Fark.
NA		
Many responses objected to the		
allocation of Land at Teessaurus		
Park due to the impact it would		
have on wildlife/the natural		
environment. It was stated that		
the site is of ecological importance		
and there were also concerns on		
the impact that it would have on		
the neighbouring Local Wildlife		
Site (LWS). A lack of evidence		
regard the allocations impact on		
the LWS and the ability to achieve		
a Biodiversity Net Gain of 10%.		
Many comments stated the	General	A Gypsy and Traveller Site
proposed site does not have	General	Assessment 2024 has been
1		
adequate infrastructure and is not		undertaken to support the Local
conveniently located for access to		Plan. The Local Plan has been
schools, shops, health services,		amended to remove the allocation
and other facilities. It was also		of Teessaurus Park and replace
raised that the site is poorly		with an allocation at Cannon Park.
served by public transport.		
The site is not sustainable.	General	A Gypsy and Traveller Site
		Assessment 2024 has been
Specifically, it was stated that the		undertaken to support the Local
proposed allocation would		Plan. The Local Plan has been
contravene the requirements of		amended to remove the allocation
paragraph 16 of the NPPF and		of Teessaurus Park and replace
does not contribute towards the		with an allocation at Cannon Park.
achievement of sustainable		
development. It was therefore		

	Т	Т
said that the policy would be		
considered unsound.		
The site is conflicts with the UN		
Sustainable Development Goals.		
A significant number of responses said the allocated site was inappropriate due to concerns with the quality of residential amenity it would provide. These concerns related to light, noise, and air pollution, as well as privacy, odours, dust, and	General	A Gypsy and Traveller Site Assessment has been undertaken to support the Local Plan. The Local Plan has been amended to remove the allocation of Teessaurus Park and replace with an allocation at Cannon Park.
traffic/vehicular movements.		
tranic/vernicular illuvernents.		
Multiple responses also		
highlighted concerns that the land		
at the site may be contaminated		
and that this would pose a hazard with regards to residential		
occupation.		
occupation.		
Finally, given its proximity to		
chemical and industrial plants,		
some respondents stated that the		
site may be located within a HSE		
blast zone and therefore be		
unsuitable for residential		
development.	Cananal	A Course and Translation City
It was stated that the site is not appropriate as it is prone to	General	A Gypsy and Traveller Site Assessment has been undertaken
flooding/waterlogging.		to support the Local Plan. The Local
modulig/ waterlogging.		Plan has been amended to remove
		the allocation of Teessaurus Park
		and replace with an allocation at
		Cannon Park.
Concerns were raised with respect	General	A Gypsy and Traveller Site
to the maintenance of public		Assessment has been undertaken
footpaths/right of ways around		to support the Local Plan. The Local
the site and how the development		Plan has been amended to remove
of the site would impact access to		the allocation of Teessaurus Park
the park and River Tees and the		and replace with an allocation at Cannon Park.
Teesdale Way, National Cycle, and Tees Heritage Walk routes.		Callifoli Faik.
The Gypsy and Traveller Site	General	A further detailed Gypsy and
Assessment (GTSA) is inadequate.	General	Traveller Site Assessment has been
in a second control of the second control of		undertaken to support the
Many of the concerns with the site		Publication Local Plan. This
assessment suggested that it does		assessment has used a detailed
not adequately have regard		criteria to assess sites.

for/adhere to Government guidance, namely 'Planning Policy for Gypsy and Traveller sites' (December 2023) and 'Designing Gypsy and Traveller Sites Good Practice Guide' (May 2008).

The main specific issues raised with regard to the site assessment and its recommendation to allocate Land as Teessaurus Park were that:

- the scoring methodology does not take sufficient account of the 'Planning Policy for Gypsy and Traveller sites' guidance and the weightings are therefore inappropriately focussed, not addressing the need to provide a sustainable community for future Gypsies and Travellers;
- it does not take adequate regard of the impacts on surrounding land uses, including the economic impact on the locality;
- there is a lack of consideration of any privately owned sites, site owned by other public bodies, or sites that the Council is seeking to dispose of;
- it fails to give appropriate
 weighting to the objectives
 identified in paragraph 13 of
 the 'Planning policy for
 traveller sites' document and,
 in particular, the proposed
 allocation conflicts with parts
 a, b, c, e, f, and h of paragraph
 13;
- it does not address the propensity for Travellers who may in the future move into brick-and-mortar homes, as set out in the House of Commons briefing paper on Gypsies and Travellers (May 2019);

_	1	T
 the projected growth in Middlesbrough 'far outstrips' recent trends of growth at both Metz Bridge and nationally and; it conflicts with the 'Designing Gypsy and Traveller Sites Good Practice Guide', with the scoring of sites not adequately considering/give appropriate weighting to the objectives detailed in paragraphs 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.10, and 4.49-4.52. 		
The proposed allocation would be harmful to the economy of Middlesbrough and the Tees Valley.	General	A Gypsy and Traveller Site Assessment has been undertaken to support the Local Plan. The Local Plan has been amended to remove
Specifically, it was stated that any form of residential site within a business and industrial park is incompatible. The noise associated with industrial operations in the area would be harmful to the proposed residential use of the site. There were concerns that having a residential site in the area may lead to constraints being placed upon industrial operations and that this would negatively impact viability, existing and future investment, and local jobs.		the allocation of Teessaurus Park and replace with an allocation at Cannon Park.
With reference to the provisions of paragraph 193 of the NPPF, it was stated that no evidence examining how the proposed allocation would co-exist within the dominant industrial setting without significant harm being cause to the living conditions of future residents. Moreover, no evidence has been put forward which examines whether a traveller site in this location would place restrictions on existing companies in the area.		
There is no justification for an allocation of a Gypsy and Traveller of this scale in Middlesbrough.	General	The 2024 Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation Assessment (GTAA) identified a need for

To this point, concerns were raised with the needs assessment, i.e. the Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation Assessment or 'GTAA'. It was stated that this assessment is not valid and further information regarding the terms of reference for its commission and the methodology		fourteen additional pitches to meet the needs of Gypsies or Travellers across the plan period. These additional pitches are in addition to that are provided at Metz Bridge. As such, it is necessary and justified that the Local Plan identifies and allocates a suitable area of land that can meet this identified need.
that the consultants followed was		
requested.		
In addition, responses stated that Metz Bridge is not fully occupied. It was therefore suggested that making the existing site fit for purpose to ensure it can be fully utilised should be prioritised before any consideration is given to the provision of additional sites. Moreover, it was put forward that the Metz Bridge could potentially accommodate additional plots and/or be extended.		
The removal of dinosaur	General	The Local Plan has been amended
sculptures from Teessaurus Park		to remove the allocation of
would contradict with the		Teessaurus Park and replace with
Council's Cultural Strategy.	Conoral	an allocation at Cannon Park.
More broadly, it was stated that	General	The Local Plan has been amended
there is no evidence to		to remove the allocation of
demonstrate that the proposed site is developable and		Teessaurus Park and replace with an allocation at Cannon Park.
deliverable. The policy would		an anocation at Callion Park.
therefore be considered unsound.		
therefore be considered unsoulld.		

Policy HO7 – Space Standards for Residential Uses

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
The Nationally Described Space Standards (NDSS) are an optional standard and can only be introduced as a requirement where there is a clear need and development viability can be retained.	General	The Council considers the introduction of the NDSS appropriate to ensure high quality development across the town.

The inclusion of this policy therefore requires the Council to provide robust, justifiable evidence in line with the criteria set out in National Planning Practice Guidance (Reference ID: 56-020-20150327).		
Should suitable evidence be provided to support the policy, it should be subject to a transitional period, as per National Planning Practice Guidance (Reference ID: 56-020-20150327). Specifically, it was recommended that the NDSS is only be applied to outline or full applications submitted one year after the Plan is adopted. In addition, it was recommended that Reserved Matters applications to any outline planning consents granted prior to the end of the transition period should be exempt. Likewise, it was suggested that a level of flexibility be applied to the policy, as there may be instances where Accessible and Adaptable Dwellings (M4(2)) and Wheelchair User Dwellings (M4(3)) are delivered that are not NDSS compliant.	General	It is not considered necessary to have a transition period, no amendments to the Policy are required.
The implication that this policy would have upon site yields and development viabilities needs to be considered in the plans proposed housing allocations.	General	A Viability Assessment has been prepared to support the Publication Local Plan. This has considered the Affordable Housing Policy. This document will be available in the Local Plan evidence base.

Policy HO8 – Conversion and Sub-Division of Buildings for Residential Use

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
In the assessment of whether a proposal would exacerbate an oversupply (criterion c.), does the Council have information on the number of conversions that have taken place.	General	The Local Plan's evidence base includes a Local Housing Needs Assessment. This information establishes the make up of Middlesbrough's existing housing stock and identifies any areas of shortage/oversupply. This evidence has informed the Plan's housing policies, which will be utilised in determining applications for planning consent. The Council's record of planning applications provides information on proposals which have been granted consent, including proposals for the conversion and sub-division of buildings for residential use.
The lack of information regarding the assessment of development following construction, to ensure the policy's criteria is being strictly adhered to, was queried.	General	The Council's Planning Enforcement team would investigate and assess any reported breach of planning consent and then undertake any appropriate form of action required. As this mechanism relates to all forms of development for which consent is required, it has not been specifically identified in the Plan for any particular form of development/policy.
In alignment with the Sustainability Appraisal, it was suggested that reference to ensuring the positive effects for potential occupiers could be strengthened.	General	It is considered this is addressed by point a. of the policy, no changes to the Policy are required.

Policy HO9 – Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMOs)

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
The Council's knowledge of	General	Properties occupied by five or
existing HMO numbers, and		more persons who are living as
therefore its ability to assess		two or more separate

HMO proposals if these numbers are not known, was questioned.		households require a HMO licence. The Council holds a publicly available register of these HMO licences.
The Councils mechanism for monitoring and enforcing management plans was queried. It was suggested that this mechanism should be clearly stated within the policy.	general	The Councils Planning Enforcement team can investigate and assess any reported breach of planning consent, including any conditions related to the management plan that may be attached, and undertake any appropriate form of action required.

Policy HO10 – Student Accommodation

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Clarification is needed on whether applications from private landlords for the change of use of commercial buildings or family dwellings to student accommodation in the future are to be treated as 'specialist' student accommodation, subject to them including communal areas and being conditioned to restrict, in perpetuity, their occupation to students only.	Statutory	No changes required to the Policy.
If not it was suggested that there would likely be an increase in proposals for HMOs instead of self- contained student studios as these are not subject to the same space standards.		
Point a. would be strengthened if it were amended to reference context and identity, in alignment with the principles set out in the National Design Guide.	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to reflect these comments.
Part f. does not allow sufficient flexibility for constrained sites,	General	No changes required to the Policy.

where designing the layout of	
accommodation to be	
reconfigurable to meet general	
needs housing may not be	
feasible. The policy should be	
worded to ensure the	
requirement is only enforced	
where it is possible.	

Policy HO11 – Self-build and Custom Build Housing

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
It is unnecessary for both this and Policy HO3 to set out requirements for self-build and custom house building. It was suggested that the requirement should be removed from HO3 to	General	This Policy is considered appropriate it sets out the Council's detailed approach to self and custom build housing.
avoid unnecessary duplication. The policy is not justified and	General	The Policy is considered
should be removed from the plan. It was suggested that there is a lack of evidence to indicate that demand for self-build and custom house build housing is set to grow over the plan period. Specifically, the statement within the policy that the self-build and custom build housing requirement is 'subject to the Council's self-build register demonstrating demand for this level of plots' was said to be unclear and adequately justified if further analysis is required to demonstrate the need for the policy.		appropriate deliver the identified need for self and custom build housing over the plan period.
In addition, as paragraph 5.88 establishes that Neighbourhood Plans would aid the identification of sites if the need arises, Policy should be omitted.		
The policy should be written to allow flexibility. Applying the requirement to every site does	General	The requirement only applies to sites over 200 dwellings not all sites within the Plan, no

not take into account site	amendments to the Policy are
specific context and is therefore	necessary.
not appropriate.	
It is noted that a different	
respondent stated that the	
wording for self-build and	
custom house building within	
Policy HO3 allows for	
appropriate flexibility to respond	
to specific sites and contexts.	

Chapter 6 – Green and Blue Infrastructure

General comments

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
Summary or issues raised	consultee	Response
There is a lack of clarity about what the Council is including in the phrase Green and Blue Infrastructure (GBI) network. Our understanding is that in this chapter you are using the term to refer broadly to biodiversity and geodiversity. If this is the case, it should be made clearer in the preamble text to the chapter and in Strategic Objective E. For example, is the overarching strategic objective to protect and enhance biodiversity and geodiversity, which includes GBI?	Statutory	Objective has been amended.
This chapter draws together various statutory and non-statutory drivers for promoting and delivering environmental protection and enhancement. However, these are not clearly linked nor is it clear how they will work together. For example, how will the Local Nature Recovery Strategy for the Tees Valley provide a statutory framework for your authority's GBI Strategy, and how will Biodiversity Net Gain delivery be prioritised to deliver it?	Statutory	Chapter has been updated.
All development proposals will be expected to comply with the RBMP. The RBMP states that the water environment should be protected and enhanced to prevent deterioration and promote the recovery of water bodies. A failure to demonstrate these actions have not been considered will mean the requirements of the WFD have not been met, unless the	Statutory	Publication Local Plan Policy NE10 sets out a requirement to contribute to the Northumbria River Basin Management Plan in complying with the Water Framework Directive.

provisions of Article 4.7 of the	
WFD can be met.	
For many development applications, a WFD assessment may be required as part of planning permissions. To complete this, the Clearing the Waters for All guidance should be followed – Water Framework Directive	
assessment: estuarine and coastal waters - GOV.UK	
(www.gov.uk).	

Policy GR1 Green and Blue Infrastructure

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
At present whilst criteria point b. mentions existing infrastructure features, this could go further to mention heritage assets or alternatively a separate criteria point could be added.	Statutory	Policy wording amended.
It is recommended that the current wording of Policy GR1, 'Development should:' be replaced with a stronger requirement such as that used in other policies, for example, 'will be expected to ensure that', or 'will be allowed in the following circumstances', or 'providing'. A more stringent requirement would align not only with environmental objectives, but the aspirations for the Beck valleys and waterways to be corridors of sustainable transport for expanding communities to live, work and play in.	Statutory	This is considered to be unnecessarily restrictive and no wording changes have been made.
The introduction of this policy could be improved by linking Green and Blue Infrastructure (GBI) to the wildlife and	Statutory	No policy amendments required.

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biodiversity that it supports. The		
more diverse GBI is, the greater		
the benefit will be for wildlife		
and the community.		
Brownfield register sites should	Statutory	Sites on the brownfield register
be considered as an important		have been selected for their
part of GBI, and they should be		potential to deliver housing not
managed and enhanced to		GBI. No policy wording
support GBI. High quality GBI		amendments required.
could be provided whilst linking		·
it to Middlesbrough's industrial		
heritage, which would also		
support paragraph 6.8 in this		
policy's narrative.		
Whilst this policy aims to protect	Statutory	Policy wording amended.
designated sites and the species	Statutory	Toney wording unichaed.
that they are designated for, a		
stronger approach would be to		
also include a section which		
targets other protected species.		
For example, internationally and		
locally important species		
including fish such as European		
Eel, Atlantic Salmon, Sea Trout		
and River/Sea Lamprey etc.		
Recommend that Point D within	Statutony	Policy wording amended.
the policy should read	Statutory	Folicy wording amended.
"management of priority		
habitats and species, and other		
• •		
protected species" not "priority natural habitats". This point		
•		
could also include supporting		
narrative of the pieces of		
legislation underpinning such		
habitats and species, which are		
the Natural Environment and		
Rural Communities Act (NERC)		
2006 and Wildlife and		
Countryside Act 1981. This policy		
should also be underpinned by		
the RBMP and WFD legislation.	Chataitam	No reliance and a description
Point I should be strengthened to	Statutory	No policy amendments required.
read 'adhere to the		
requirements', rather than 'have		
regard to the requirements', as		
the current wording leaves room		
for unfavourable interpretation.		
The policy may be strengthened	Statutory	No policy amendments required.
through reference to the		
Council's existing GBI Strategy		
and Delivery Plan.		

Footbas and into one of he	Chatantam	No and in a second and a second a second and
Further certainty may be	Statutory	No policy amendments required.
achieved by means of clear		
criteria by which proposals will		
be assessed – for example with		
respect to quantity and		
quality/features. In terms of		
quantity and accessibility our		
green infrastructure standards		
offer one source of relevant		
information, for consideration		
alongside the Council's published		
'open space needs assessment		
2022' (source - evidence library).		
Welcome the 15 minute standard		
inclusion. In addition, however		
the framework's proposed 3.0		
Ha/1000 population metric may		
help to support more specific		
policy outcomes.		
This chapter should have	General	Policy wording amended.
stronger policy links with the		
health, wellbeing, and inclusion		
themes.		
The policy uses the equivocal	General	No policy amendments required.
"should" rather than the definite		
"must", and echo the SA's		
observation that health		
inequalities are not explicitly		
recognised in this suite of		
policies.		
This policy is welcome and the	General	No policy amendments required.
opportunities it brings for food		
to play a part in our green and		
blue infrastructure. Would		
welcome reference to these		
opportunities through adding the		
following to point f. increase		
opportunities for healthy living		
through provision of space for		
food growing and landscaping		
that include plants that produce		
fruit, nuts and seeds.		
Multiple worded comments	General	Middlesbrough would not be able
suggest the policy specifically	Concrai	to achieve its identified housing
'protect and enhance' is		requirement on brownfield sites
contradictory with greenfield		alone. The development of some
sites being developed and		greenfield sites would be
proposed for housing.		required.
Namely Stainsby (Mandale		required.
Meadow), Newham Hall and Cavendish Road.		
Cavendish Koad.		

	T	
Similarly, a road through		
Mandale meadow will cause		
damage to existing green and		
blue infrastructure.		
Policy GR1 should be amended	General	Achievement of Biodiversity Net
to include a reference to a 10%		Gain is set out in Publication Local
net gain as set out in the		Plan Policy NE1, with
Environment Act to ensure that		requirements regarding
the policy is consistent with		biodiversity also set out in other
national policy.		policies such as NE5, NE7 CR2,
		and CR3. No policy amendments
		required.
This policy isn't currently justified	General	No policy amendments required
nor consistent with other policies		to address this point.
contained in the draft Local Plan,		
such as Policy HO4a criteria n		
which states that development		
should 'retain mature trees		
where possible'. As such, for		
consistency and to ensure		
compliance with Paragraph 35b		
of the NPPF, Policy GR1 should		
be amended to allow for		
flexibility and read as follows:		
Protect, enhance and restore		
existing green and blue infrastructure features where		
possible.		
possible.		
Policy GR1 further states that	General	No policy amendments required.
development should 'make		
contributions towards the		
establishment, enhancement		
and on-going management of		
Green and Blue infrastructure'.		
However, this has not been		
accounted for in the Council's		
Local Plan Viability Appraisal		
(2018) and so until this has been		
provided, this criterion is not		
justified and should be amended		
to include 'where appropriate		
and subject to viability'.		
Policies GR1, GR5 and GR6 in	General	No policy amendments required.
association with Local Nature		
Recovery, Biodiversity Net Gain,		
protecting and enhancing		
biodiversity and water quality		
could be addressed through		
woodland creation in line with		

tura alautina tauratala aur		
tree planting targets where		
appropriate.		<u> </u>
The Council should ensure that	General	No policy amendments required.
the policy wording is sufficiently		
flexible to recognise that green		
and blue infrastructure should be		
encouraged and delivered,		
where possible and assessed on		
a site-by-site specific basis.		
Would like to see the green and	General	Policy wording has been
blue infrastructure recognised		amended to make reference to
for the part it plays in the		the historic environment.
cultural heritage of the town;		
this is particularly the case given		
we have such good early historic		
evidence of our Landscape		
through the Lordship Map in the		
Dorman Museum.		
There is currently no strategy to	General	No policy amendments required.
actively expand Local Wildlife		These matters are addressed in
Sites that I'm aware of – hoping		other policies.
that they can at least be		
managed better and at some		
point all 'well managed' – has		
there been a strategic look from		
the Council about connecting		
sites through the town i.e. a plan		
with clear outcomes.		
to the country of the least to the		
In the medium to long-term		
more biodiverse public green		
space should be cheaper to		
manage as well as more resilient		
in the face of climate change – in		
the short term Middlesbrough		
has access to grants to help it get		
the correct equipment and		
training for public spaces.		
How does the Council intend to	General	Achievement of Piodiversity Net
	General	Achievement of Biodiversity Net
achieve a bio-diversity net gain of 10%. Please indicate how this		Gain is set out in Policy NE1, with
will be achieved for each of its		requirements regarding
		biodiversity also set out in other
housing allocations, that has not		policies such as NE5, NE7, CR2, and CR3.
yet been given planning		aliu CNS.
permission, with more than 200		
proposed houses.	Conoral	Davalanment proposals that fall
How does the Council, as a	General	Development proposals that fall
Competent Authority justify the		within the scope of Nutrient
pollution of the Teesmouth and		Neutrality will need to comply
Cleveland SPA / RAMSAR site,		

without having any mitigating nutrient neutrality measures in hand.		with Publication Local Plan Policy NE8.
Please indicate how the development of green field sites amounting to over 8000 houses reconciles with a climate emergency.	General	The Local Plan will be the statutory development plan, and has been prepared in accordance with legislation and national planning policy.
The reference to swift bricks in the Green Infrastructure checklist is very welcome, implementing paragraph 023 of NPPG Natural Environment 2019, but more detail is required for effective implementation. Therefore, please add to the policy: Swift bricks to be installed in new developments including extensions, in accordance with best-practice guidance such as BS 42021 or CIEEM which require at least one swift brick per home on average for each development. Artificial nest cups for house martins may be proposed instead of swift bricks where an ecologist specifically recommends it.	General	No policy amendments required.

Policy GR2 Green Wedges

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Request that particular consideration be undertaken to protect Green Spaces in: Church Lane - The Nunthorpe community asks Middlesbrough Council to acknowledge the creative development of Triangle Wood by zoning the adjacent field as a Local Green Space in addition to its designation relating to nutrient neutrality. Muirfield Park - The Nunthorpe community welcomes that Muirfield Park has not been	Statutory	The Council does not consider it appropriate to designate these sites as Local Green Space.

zoned for housing, but requests		
that the space be positively		
zoned as a Local Green Space.		
Conservation Area - The		
preservation of the entire		
Conservation Zone is welcome,		
including the area Southwest of		
Grey Towers Farm which has		
recently been the subject of a		
planning application.		
Policy GR2 Green Wedges, goes	Statutory	The Green Wedges have been
against the Stainton and		reviewed alongside the broader
Thornton adopted		development requirements that
Neighbourhood Plan, Policy ST8:		the plan seeks to address. It is
Design Principles for New		necessary to change the Green
Residential Developments Part 1		Wedge designations in a number
section 6 Avoid contributing to		of places.
the coalescence of Stainton and		
Thornton with other areas of		
Greater Middlesbrough and		
surrounding urban areas.		
Acklam Hall Estates land north of	General	No policy amendments required.
Acklam Hall (ACK3) is identified		The most recent Green Wedge
as part of a wider Green Wedge		assessment recommends that
which is located within the urban		this area be included in the Green
area of Middlesbrough, and it is		Wedge.
considered that it does not meet		
the requirements of these		
policies and therefore should not		
be allocated as such, specifically but it does not fulfil the function		
of preventing the merging of		
neighbourhoods, and the site no		
longer performs any formal		
green infrastructure or recreational function. (Para 6.12)		
There is no reason why the		
Council's assessment should		
have changed between 2017 and		
now. The site should therefore be		
removed from the green wedge		
designation.		
As currently worded, the	General	Policy wording amended.
requirements of part e) are	General	i oney wording afficiliaca.
unclear, with the wording		
suggesting that all of the		
requirements of Policy GR3,		
which specifically relates to		
existing Open Space as defined		
on the policies map, would apply		
to every Green Wedge site.		
to every dicell weage site.	1	

Suggest that the wording 'where applicable' be applied to part e)		
to clarify this matter. Would like to see additional text be added to the policy wording setting out that Green Wedges will not be removed from the Local Plan in future reviews without having undertaken an open space/green wedge review first which will be consulted upon as part of the plan making process.	General	The Green Wedge Study was undertaken in 2023, and made available here Evidence library Middlesbrough Council, the report has been used to inform the DLP.
Policy GR2 should be amended to indicate that Green Wedges adopted in the Council's 2014 Local Policies Plan should remain undisturbed.	General	The Green Wedge Study was undertaken in 2023, and made available here Evidence library Middlesbrough Council, the report has been used to inform the Publication Local Plan.
Multiple comments that suggest the policy is contradictory to proposed developments being allocated on areas that could be green wedge allocations. Specifically Mandale Meadow and land at Cavendish Road.	General	The Green Wedges have been reviewed alongside the broader development requirements that the plan seeks to address. It is necessary to change the Green Wedge designations in a number of places.
Policy GR2 Green Wedges - needs removing as The Council cannot promise to protect and enhance Green Wedges but then allow development within Green Wedges.	General	The Green Wedges have been reviewed alongside the broader development requirements that the plan seeks to address. It is necessary to change the Green Wedge designations in a number of places.
Protect all remaining green wedge allocations as village green or LGS status.	General	The Green Wedges have been reviewed alongside the broader development requirements that the plan seeks to address. It is necessary to change the Green Wedge designations in a number of places. It is not considered appropriate to designate these areas as suggested.

Policy GR3 Existing Open Space, Sport and Recreation Facilities

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	

	I a	
With regard to criterion (b)	Statutory	No policy amendments required.
Enhancement - propose that		
reference to suitable criteria		
would strengthen the application		
of this policy.		
With regard to criterion (c) note	Statutory	No policy amendments required.
the council's GBI Strategy		
reference to the critical		
importance of the local		
community in terms of GBI		
design, delivery and optimal use.		
Propose that this criterion is		
amended to include suitable		
reference to input from the local		
community in order not to		
inadvertently undermine existing		
locally valued areas of open space and provide scope for		
feedback on the merits of		
proposed alternative GBI/open		
space.		
Object to the fact that a	General	Once the Country Park has been
designation of Local Green Space	General	provided the Council considers
has been proposed to the north		that it would be appropriate to
of the allocation of HO4a		designate this as Local Green
Stainsby.		Space. The designation will
,		happen only once the Country
		Park is provided.
The land to the north of Acklam	General	Green wedges may include green
Hall (ACK3) is identified as		space in private ownership to
existing open space, sports and		which the public has no right of
recreational facilities under draft		access but is considered
policy GR3 of the emerging Local		important for its visual amenity
Plan.		value and/or its ecological value.
The site is privately owned and		
does not form any function as		
open space and it is therefore		
considered that the site should		
not be identified as open space		
on the proposals map.		
It is considered that for clarity	General	No policy amendments required.
and to aid decision making		
additional text should be added		
to the final paragraph to read		
'A proposal that results in the		
whole or partial loss of a Local		
Green Space or would undermine the reasons for its		
designation will not be		
supported unless there are very		
special circumstances, in		
special circumstances, iii	l	

accordance with national planning policy which sets out that Local Green Space should be consistent with Green Belt.'		
Multiple comments that request green space be saved as it is important to Middlesbrough's residents. Specifically green space such as Mandale meadow should not be lost to development.	General	The Publication Local Plan identifies open space designation where the Council considers it appropriate.
It is suggested that the parcels of land to the east and to the west of Newham Hall should be designated as Local Green Space.	General	It is not considered appropriate to designate these areas as suggested.

Policy GR4 New Open Space, Sport and Recreation Provision

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Scope exists for the policy to refer to the Council's GBI Strategy and action plan. Propose the policy makes clear this reference source.	Statutory	The policy states 'in accordance with Policy NE1', which identifies the need for development to (criterion i) have regard to the requirements of the GBI Strategy and Action Plan, including the GBI checklist.
Where proposals for new open spaces or sport/recreation facilities are not part of a broader planning application, they may be considered a 'project' in their own right. Recommend that you're the Council considers if this policy should reference policy GR6 (Nutrient Neutrality) and the need to undertake a Habitats Regulations Assessment for proposals that could result in additional nitrogen entering the Tees hydrological catchment.	Statutory	No policy amendments required.
Would welcome reference to opportunities for food growing within this policy.	General	No policy amendments required.
Policy GR4 states that new open space should be integral and central to the design of new	General	No policy amendments required.

developments. Policy GR4		
contradicts Policy HO4a criteria o		
which states that other open		
space should be provided		
throughout the development.		
Policy GR4 Criteria states that a	General	No policy amendments required.
new country park and playing		
pitches should be delivered as		
part of the Stainsby allocation.		
Developers should only be		
responsible for providing what is		
required within their phase		
under pending applications.		
There are no allotments allocated	General	No policy amendments required.
for in the local plan		Allotments have been identified
		for protection where
		appropriate.
Policy GR4 states that new open	General	Policy NE4 Criterion a-i identify
space should be integral and		new open space and sport and
central to the design of new		recreation facility requirements
developments. To ensure that		for specific allocations within
Policy GR4 is effective, the		Plan. No policy amendments
Council should stipulate the		required
requirement for open space		
provision on allocated sites. For		
instance, the Council could adopt		
a similar approach to that taken		
by Sunderland City Council and		
set out the minimum amount of		
open space in hectares to be		
provided per number of		
bedspaces created through the		
development.		
Objection to Criteria f. regards	General	No policy amendments required.
the need for a play area, and		
requests the requirement be		
removed here and Policy HO4p.		
Multiple comments regards the	General	No policy amendments required.
loss of Mandale Meadow,		,
specifically in the respect that		
there is ample existing open		
space without any of the new		
proposals. Suggestions to leave is		
as it is, new open space is not		
required.		
loss of Mandale Meadow, specifically in the respect that there is ample existing open space without any of the new proposals. Suggestions to leave is as it is, new open space is not	General	No policy amendments required.

Policy GR5 Biodiversity and Geodiversity

Supporting text comments

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Council does not have a specific policy on BNG but has included detail in the supporting text. Strong recommendation that Council consider adding a policy to set out the requirements of BNG and how the delivery of BNG will be spatially prioritised to contribute to the Tees Valley LNRS and your authority's GBI Strategy.	Statutory	New Publication Local Plan Policy NE7 deals with BNG.
You have stated "Within the Middlesbrough boundary is the Teesmouth and Cleveland Coast SPA which is also a 'Ramsar' site and has international protection". This should be corrected to reflect the fact that the SPA and Ramsar boundaries are not the same and that the areas of the SPA that are also a Ramsar site are not located within the Middlesbrough boundary.	Statutory	Text amended.
You have stated "The Teesmouth and Cleveland Coast Special Protection Area (the SPA) is a complex of discrete coastal and wetland habitats centred on the Tees estuary". We recommend amending this sentence to include reference to the Teesmouth and Cleveland Coast Ramsar site, as well as SPA. It may be simplest to refer to the Teesmouth and Cleveland Coast SPA/Ramsar throughout the Local Plan.	Statutory	Text amended.

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
The reading of the different narrative sections seems quite standalone and disjointed. There is an opportunity for this policy to be more cohesively linked and	Statutory	Policy wording has been revised and split into Publication Local Plan Policies NE5 and NE6 to address this point.

help to drive other policies. The		
descriptions of the international,		
national, and local sites are great,		
but it would read better if they		
were moved before the sections		
on BNG and Local Nature		
Recovery Strategies (LNRS). This		
would mean that the context of		
the important sites that are		
located in Middlesbrough,		
including the importance of		
biodiversity and geodiversity, are		
stated first, which would better		
lead into how BNG and LNRS will		
aim to protect and enhance these		
sites.		
This policy does not give adequate	Statutory	Policy wording has been revised
weight to protected species as the	Statutory	and split into Publication Local
policy focuses heavily on statutory		Plan Policies NE5 and NE6 to
and non-statutory designated		address this point.
sites. Despite mentioning species		dudiess this point.
and habitats of principal		
importance, there is no mention		
of these within the policy and		
how it will ensure their protection		
and retention. As an example,		
there is an important urban		
population of water vole in the		
watercourses throughout		
Middlesbrough. The policy could		
be strengthened by putting		
forward a position of 'no		
development' within a buffer		
around the watercourses.		
Point C, which discusses locally	Statutory	Policy wording has been revised
important sites, could be		and split into Publication Local
improved by including within the		Plan Policies NE5 and NE6 to
policy, or in its supporting		address this point.
narrative, an example of the sites		
that this local plan is aiming to		
protect.		
The sentence in the policy which	Statutory	Policy wording has been revised
states 'opportunities to de-culvert	·	and split into Publication Local
watercourses will be encouraged'		Plan Policies NE5 and NE6 to
could be improved by changing it		address this point.
to 'opportunities to de-culvert		
and/or to restore the natural form		
and processes of watercourses		
will be encouraged.' This point of		
the policy could also go into		

further to detail on which		
proposals should seek these		
opportunities and in which		
situations.		
This policy should also include	Statutory	Policy wording has been revised
reference to invasive non-native		and split into Publication Local
species (INNS), which are		Plan Policies NE5 and NE6 to
currently not considered. The		address this point.
policy should include a stipulation		
that any development on a site		
demonstrated to have INNS		
present, should include a robust		
plan for their treatment and		
removal to prevent their spread.		
The relevant legislation is not	Statutory	Supporting text has been revised
specified in this policy. You may		to include reference to
wish to consider including		legislation.
reference to the Conservation of		
Habitats and Species Regulations		
2017 (as amended), the Wildlife		
and Countryside Act 1981, and		
(although not legislation) the		
National Planning Policy		
Framework.		
With regard to the introductory	Statutory	Supporting text has been revised.
text – recommend that the	,	
mitigation hierarchy is set out in		
three separate sentences to avoid		
any misunderstanding that		
mitigation and compensation can		
be considered simultaneously. It		
also would strengthen the policy		
to specify that compensation will		
only be relevant in exceptional		
circumstances.		
With regard to criterion "a.	Statutory	Policy wording has been revised
Internationally important sites" -		and split into Publication Local
Clear reference should be made		Plan Policies NE5 and NE6 to
to the need to undertake a		address this point.
Habitats Regulations Assessment		The points
and what that process involves,		
including Stage 1 (screening for		
likely significant effects), Stage 2		
(appropriate assessment), Stage 3		
(Derogations).		
With regard to criterion "a.	Statutory	Policy wording has been revised
Internationally important sites" -	Statutory	and split into Publication Local
Clear reference should be made		Plan Policies NE5 and NE6 to
to the relevant strategic		address this point.
document that sets out your		
authority's approach to managing		

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recreational impacts to coastal		
designated sites. In addition, the		
6km buffer that is referenced here		
is not clearly on the draft Policies		
Map. This should be corrected.		
With regard to criterion "a.	Statutory	Policy wording has been revised
Internationally important sites" -		and split into Publication Local
Additional clarity is needed		Plan Policies NE5 and NE6 to
regarding your statement about		address this point.
nutrient neutrality. 'Nutrient		
Neutrality' is a strategic approach		
to mitigating the impacts of new		
overnight accommodation, which		
enables this type of development		
to be progressed whilst		
preventing additional nutrients		
reaching the affected designated		
site. However, all development		
types that result in additional		
nutrients being discharged into a		
relevant hydrological catchment		
should be assessed through the		
HRA process. This includes		
agricultural, industrial and		
commercial developments. Some		
of which may not be able to fully		
mitigate their impacts and your		
authority may need to consider if		
they should be progressed to		
Stage 3 of the HRA. Non-		
residential developments should		
be considered on a case-by-case		
basis.		
Air quality impacts to	Statutory	No changes required.
internationally designated sites		
are referenced in the supporting		
text to GR5 but this is not		
mentioned or elaborated on in		
the policy text. It would		
strengthen the policy if a specific		
criterion were added to clarify		
your approach to air quality		
impacts and if a strategic		
approach can be taken.	Conoral	No policy amondments required
Object with regards to the	General	No policy amendments required.
proposed designation of a Local Wildlife Site to the north of the		
Stainsby allocation under Policy		
HO4a, as concerned that there is		
no evidence or justification provided to include it within the		
provided to include it within the		

retained allocation, and is not a requirement of the adopted Local Plan.		
Green and Blue Infrastructure contains limited information relating to woodland creation or tree planting. Policies GR1, GR5 and GR6 in association with Local Nature Recovery, Biodiversity Net Gain, protecting and enhancing biodiversity and water quality could be addressed through woodland creation in line with tree planting targets where appropriate.	General	Policies NE4 and specific housing allocation policies provide criteria which identify creation of new open space etc. No policy amendments required.
Disappointed that the policy does not set a minimum requirement for deliverable biodiversity net gain in line with the Environment Act - which is recognised in the supporting text. The Council should remove the words 'wherever possible' from the second paragraph, especially as by the time the Local Plan is adopted small sites will also be expected to deliver BNG. The Council should be ambitious and strive for a much more progressive % target, e.g. a minimum of 20% on larger sites.	General	Achievement of Biodiversity Net Gain is set out in Policy NE1, with requirements regarding biodiversity also set out in other policies such as NE5, NE7, CR2, and CR3. No policy amendments required.
NPPF indicates that plans should distinguish between the hierarchy of international, national and locally designated sites; Councils should allocate land with the least environmental or amenity value. What evidence can the Council produce to illustrate that it has undertaken an objective assessment of its alternative housing allocations, taking account of the SPA / RAMSAR site?	General	Work on a Habitats Regulation Assessment has been undertaken and forms part of the evidence base for the Publication Local Plan.
Various comments regards Mandale Meadow and the loss of wildlife/flora/fauna should the proposed elements go ahead. Specifically, no amount of	General	Policy HO4a, sets out various criterion to protect and enhance our green and blue infrastructure. Criteria m, more specifically identifies that development proposals should

mitigation will replace the existing biodiversity.		enhance the wildlife site in the north of the site and provide compensatory provision for any loss of habitat required for highway access.
The policy is contradictory to the Hemlington Grange proposal, as it will see the loss of existing woodland.	General	The Hemlington Grange proposal is being brought forward in line with the outline planning approval.
Given the housing allocations are on Greenfield sites, with established habitats, the policy is contradictory.	General	Middlesbrough would not be able to achieve its identified housing requirement on brownfield sites alone. The development of some greenfield sites would be required. A balanced approach has been taken to ensure development can take place whilst protecting and enhancing habitats as appropriate.

Policy GR6 Nutrient Neutrality Water Quality Effects

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
A point within the policy refers	Statutory	
to the creation of constructed		No policy amendments required.
wetlands as a provision of		
alternative mitigation for		
nutrient impacts. This		
represents an excellent		
opportunity for BNG and the		
creation of functional sites that		
support protected species. This		
policy could be strengthened by		
linking back to other policies in		
the Local Plan more directly. If		
competent and experienced		
conservation bodies and/or		
consultants are engaged, it		
could result in multiple benefits		
such as the creation of habitat		
of principal importance (such as		
reedbed) and deliver benefits		
for flood risk.		

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The sentence within this policy that states "permission will only be granted where effects can either be excluded or, if that is not possible, appropriately mitigated" could be improved by adding further detail as to how it is expected to be appropriately mitigated. The current wording may be subject to interpretation. Equally, the sentence: "when making planning decisions which may affect these sites", could be reworded or include information to explain what is meant by 'these sites.'	Statutory	Policy amended to refer to "protected sites".
Recommend that this policy also notes that development should not create a pathway for nitrates to enter and impact groundwater.	Statutory	Policy wording amended.
The policy states: "The provisions of the Regeneration and Levelling Up Act 2023 include a duty for water authorities in nutrient neutrality areas to upgrade their waste treatment works by 2030. This will help ensure nitrogen is removed before it is discharged into affected rivers. Once these upgrades are in operation, it is expected that the requirements of the habitats regulations, in respect of Nutrient Neutrality, will be satisfied." This statement is incorrect and should be corrected. The upgrades to wastewater treatment works are not expected to fully mitigate the additional nitrogen from new overnight accommodation proposals nor are these upgrades necessarily relevant to other development types.	Statutory	Policy wording amended.
The Nutrient Neutrality Budget Calculator was updated following the publication of the Notice of Designation of Sensitive Catchment Areas 2024.	General	Policy wording amended.

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The updated calculator accounts		
for the water treatment works		
due to be upgraded by 2030.		
Therefore, recommend that the		
Council revisits its reference to		
'Any mitigation for Nutrient		
Neutrality must be provided 'in		
perpetuity'' as the measures		
referred to at sub-section b)		
would not need to be provided		
only until April 2030.		
It is important that planning		
decisions continue to be taken		
based on material planning		
considerations. The need for		
mitigation in perpetuity is no		
longer appropriate.		
This policy places a lot of		
emphasis on the development		
industry to protect water		
quality, to ensure water		
resources, to protect the		
environment and to create		
nutrient neutrality, whereas		
most of the actual responsibility		
for these elements will be		
reliant on the work of the water		
industry.		
The Council may also want to	General	
update paragraph 6.27 of the		Supporting text amended and new
justification text in light of the		Policy NE7 Biodiversity Net Gain.
latest policy and guidance in		
relation to biodiversity net gain.		
The Local Plan Viability	General	The Publication Local Plan has been
Assessment (2018) evidence		informed by a new Local Plan
base has not been updated to		Viability Assessment (2024)
reflect the presence of Nutrient		
Neutrality, which can have a		
significant impact on the		
viability of sites being delivered		
in the authority. Recommend		
the Local Plan Viability		
Assessment (2018) is updated to		
reflect the above		
Policies GR1, GR5 and GR6 in	General	No Policy amendments required.
association with Local Nature		
Recovery, Biodiversity Net Gain,		
protecting and enhancing		
biodiversity and water quality		
could be addressed through		
woodland creation in line with		

tree planting targets where		
appropriate.		
Do not consider the policy is	General	Policy retained with amended
necessary for inclusion within	General	wording.
the Local Plan. Nutrient loading		wording.
is already controlled without the		
addition of a Local Plan policy		
which could place unnecessary		
controls on something which is		
evolving very quickly. It is		
possible that other solutions to		
Nutrient Neutrality emerge		
which the policy does not		
currently recognise. In its		
current form Policy GR6 is		
therefore not considered sound		
due to its conflict with national		
policy as per NPPF paragraph		
35.		
Additional flexibility in the policy	General	Policy wording amended.
wording to allow developers to		
reassess should the		
circumstances change, for		
example if the national		
circumstances change again.		
The criteria set out within the	General	Policy wording amended in some
policy to achieve mitigation for		parts, but do not agree this needs
nutrient neutrality should be		to be hierarchical as suggested.
hierarchical e.g.		
'A – the provision of alternative		
mitigation on site, that could		
include: i. changing the use of		
land []; ii the development of		
infrastructure that removes []		
B – the provision of alternative		
mitigation off-site;		
C – The purchase of credits from		
the Natural England Mitigation		
Scheme.'		
Whilst it is recognised that		
credits are a form of off-setting,		
the aim should be for nutrients		
to be removed from any		
discharge into the River Tees or		
tributaries, As such the		
opportunity to purchase credits,		
whilst necessary should be a last		
resort.		
Council owned land shown on	General	The land has been used for
	General	
the Policies map south of		agriculture immediately prior to its
Newham Hall does not meet the		consideration for Nutrient

	,	
definition of agricultural land. It		Neutrality. The designation will be
is classified as historic parkland,		retained.
being part of the Grade 2 listed		It is not possible to place such a
Newham Hall estate of John		restriction on land through policy.
Mills. As such, the designation		Mitigation for Nutrient Neutrality
should be removed, and grazing		must accord with the legislation.
returned to the historic		The Council has already agreed an
parkland.		approach to achieve Nutrient
An objection is submitted that		Neutrality on its land holdings and
the GR6 allocation insofar as it		the Local Plan seeks to safeguard
pertains to land to the south of		this approach.
Newham Hall should be deleted		
from the Policies Map.		
Following on from the above, as		
set out in other responses, the		
respondent considers that on all		
greenfield housing allocations		
the requirement should be that		
nutrient neutrality be delivered		
within the extent of the housing		
allocation and development		
limits.		

Policy GR7 Climate Change and Flood Risk

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
It may be more appropriate to	Statutory	Policy structure has been
include impacts to water quality		amended. Publication Local Plan
within a different or more		Policy NE9 Climate Change and
focused policy in the Local Plan,		NE10 Flood Risk and Water
rather than be included here.		Management.
The title of the supporting	Statutory	Policy structure has been
chapter that accompanies this		amended.
policy is titled 'Climate Change,		
Flood Risk and Water		
Management', whilst the policy		
title seems to omit the 'water		
management' point. We would		
recommend that this wording is		
included within the policy title.		
This policy could include, or	Statutory	No policy amendments required.
within its supporting narrative,		
references to minimising the risk		
of pollution as per Section 85 of		
the Water Resources Act 1991		
It should be noted in the policy	Statutory	Supporting text amended.
narrative that the stretch of the		
River Tees in this area is a		

	I	
tidal/transitional waterbody.		
New drainage systems within		
the estuary must ensure no		
erosion, scour or loss of WFD		
higher and lower sensitivity		
habitat where possible. This may		
involve designing scour		
protection at outfall sites.		
Point E of this policy has missed	Statutory	Publication Local Plan Policy NE10
a circumstance where a Flood		sets out amended approach.
Risk Assessment (FRA) is		
required. Government guidance		
also states that an FRA is		
required for developments less		
than 1ha in size in Flood Zone 1,		
including a change of use in		
development type to a more		
vulnerable class (for example		
from commercial to residential),		
where they could be affected by		
sources of flooding other than		
rivers and the sea (for example		
surface water drains or		
reservoirs).		
Middlesbrough has areas at risk	Statutory	Publication Local Plan Policy NE10
of groundwater flooding,		sets out amended approach.
however, flood risk from this		
source is overlooked within this		
policy. The opening line of this		
policy could be improved by		
stating: 'Flood risk from all		
sources will be taken into		
account at all stages in the		
planning process to avoid		
inappropriate development in		
areas at current or future risk'.		
	_	
Point F i-iii in this policy includes	Statutory	Publication Local Plan Policy NE10
the wording 'or where not		sets out amended approach.
reasonably practicable'. Would		
recommend changing this		
wording to 'or where not		
suitable'. This would then cover		
where the land is unlikely to be		
suitable for drainage or where		
the land use poses a high		
pollution risk.	Chatasham	No about the state of
Paragraph 6.51 within this policy	Statutory	No changes required.
narrative explains that		
opportunities will be sought,		
where possible, to maintain and		

	T	
enhance the biodiversity and		
habitat of watercourses through		
protecting or restoring natural		
channel morphology. This is		
welcomed, but it could be		
strengthened by providing		
further details of how the plan		
will aim to achieve this. The		
Local Plan could be more		
ambitious by outlining a		
dedicated plan or policy which		
details how watercourses will be		
improved, which watercourses		
will be improved, and what		
measures will be taken to		
improve riverine habitat for		
aquatic species.		
Paragraph 6.51 could also be		
strengthened by replacing		
'wherever possible' with		
'measures must be identified', or		
an alternative action must be		
identified if measures are		
robustly assessed as not		
possible	a.	
Recommend adopting suitable	Statutory	Publication Local Plan Policy NE10
policies that address the wider		sets out amended approach.
impacts of climate change and		
how to become climate resilient		
regarding these wider impacts.	Clatera	D. H. C.
SuDS have mainly been	Statutory	Publication Local Plan Policy NE10
described as means to address		sets out amended approach.
flood risk, omitting the potential		
of strategic nature based		
solutions to contribute to wider		
climate change resilience.	Statutory	Publication Local Plan Policy NE10
In this policy no consideration is	Statutory	•
given to the potential use of other nature based solutions for		sets out amended approach.
climate mitigation and		
adaptation e.g. woodland		
creation.		
Recommend the consideration	Statutory	Publication Local Plan Policy NE10
and inclusion of "resilience" in	Statutory	sets out amended approach.
this policy. As per supporting		sets out amenaca approach.
paragraph 6.43 water is also a		
finite resource and should be		
used efficiently. Although the		
North East is not classed as an		
existing water stretched region,		
we are mindful of the need to		
we are minutal of the fleed to	l	

build resilience into new development wherever possible. Population growth, rising water use, and climate change are increasingly affecting water		
resources across the UK. If water efficiency action is not		
increased, the UK could be hit		
by water shortages by 2050.		
Recommend that the emerging		
Local Plan makes clear policy		
reference to water efficiency		
measures.		
Mandale Road, and the A19 between the A66 and A174 are prone to flooding, a road	General	Work on a Strategic Flood Risk Assessment has been undertaken and forms part of the evidence
through Mandale Meadow		base for the Publication Local Plan.
would exacerbate these existing		
issues.		
Concerns raised around flooding	General	Work on a Strategic Flood Risk
with numerous housing sites		Assessment has been undertaken
proposed on greenspaces.		and forms part of the evidence
More specifically, numerous		base for the Publication Local Plan.
concerns re. Mandale Meadow		

Policy GR8 Renewable and Low Carbon Energy

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Concerned that the policy provides little detail on adapting buildings to increase energy efficiency including retrofit. Whilst we are supportive of the urgent need to address climate change impacts, careful consideration must be given to the impact of proposals on heritage assets.	Statutory	Chapter 3 Creating Quality Places, specifically Polices CR1, CR2 and CR3 require development to adapt to and minimise the likely impacts of climate change, by seeking to achieve zero carbon buildings and incorporating energy efficiency measures into the fabric of a building.
Suggest a separate policy on energy efficiency within existing buildings including the role of embodied carbon.		Policy CR3 requires a Heritage Impact Assessment for development affecting a heritage asset. The policies in the Historic Environment Chapter will also be

		used to consider proposals affecting heritage assets.
The policy could be strengthened by including further narrative on the importance and benefits of renewable energy. This policy targets standalone energy installations, such as solar and wind farms, but further narrative and information could be provided on supporting and encouraging house-holder renewable energy installations.	Statutory	Chapter 3 Creating Quality Places, specifically Polices CR1, CR2 and CR3 require development to adapt to and minimise the likely impacts of climate change, by seeking to achieve zero carbon buildings and incorporating energy efficiency measures into the fabric of a building.
Point A within this policy should be amended to state that renewable and low-carbon energy development should be located and designed to also avoid unacceptable significant adverse impacts on land and water (surface and groundwater), in addition to those already listed.	Statutory	Policy wording amended.
This policy and/or supporting narrative has the opportunity to actively promote low carbon construction techniques and materials. A target could also be set for carbon capture projects, for example, increased tree planting, becoming an early connector into the Tees Cluster H2 production network and the Tees Cluster biogas producers, and aim to convert all offices to zero or low emissions.	Statutory	Chapter 3 Creating Quality Places, specifically Polices CR1, CR2 and CR3 require development to adapt to and minimise the likely impacts of climate change, by seeking to achieve zero carbon buildings and incorporating energy efficiency measures into the fabric of a building.
With regards to criterion "a." - Recommend that the term "wildlife" is replaced with a broader term for the natural environment. For example, it may be better to use the phrase 'biodiversity and geodiversity'	Statutory	Policy wording amended.
The policy reads more negatively than should be the case for a policy relating to renewable / low carbon energy. Furthermore, it does not take account of the planning balance	General	Chapter 3 Creating Quality Places, specifically Polices CR1, CR2 and CR3 require development to adapt to and minimise the likely impacts of climate change, by seeking to achieve zero carbon

that proposals should be considered against; whereby adverse impacts are considered appropriately against a scheme's wider benefits. As such, it could be bolstered to: 1. explicitly set out the Council's support for the development of low carbon energy; and 2. include appropriate caveats to ensure the planning balance is considered		buildings and incorporating energy efficiency measures into the fabric of a building. No policy changes required.
Criterion C should be added to strengthen the policy and be considered sound to read: 'any adverse cumulative impacts of proposals including to key vistas and the important setting of the North York Moors National Park,'	General	No policy changes required.
Numerous comments to suggest renewable energies such as solar panels, should be a requirement for all new housing.	General	Chapter 3 Creating Quality Places, specifically Polices CR1, CR2 and CR3 require development to adapt to and minimise the likely impacts of climate change, by seeking to achieve zero carbon buildings and incorporating energy efficiency measures into the fabric of a building.

Chapter 7 – Physical, Social and Environmental Infrastructure

Policy IN1 Strategic Infrastructure Provision

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
There is need for an evidence base approach to infrastructure identification and the need to demonstrate that such infrastructure is deliverable and able to be funded.	Statutory	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. By establishing what infrastructure needs to be delivered to accommodate the planned levels of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure.
No reference is made to improve road infrastructure to accommodate the extra developments. These sites should not be allocated/approved, until the Stainton Way Western Extension is fully implemented, and full traffic surveys are carried out to be ensure the road infrastructure is able to accommodate the extra traffic (Policy IN2, d i, ii and iii)	Statutory	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. By establishing what infrastructure needs to be delivered to accommodate the planned levels of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure.
Concerns raised with a draft policy that there is currently no evidence for at this stage with regards to the Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP). Reserve the right to comment upon publication of an up to date IDP.	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. By establishing what infrastructure needs to be delivered to accommodate the planned levels of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure.
There should be no additional housebuilding until the road networks have been improved	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by a Transport Study, alongside the Council's Integrated Transport Strategy. This evidence identifies the impacts that the proposed levels of housing and economic growth would have, taking into account proposed mitigation measures. The Council considers this

		approach to be acceptable in
		terms of impacts to the highway.
Additional infrastructure needs	General	Policy CR4 Developer
should be funded by developers,		Contributions, sets out the
with public monies used for		requirements a developer will
residents.		need to contribute towards as a
		consequence of a development.
		The level of development will be
		commensurate with the nature
		and scale of the proposal.

Policy IN2 Integrated Transport Strategy

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
A more robust inclusion of the Nunthorpe area is needed within the Transport Strategy as transport links are important in this area. The nearest District Centre being some distance from the village.	Statutory	The policy sets out the ambitions of an integrated and sustainable transport strategy for Middlesbrough collectively and within the wider Tees Valley. It would not be appropriate to specifically reference Nunthorpe here.
Would welcome reference to the England Coastal Path, which extends along a significant stretch of the riverside (from just east of the A66/A171 roundabout as far as the A1032 bridge crossing.	Statutory	The Council does not consider it appropriate to reference the Coastal Path in this policy, which reflects the adopted Integrated Transport Strategy.
The Council has been unable to deliver the infrastructure requirements set out in the 2014 HLP, required to support the housing allocations identified for South Middlesbrough, in particular the Stainton Way Western Extension, Ladgate Lane link road and the Nunthorpe Park and Ride, yet no reference is made to the implications arising from this and the impact of potential new housing allocations (Policy IN2, IN3)	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. By establishing what infrastructure needs to be delivered to accommodate the planned levels of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure.
The proposed greenfield site allocations in the draft Local Plan will exacerbate already significant traffic issues associated with the	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. By establishing what infrastructure

A10/A174/A1120 reads and		noods to be delivered to
A19/A174/A1130 roads, and		needs to be delivered to
should not be approved, until the		accommodate the planned levels
Stainton Way Western Extension is		of economic and housing growth,
fully implemented, to		the IDP will help ensure that new
accommodate the extra traffic		development is supported by
(Policy IN2, d ii)		appropriate infrastructure.
Residents have been misinformed	General	The provision of bus routes
regards the SWWE providing a bus		through the Stainsby site are
link.		supported through Policy HO4a.
Policy IN2 is not in accordance	General	No policy amendments required.
with NPPF Paragraph 35b. Whilst		
developers can ensure new		
development scheme roads can be		
designed and constructed suitable		
to be bus penetrable, the more		
complex aspect is securing the bus		
operators commitment to serve		
the new development in		
perpetuity, due to the commercial		
reality that it may not be viable		
with a low critical mass of new		
residents unless delivering large		
scale allocations. Even then, bus		
usage will be limited at the early stage phases of development.		
Even with interim funding and		
Travel Plan incentives, it remains a		
challenge.		
As such, Policy IN2 should be		
amended to read 'Enhancing and		
extending the accessibility to, and		
quality of the bus network where		
possible and viable, through' to		
allow an element of flexibility as		
the provision of a bus route is not		
essential to making a site		
accessible.		
decessible.		
With regards to paragraph d) we	General	The Publication Local Plan has
note that this aspect of Policy IN2	General	been informed by the
seeks to enhance road network		Infrastructure Delivery Plan. By
capacity and traffic flows through		establishing what infrastructure
implementing criteria i) – v) listed		needs to be delivered to
which includes reference to a		accommodate the planned levels
package of junction		of economic and housing growth,
improvements.		the IDP will help ensure that new
Insufficient information on what		development is supported by
this entails has been provided at		appropriate infrastructure.
this stage and request that this		
evidence base is presented. We		
would welcome consultation on		
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these measures, which it is		
assumed will take place within the		
IDP update. Whilst our clients		
have no issue with making		
contributions where evidenced		
and in line with the Regulation		
122 of CIL regulations 2010, so		
that they meet all three of the		
requirements of being necessary		
to make the development		
acceptable in planning terms,		
directly related to the		
development and fairly and		
reasonable related in scale and		
kind to the development. Further		
regard has to be given to the NPPF		
paragraph 115 and whether the		
infrastructure works are required		
in order to avoid a severe impact		
on the highway network.		
Strong objection to the	General	No policy amendments required.
continuation of the SWWE linking		This scheme is a key part of the
the B1380 and the A1130 through		Integrated Transport Policy, the
the Stainsby development. The		site allocation in Policy HO4a and
link road should be realigned to		the adopted Stainsby
avoid the local nature reserve and		Masterplan.
local green space.		
Numerous comments SWWE will		
not alleviate traffic. It will become		
a rat run, will congest Mandale		
meadow further, and increase		
pollution		
Multiple comments regards the	General	Criteria b of the policy sets out
public bus service, and		the requirements to enhance
improvements that are needed to		and extend the accessibility to,
service particular routes.		and quality of, the bus network
		through.
Multiple comments regards poor	General	Criteria a of the policy sets out
existing cycle lanes (Linthorpe		the requirements to enhance
Road) and the need for		and extend the accessibility to,
additional/improved routes.		and quality of, a safe pedestrian
		and cycle network.
A need for more rail stops are	General	Criteria c of the policy sets out
needed to reduce road traffic and		the requirements to enhance
improve congestion.		and extend the accessibility to,
		and quality of, the rail network
General comments regards the	General	The Publication Local Plan has
unnecessary housebuilding, which		been informed by the
will create more traffic problems.		Infrastructure Delivery Plan. By
		establishing what infrastructure
		needs to be delivered to

		accommodate the planned levels of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure. In addition, the Publication Local Plan has been informed by a Transport Study, alongside the Council's Integrated Transport Strategy. This evidence identifies the impacts that the proposed levels of housing and economic growth would have, taking into account proposed mitigation measures. The Council considers this approach to be acceptable in terms of impacts to the highway.
Baseline evidence for existing provision/issues should be identified to determine 'key points' of congestion/traffic problems.	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by a Transport Study, alongside the Council's Integrated Transport Strategy. This evidence identifies the impacts that the proposed levels of housing and economic growth would have, taking into account proposed mitigation measures. The Council considers this approach to be acceptable in terms of impacts to the highway.

Policy IN3 Transport Requirements for New Development

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Policy IN3 criteria d states that	General	No policy amendments required.
'where [EV] charging points are		
not provided for each dwelling,		
community charging points		
should be located in prominent		
areas with high levels of natural		
surveillance'. Our clients offer EV		
charging points as standard with		
all their plots, as has become a		
requirement through Building		
Regulations in 2022. As such, we		
would recommend that criteria		
D is deleted or updated to reflect		
this. It is therefore considered		
that Policy IN3 is not justified.		

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Numerous comments objecting	General	No policy amendments required.
to the inclusion of criteria f in		Bus routes can be secured where
Policy IN3 as it is not justified.		development would otherwise be
Developers can provide the road		unsustainable.
infrastructure to accommodate		
buses, however, it is ultimately		
to a large extent up to the bus		
operators to serve the new		
developments which is largely		
dependent on a critical mass of		
new residents. It should not		
preclude the delivery of central		
phases within allocated sites.		
Therefore, criteria f should be		
deleted to ensure the draft Local		
Plan is in accordance with		
paragraph 35b of the NPPF.	Conorol	The Dublication Level Division
Numerous comments state	General	The Publication Local Plan has
Council has been unable to		been informed by the
deliver the infrastructure		Infrastructure Delivery Plan. By
requirements set out in the 2014		establishing what infrastructure
HLP, required to support the		needs to be delivered to
housing allocations identified for		accommodate the planned levels
South Middlesbrough, in		of economic and housing growth,
particular the Stainton Way		the IDP will help ensure that new
Western Extension, Ladgate Lane		development is supported by
link road and the Nunthorpe		appropriate infrastructure.
Park and Ride, yet no reference		
is made to the implications		
arising from this and the impact		
of potential new housing		
allocations (Policy IN2, IN3)		
Concerns raised with the	General	No policy amendments required.
wording of part a) of the policy		
which requires highways layouts		
to be designed to 'naturally		
restrain vehicle speeds to 20mph		
or less without the need for		
traditional traffic calming'. In the		
first instance, it is requested that		
the LPA confirm what is defined		
as 'traditional traffic calming'.		
Also request further evidence on		
the validity, safety and		
deliverability of this		
requirement. As presented, this		
requirement has not been		
adequately justified and does		
not accord with national		
guidance as required by NPPF		
paragraph 35.		

In addition, multiple comments		
questioning the feasibility of		
20mph.		
The policy should remove the		
reference to the 20mph speed		
limit and by ensuring that the		
road layouts are designed to		
national standards, an		
appropriate speed limit for that		
area and road in particular		
would be applied. Where lower		
speeds are required, a flexible		
approach to achieving this needs		
to be considered which takes		
into account site constraints (e.g.		
level differences or site		
size/shape).		
Part of (e) of this policy requires	General	No policy amendments required.
the provision of high quality		
covered and enclosed cycle		
parking. The current wording of		
the policy suggests that covered		
cycle parking would be required		
for all dwellings. If this is not the		
case, the wording should be		
amended accordingly to confirm		
where covered parking would be		
required. If this is required,		
garages and sheds should be		
considered as covered cycle		
parking and included in the		
policy.		
Policy IN3 needs to be amended	General	No policy amendments required.
to incorporate the requirement		
to provide pavements on at least		
one side of any existing or new		
road, which currently does not		
have pavements and is impacted		
by a new housing allocation. To		
encourage greater levels of		
walking, associated with new		
developments, introduce		
pavements onto the B1365 and		
along the entirety of Brass Castle		
Lane, in order that people can		
access walking routes and public		
footpaths safely, without taking		
their lives in their hands when		
walking along these roads.		

More general comments regards new and improved safe walking and cycling routes.		
General comments regards additional proposed housing impacting negatively upon existing road infrastructure.	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by a Transport Study, alongside the Council's Integrated Transport Strategy. This evidence identifies the impacts that the proposed levels of housing and economic growth would have, taking into account proposed mitigation measures. The Council considers this approach to be acceptable in terms of impacts to the highway.

Policy IN4 Community Facilities

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
The population of Nunthorpe has grown significantly since the 2014 Plan. Request that provision to further extend the Community Centre is incorporated into the Middlesbrough Council Local Plan 2024 The criterion to justify the loss of community facility is not	Statutory Statutory	No policy amendments required. Policy HO4d, criterion g identifies the need to provide a community hub and community garden, community hall or place of worship. No policy amendments required.
considered effective. The disposal of redundant or no longer healthcare suitable sites and properties for best value (open market value) is a critical component in helping to fund new or improved services within a local area.		
Multiple comments regards the lack of community facilities and the need to improve existing and increase new facilities.	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. By establishing what infrastructure needs to be delivered to accommodate the planned levels of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new

development is supported by
appropriate infrastructure.

Policy IN5 Education Provision

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
Summary of issues raised	consultee	Response
The sites identified for potential new schools form part of greenfield housing allocations and it is, on balance, considered the overarching effect of such provision upon this objective is likely to be negative without associated mitigation. Further positive effects could be achieved where overall delivery of new schools incorporates wider measures for enhancement and biodiversity	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to include reference to protecting and enhancing biodiversity and geodiversity. All new development, including schools, will be subject to the overall approach set out in the plan, including Chapter 6 Natural Environment and specifically Policy GR7 Delivering Biodiversity Net Gain.
gains. Objection to criterion d for the following reason. Whilst recognising the resource implications of demanding maintenance schedules can be significant, quality buildings made from either innovative or traditional materials can make for inspiring learning space and important community assets. One of the reasons we value old building, including our schools and universities (see policy H12), is that they function as receptacles of longstanding municipal and community care and attention, with the patina of generations of Middlesbrough's schoolchildren, teachers, and caretakers, subsequently evident in the building's fabric. See suggested word changes.	General	Policy wording amended.
In terms of reserving land for primary school provision within allocations and the flexibility that they can be considered for appropriate alternative uses if	General	No policy amendments required. The primary school is a kay part of the scheme as included in the Stainsby Masterplan. Policy HO4a recognises its provision to be

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the school is not required.		"when need arises". The
However, we make cross		approach in IN5 sets out further
reference back to our concerns		detail on considerations should a
raised regarding Policy HO4a		new school not be needed.
criteria D) at paragraph 3.22 of		
this report, and request		
consistency is applied between		
Policy IN5 and the allocation		
policy HO4a criteria D) to ensure		
that the "if required" wording is		
introduced into the Stainsby		
allocation in relation to the		
primary school.		
Criteria G states that new	General	Policy wording amended.
education provision will 'provide	General	Folicy wording amended.
financial contributions and/or		
-		
physical works to reduce and		
manage the impact of car		
parking associated with the		
'school run' in the vicinity of the		
school sites'. We interpret that		
this contribution will be sought		
from the development of the		
school, however, we seek clarity		
that this contribution will not be		
sought from residential		
development proposals.		
With regard to the above,		
considered criteria g is not		
necessary to make the		
development at Stainsby		
acceptable nor does it directly		
relate to the development, and		
object to IN5 on this basis.		
Request that criteria g be		
removed from Policy IN5.		
Specific reference to:		
-Stainsby development		
-Holme Farm		
In addition:		
Policy IN5i requires the		
reservation of land for primary		
school provision at Stainsby.		
Because such a school would		
benefit residents more widely		
than those at Stainsby, the costs of reserving the land and		
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providing the schools should be borne more widely, too.		
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Multiple comments identify the	General	Paragraph 2 of the policy
need for more schools to serve		identifies specific locations for
the newer/proposed		primary school provision, which
developments in the area.		reflect proposed housing
		allocations.
In addition, sufficient parking		
should be provided for any new		Criterion f, g and h identify the
schools.		provision for sustainable travel
		related specifically to new school
		development.

Policy IN6 Health and Wellbeing

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Specific additional policy requirements to promote healthy developments should include: Provide access to healthy foods, including through access to shops and food growing opportunities (allotments and/or providing sufficient garden space) Design schemes in a way that encourages social interaction, including through providing front gardens, and informal meeting spaces including street benches and neighbourhood squares and green spaces. Design schemes to be resilient and adaptable to climate change, including through SUDs, rainwater collection, and efficient design. Consider the impacts of pollution and microclimates, and design schemes to reduce any potential negative outcomes. Ensure development embraces and respects the	Statutory	The policy has been amended following considerations of the issues raised here and in other comments. It is not appropriate to address all of the matters raised in this policy, with most points being dealt with through other policies in the plan.

context and heritage of the surrounding area. • Provide the necessary mix of housing types and affordable housing, reflecting local needs.		
Public Health South Tees propose an alternative supporting text and policy framework that explicitly foregrounds a HIA approach, draws on local data assets, national policy, and international guidance, and extends the definition of health to encompass both the community and planetary scale.	General	Policy wording amended.
Issues raised specifically with HIA requirements. The requirement for HIA for all major developments without any specific evidence that an individual scheme is likely to have a significant impact upon the health and wellbeing of the local population is not justified by reference to the PPG. Only if a significant adverse impact on health and wellbeing is identified should a HIA be required, which sets out measures to substantially mitigate the impact. In addition HIAs should be required on a site by site basis. Also the wording of 'major development' should be defined as either in accordance with the NPPF or differently.	General	Policy wording amended.
There is no mention of the Health and Wellbeing boards, or the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy for 2023-28 or working with partners or in a collaborative way in the Middlesbrough Draft Local Plan.	General	No policy changes required.
Policy is welcomed but should be strengthened with the follow wording 'all major development	General	Policy wording amended to set out a revised approach to HIA.

proposals, including those coming forward on allocated sites, should be supported by a Health Impact Assessment to demonstrate' (CPRE 45)		
Multiple comments pertain to loss of greenfield sites which are proposed for housing, yet could contribute to health and wellbeing of residents.	General	Policy wording amended to set out a revised approach to health. The plan seeks to ensure development proposals support healthy lifestyles.
The SWWE will contribute to ill health (physical and mental) due to loss of greenspace and additional traffic pollution.	General	Policy wording amended to set out a revised approach to health. The plan seeks to ensure development proposals support healthy lifestyles.

Policy IN7 Digital and Communications Infrastructure

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Policy IN7 should make clear that	General	No policy changes required.
the responsibility for the delivery		
of this infrastructure as whole		
lies with the communications		
industry, as the current wording		
places too much emphasis on		
developers being responsible.		
Multiple comments argue that		
the wording of the policy should		
align with the requirements of		
providing such infrastructure in		
accordance with Building		
Regulations, and that no		
additional onerous requirements		
are expected of developers.		

Policy IN8 Burial Grounds

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
The site allocated for burial	Statutory	Policy wording amended.
space at St Mary's Church is		
located adjacent to St Mary's		
Church a Grade II listed building		
and also adjacent to Nunthorpe		
and Poole Conservation Area.		

Any proposals for infrastructure associated with a burial ground will need to consider impact on these heritage assets.		
Potential inclusion of wording that states that proposals for burial ground infrastructure at adjacent St Mary's church will need to consider impact on the setting of nearby heritage assets.		
The opening sentence of this policy should be changed to read, 'The Council will protect all existing burial spaces and seek to re-use existing spaces for new burial spaces, where appropriate, and where environmental risks have been suitably assessed'. This will help to ensure that inappropriate sites are not selected for new burial spaces.	Statutory	Policy wording amended.
As potentially formalising and undertaking development on land currently considered as open space or greenfield there may be some minor negative impacts upon whatever habitat is present on those sites. Ensure regard is given to any potential biodiversity implication of change of use of sites through the decisionmaking process.	Statutory	No policy amendments required. All new development, including schools, will be subject to the overall approach set out in the plan, including Chapter 6 Natural Environment and specifically Policy GR7 Delivering Biodiversity Net Gain.

Chapter 8 – Managing the Historic Environment

Policy HI1 Strategic Historic Environment

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
, c	consultees	
A heritage topic paper may be a useful supporting evidence document as part of the examination identifying key themes for the historic environment at a local level. State those aspects referred to in paragraph 8.7 of the reasoned justification will be a priority for conservation and enhancement.	Statutory	Relevant topic papers will be prepared at a future stage. The Policy has been amended to include those aspects referenced in the supporting text.
Also recommend mentioning that the Council will work with partners to proactively find solutions to conserving and enhancing the historic environment within Middlesbrough. This includes heritage assets being an anchor and catalyst to regeneration schemes due to the sense of place they add and their importance to context and identity. State that the Council will work with partners to proactively find solutions to conserving and enhancing the historic environment within Middlesbrough. State opportunities will be sought to use the opportunity that the historic environment provides to act as an anchor for future regeneration projects such as Middlehaven.	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to reflect these comments.
There may also be an opportunity to provide specific reference to the Transporter Bridge given the importance of	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to reflect the comment in relation to the Transporter Bridge.

action to conserve and enhance		
this heritage asset.		
Potential to refer to cross	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to
boundary action between		reflect the comment in relation
Stockton and Middlesbrough		to the Transporter Bridge.
Councils and the Tees Valley		
Combined Authority to work in		
partnership to identify solutions		
for the conservation and		
enhancement of the Grade II*		
Transporter Bridge.		
Middlesbrough's heritage is	General	Middlesbrough's heritage is
important and should be		important and the Local Plan
preserved an enhanced		aims to set a positive strategy for
appropriately.		the historic environment as set
		out in the NPPF. Objective G and
		Chapter 8 of the DLP recognise
		historical assets and manage the
		historic environment.

Policy HI2 Designated Heritage Assets

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Listed buildings – we consider the criteria identified under this part of the policy would be better deleted from the policy on the basis that national policy for impacts on heritage assets relate to harm and public benefit. Whilst the criteria identified in the draft policy will likely form part of how conclusions are reached on this, to introduce it in local policy risks steering away from national policy at the risk of harm to heritage assets.	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to take account of this comment and the proposed wording change.
Conservation Areas – there should be reference to development proposals needing being guided by Conservation Area Appraisals where these have been prepared. There may also be the opportunity over the lifetime of the Plan to review conservation area designations	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to take account of this response including adding reference to Conservation Area Appraisals.

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within Middlesbrough or the		
potential for new designations in		
determining which parts of the		
borough are areas of special		
architectural or historic interest		
the character or appearance of		
which it is desirable to preserve		
or enhance, in accordance with		
S.69 of the Planning (Listed		
Buildings and Conservation		
Areas) Act 1990.		
Policy should be amended to		
state that development		
proposals should be guided by		
Conservation Area appraisals		
where relevant.		
State that the Council will over		
the lifetime of the plan shall		
review which parts of the		
borough are areas of special		
architectural or historic interest		
the character or appearance of		
which it is desirable to preserve		
or		
enhance and determine whether		
any changes are needed to		
designation.		
	I	

Policy HI3 Non- Designated Heritage Assets

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
It would improve clarity and focus of the management of the historic environment within Middlesbrough if the policy was separate out further with the potential for multiple policies including those for the local list, and further policies on non-designated heritage assets and archaeology. Consider separating policy to include separate policies on: Local List Archaeology Non-designated heritage assets	Statutory	The Policy has been split in accordance with the response with the following Policies created: • HI3 Non-Designated Heritage Assets and the Local List; and • HI4 Non-Designated Archaeology

It could be clearer, that the	Statutory	Policy HI3 and Policy HI2 have
section of the policy dealing with archaeology acknowledges		been amended to take account of this comment.
that there will be remains which		
are of national significance,		
(without just repeating the		
footnote in the NPPF) that these		
should be treated with the same		
sensitivity (and to the same Policy) as if they were a		
scheduled monument.		
seriedated monament.		
Need to state that non-		
designated archaeology of		
national significance will be		
treated with same sensitivity as		
if it was a scheduled monument		
Need to state that the majority of non-designated heritage		
assets which are of an		
archaeological nature will be		
taken into account and harm to		
them balanced against public		
benefits (paragraph 209 of the		
NPPF).		
The section of the policy dealing	Statutory	The Policy has been amended to
with information to be		provide clarity in relation to the
submitted with an application could be clearer that this is		information required as part of any planning application.
required in advance of		any pianing application.
determination – clearer wording		
would help. It also should		
include (as per NPPF) that as		
well as a desk-based		
assessment, an applicant may be		
required to produce an		
archaeological evaluation.		
Stating that where harm		
demonstrated to be outweighed by public benefit that there is a		
process in place with regards		
recording of finds.		
Consideration of benefits of the		This is not something that is
Council re-joining Tees		possible to address through the
Archaeology service.		Local Plan, no policy amendments
		required.
The land south of Newham Hall	General	The Local List and Local Plan are
has been designated as a Local		separate documents and
Green Space. However, whilst the Hall itself and a number of		processes, the former non- statutory and the latter statutory.
other structures are listed, the		The Local List is used to inform
other structures are listed, the		THE LOCALLIST IS USED TO ILLIOUD

parkland and landscape are not currently recognised by the Council, in its Local list. Request to add the Newham Hall parkland and landscape to the Local List.	the policies in the draft Local Plan and continues to be used to inform planning decisions, as required by the non-designated Heritage Asset policy in the National Planning Policy Framework. The Local List when it was originally drafted was a collaborative project to identify locally valuable heritage (non-designated Heritage Assets) in Middlesbrough. The Local List has been in place since 2011, There is no date set to renew it because of resources. If resources become available to review the Local List it will likely be a collaborative project again, with public engagement and a 'call for buildings and sites'.
Stewart Park should be added to the local list	The Local List and Local Plan are separate documents and processes, the former nonstatutory and the latter statutory. The Local List is used to inform the policies in the draft Local Plan and continues to be used to inform planning decisions, as required by the National Planning Policy Framework. The Local List when it was originally drafted was a collaborative project to identify locally valuable heritage (nondesignated Heritage Assets) in Middlesbrough. The Local List has been in place since 2011, There is no date set to renew it because of resources. If resources become available to review the Local List it will likely be a collaborative project again, with public engagement and a 'call for buildings and sites'.

This document was classified as: OFFICIAL

Appendices

Appendix 1 Monitoring Framework

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	consultee	
The Monitoring Framework would be stronger if more specific targets were adopted, and baselines are provided where this is possible. Natural England notes especially: • Chapter 3, Creating Quality Places – CR2 – Avoid loss of protected open space. No existing baseline is provided for this policy. • Chapter 6 - Green and Blue Infrastructure – GR 1, GR4 – Green infrastructure created (m2), target is to maximise this. This target in combination with the missing of a baseline makes for a very weak monitoring strategy. Natural England advises to reconsider the Monitoring Framework to provide baselines and set specific targets where possible.	Statutory	The monitoring framework has been amended to amend target and provide details on baseline.
It would be useful to include the actions to be taken if the targets are not met. More details as to how the plan will actually be monitored, and identifies when, why and how actions will be taken to address any issues identified, should be provided.	General	The supporting text indicates that the plan will be monitored through the Annual Monitoring Report which is published by the Council annually, no amendments to the Plan are required.
The framework currently lacks control and should be reviewed and simplified with accountability to the public.	General	The Monitoring Framework is considered appropriate to monitor the Policies in the Local Plan, no amendments to the Plan are required.

Appendix 2 Site Allocations Location Plans

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Diagrams to accompany the housing development proposals would have been more useful for location and size of the proposed developments within that part of the documentation rather than as an appendix found at the end of the online questionnaire.	General	Supporting text amended to include reference to site plans.

Appendix 3 Strategic/Non-strategic Policies

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Question as to why some areas are non-strategic. Other comments that the Appendix is confusing.	General	The Council is required to distinguish between strategic and non-strategic policies. Strategic policies are those
		necessary to address the strategic priorities of the area (and any relevant crossboundary issues), to provide a clear starting point for any nonstrategic policies that are needed.

Appendix 4 Superseded Policies

No comment raised.

Appendix 5 Key Diagram

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
The star showing the Local	General	The key diagram has been
Centre for the north of Low Lane		amended to reflect this
allocation HO4o should be next		comment.
to the sporting lodge hotel per		
the allocation policy and where		
this works alongside the existing		
facilities there is and accessible.		

Appendix 6 Housing Trajectory

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
Would welcome clarification from the Council as to the methodology and evidence used to prepare the housing trajectory table for existing allocations without planning permission, in particular relation to the Stainsby site. It references that the first completions will take place in 2026/2027 at a rate of 45 per year, then 90 per year for the remainder of the plan period.	General	The methodology for preparing the housing trajectory has been based on the most recent Strategic Housing Land Assessment, this has taken account of past build on rates.
Further re-emphasise the comments made in relation to Policy ST2 and the concerns surrounding the lack of specific site allocations in the Middlesbrough Development Corporation area, which is echoed in the Housing Trajectory at Appendix 6 as it does not set out the expected rate of delivery, which is not in line with Paragraph 76 of the NPPF. Multiple comments of this nature made by housing developers.	General	Policy ST3 on the MDD area has been amendment to provide more detail on the sites in the MDC area. In addition the housing trajectory has been updated to take account of these sites.

Appendix 7 Neighbourhood Plan Housing Allocations

No comments raised.

Appendix 8 Nationally Described Space standards

No comments raised.

Appendix 9 Green Blue Infrastructure Checklist

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
SMART objectives might provide	Statutory	The Green Blue Infrastructure
helpful guidance – Doorstep		Checklist is taken from the
standard - 15 mins and/or		adopted Green and Blue
3.0Ha/1000 metric?		Infrastructure Strategy

		therefore changes are unable to me made to it.
Welcome this checklist, and request the consideration and inclusion of:	General	The Green Blue Infrastructure Checklist references community growing therefore no changes to the Plan are required.
Object to the emphasis placed on SuDs ponds as an aesthetic and landscape feature. The foremost role of a SuDs pond is to attenuate water, and whilst SuDs ponds can be used for aesthetic purposes, this should not detract from the ultimate role of the attenuation feature. Request that criteria 4 be omitted from the checklist.	General	The Green Blue Infrastructure Checklist is taken from the adopted Green and Blue Infrastructure Strategy therefore changes are unable to me made to it. However the Council believes that SuDS can have a dual purpose. No changes to the Plan are required.
The housing allocation policies should align with No.10 Play on the checklist, as oppose to 1 large equipped play area. Request that the checklist is instilled in the policies contained within the draft Local Plan.	General	The Plan has been amended to reference the Green Blue Infrastructure Checklist in housing allocations policies.
Why are the Biodiversity items OPTIONAL! It defeats your whole case (if any) for creating "Country Parks"	General	The Council's approach to biodiversity is set out in the Natural Environment chapter particularly in Policy NE5 and NE7, no amendments to the Plan are required.
The reference to 'swift boxes' in item no.3 is welcome, however implementing paragraph 023 of NPPG Natural Environment 2019, but more detail is required for effective implementation.	General	It is considered the Green Blue Infrastructure Checklist provides a sufficient level of detail, no amendments to the Plan are required.

Appendix 10 Glossary

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general	Response
	comment	
It may be beneficial to add the	Statutory	The glossary has been amended
definition of Optimum Viable		to include reference to optimum
Use to the glossary:		viable use.

//.c.i		
"if there is only one viable use,		
that use is the optimum viable		
use. If there is a range of		
alternative economically viable		
uses, the optimum viable use is		
the one likely to cause the least		
harm to the significance of the		
asset, not just through necessary		
initial changes, but also as a		
result of subsequent wear and		
tear and likely future changes."		
Too complicated, with too many	General	The Glossary is a tool provided
fancy words.		as an alphabetical list of words
		relating to the draft local plan
		document; a brief dictionary.

Additional comments on Draft Local Plan

Summary of issues raised	Statutory or general consultee	Response
There is minimal text within this plan regarding water quantity, including a plan for how water is going to be provided to new development, which should be considered.	Statutory	Water efficiency is addressed through Publication Local Plan Policies CR2 and GR10.
Foul Drainage Advise that as part of informing your Local Plan, liaison is undertaken with Northumbrian Water Limited (NWL) regarding their foul network capacity and sewage treatment work capacity. We would expect that the foul flows, from the projected increase of 7,600 houses in Middlesbrough, would discharge to public sewer, which is NWL in this area. It is advisable that these discussions begin as early as possible so the projected growth of Middlesborough can be included in NWLs network improvement works, if necessary.	Statutory	NWL, as a statutory consultee, will be consulted at every stage of the Middlesbrough Local Plan.
Groundwater Protection There is currently no comment in the policies proposed regarding groundwater or Principal Aquifers within the Middlesbrough area, which should be given consideration. The Local Plan should ensure development proposals do not create a pollution pathway to the underlying groundwater aquifers and look to protect and enhance groundwater quality. The amount of available water should be protected and there should be no detrimental impacts (derogation or flood risk) in terms of groundwater and surface water connectivity. In making effective use of the land, brownfield, contaminated and unstable land should be included.	Statutory	The Publication Local Plan includes Policies on Nutrient Neutrality Water Quality (GR8) and Flood Risk (GR10). Other policies in the plan include requirements to prevent pollution (CR2) and give consideration to aquifers (CR6 Tall Buildings).

	T	
Policies should promote the		
remediation of land contamination		
to improve land quality that		
protects people and the		
environment.		
There is no reference to some key		
legislation relating to groundwater		
and contaminated land, including		
the Environmental Protection Act		
1990 and the Environment Act,		
which should be considered.		
Recommend considering reference	Statutory	Text has been updated to
to specific policies in the North	,	reference the Marine Plan.
East Marine Plan		
The primary consideration of	Statutory	The Publication Local Plan been
National Highways is Circular		informed by a Transport Study,
01/20221 – 'Strategic road		alongside the Council's Integrated
network and the delivery of		Transport Strategy. This evidence
sustainable development' (the		identifies the impacts that the
Circular). With particular reference		proposed levels of housing and
to this the following comments		economic growth would have,
have been made:		
Have been made.		taking into account proposed
Custoinability it is not clear as to		mitigation measures. The Council
Sustainability - it is not clear as to		considers this approach to be
how the sustainability policies		acceptable in terms of impacts to
(general) and site-specific		the highway.
requirements have been defined as		
there is no current visibility of any evidence base.		
evidence base.		
Specific allocations - • How have		
the sustainability credentials of the		
site allocations been weighed into		
the site selection process.		
The allocation policies contain		
some identified and specific		
sustainability (and transport)		
provisions. It is not clear as to how		
these have been defined as being		
the most appropriate / adequate		
to ensure the sites are sustainable		
(or can be made sustainable) and		
further information would be		
welcomed as to how they have		
been derived.		
Would welcome further information on the marketics of		
information on the mechanics of		
the table presented on pages 41 to		
48 of the SA; with a view to the		
outcomes achieved for the		
objective bundle that includes		

objective 11 focussed on 'reducing the need to travel and promoting the use of sustainable transport options'. Evidence base - Whilst an evidence base has been referred to throughout the Plan, National Highways has not been provided with any detail of the transport evidence base. In line with the Circular, it is vital that the strategies are underpinned by a		
clear and transparent evidence base which informs the authority's preferred approach, and we would therefore ask to discuss this in more detail with the Council.		
Infrastructure Identification, Deliverability and Funding - The general lack of information relating to the evidence base, appears to be at odds with the intentions of the Circular and National Highways would welcome further discussion in this regard.		
Natural England notes that no Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA) has been carried out to assess this Local Plan Proposal. A HRA should be carried out before proceeding to the next stage of the Local Plan process and we welcome discussion on how to approach	Statutory	A Habitats Regulation Assessment has been prepared and forms part of the evidence base for the Publication Local Plan.
There are significant health inequalities in the area (NHS ICS Strategy North East North Cumbria, Local Authority Health Profiles). There are several areas of low access to greenspace/high deprivation in the area Green Infrastructure Map (naturalengland.org.uk)	Statutory	A key theme throughout the DLP, Objective E specifically, places strategic emphasis upon the protection and enhancement of the Green and Blue Infrastructure Network.

Given these inequalities and the established links between access to nature and positive health benefits, particular regard should be given to questions around quality and extent of greenspace use throughout the Plan.		
There is no policy included in the local plan regarding sustainable soil management. Natural England advises that a policy is added that considers the protection of Best Most Versatile Land, and sustainable soil management as part of any development.	Statutory	No policy amendments required.
Local planning authorities are responsible for ensuring that they have sufficient detailed agricultural land classification (ALC) information to apply NPPF policies (Paragraphs 180 and 181). This is the case regardless of whether the proposed development is sufficiently large to consult Natural England.		
The Council should engage with the NHS, particularly the ICB, on an on-going basis as part of preparing the Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP). A sound IDP must include sufficient detail to provide clarity around the healthcare infrastructure required to support growth, and to ensure that planning obligations effectively support and result in capital funding towards delivery of the required infrastructure.	Statutory	NHS, as a statutory consultee, has been consulted at every stage of the Middlesbrough Local Plan. An Infrastructure Delivery Plan has been prepared to inform the Publication Local Plan. By establishing what infrastructure needs to be delivered to accommodate the planned levels of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure.
Appropriate healthcare costs should be factored into the Local Plan Viability Assessment for relevant typologies. Such an approach means that developers are adequately informed in advance that they may be required to make contributions towards healthcare infrastructure. A	Statutory	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by a new Local Plan Viability Assessment (2024). An Infrastructure Delivery Plan has been prepared to inform the Publication Local Plan. By establishing what infrastructure needs to be delivered to accommodate the planned levels

separate cost input for health infrastructure in the plan viability assessment would ensure that healthcare mitigation is appropriately weighted when evaluating the potential planning obligations necessary to mitigate the full impact of a development. This is particularly important in situations where a viability assessment demonstrates that proposals are unable to fund the full range of infrastructure requirements.		of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure.
It is not clear as to how the sustainability policies (general) and site-specific requirements have been defined as there is no current visibility of any evidence base. The approach to sustainability, its role in the site selection process (see below) and the evidence base (again, see below) is currently lacking in detail and should be made clearer. Whilst an evidence base has been referred to throughout the Plan, National Highways has not been provided with any detail of the transport evidence base. it is vital that the strategies are underpinned by a clear and transparent evidence base which informs the authority's preferred approach.	Statutory	An Infrastructure Delivery Plan has been prepared to inform the Publication Local Plan. By establishing what infrastructure needs to be delivered to accommodate the planned levels of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new development is supported by appropriate infrastructure. The Publication Local Plan has also been informed by a Transport Study, alongside the Council's Integrated Transport Strategy. This evidence identifies the impacts that the proposed levels of housing and economic growth would have, taking into account proposed mitigation measures. The Council considers this approach to be acceptable in terms of impacts to the highway.
The boundary of Middle Marsh Nature Reserve Local Wildlife Site (LWS) is still not correct. It only shows the area between the A66, Shepherdson Way and Ormesby Beck (and doesn't even include all of that as the top bit of Ormesby Beck where it runs parallel to the Shepherdson Way flyover is not shown). See attachments.	General	The boundary accords with the evidence "Local Wildlife Sites and Local Nature Reserves in Middlesbrough" prepared by the Tees Valley Wildlife Trust. No amendments required.

Multiple comments on DLP policies map - request that the Nutrient Neutrality designation on the Local Green Space on the historic parkland is removed from the Draft Local Plan Policies Map. Middlesbrough Council has made this designation without regard to the impact on the historic parkland.	General	The identification of land for Nutrient Neutrality is consistent with the Council decision to use the land for this purpose.
Recommend that the new plan contains a specific policy to protect, enhance and promote the understanding of the S&DR 1830 Middlesbrough Branch and Port Darlington, its remaining fabric and its setting. Such a policy would be consistent with corresponding policies in the adopted Local Plans for Durham County (policy 46), Darlington Borough (policy ENV2) and Stockton Borough (policy HE3). A policy should also be included to protect the surviving heritage assets and street pattern of the 'new town'. These policies can be informed by the Middlesbrough Branch Line Report 2018, included in the evidence library.'	General	New Policy HI5 has been included in the Publication Local Plan.
Whilst not a matter of soundness it would be helpful if the council could include clause / paragraph numbers within all of the policies. The numbering of each clause / paragraph within a policy will aid referencing for those making representations on the local plan as well as for applicants and decision makers following the adoption of the plan.	General	It is considered that the format of the policies in the Publication Local Plan provides sufficient clarity and useability.
A more up to date Viability Assessment than the 2018 document is required. It is considered that the former Northern School of Art on Green Lane located in the Linthorpe area of Middlesbrough site should be allocated for retail uses in the emerging Middlesbrough Local	General	The Publication Local Plan has been informed by a new Local Plan Viability Assessment (2024). The MRLS Stage 1 Need assessment (Sept 2020), concluded that in quantitative terms, no expenditure capacity had been demonstrated to support new convenience goods

Plan. The site is vacant and is waiting to be brought back to an economical use, which will also provide an important service to		retail floorspace in Middlesbrough.
the local community.		
The plan at present makes no reference to the provision of a district heating network. The Local Plan should include a policy to require new developments to connect, or allow provisions for future connection, to a heat network.	General	Building Regulations set standards for the design and construction of buildings to ensure the safety and health for people, and to help conserve fuel and power. No proposals have been put forward for District Heat Networks In Middlesbrough. As such it is considered such an approach would not be deliverable.
The Middlesbrough Development Corporation Masterplan (Supercharging development in Middlesbrough 2023) should be added to the list of key documents in Para 2.6.	General	Text updated to make reference.
Para 4.33 notes that outline planning permission has been granted for 'Outwood Riverside' in Middlehaven yet on the proposals map the site is described as 'Middlehaven Academy'. It is suggested that a consistent naming convention is needed to avoid confusion.	General	Policies Map amended for consistency.
The former Marton Country Club Middlesbrough site should be allocated for retail uses in the emerging Middlesbrough Local Plan. It is considered that a foodstore development will offer significant tangible benefits to the area, including employment opportunities; new facilities for local residents and businesses; and increased consumer choice.	General	The MRLS Stage 1 Need assessment (Sept 2020), concluded that in quantitative terms, no expenditure capacity had been demonstrated to support new convenience goods retail floorspace in Middlesbrough.
The Councils One Planet Living Strategy is not referenced in the key documents, nor is it made available in the Evidence Library.	General	It is not considered necessary to reference this in the Local Plan. The Council's One Planet Living Framework is available on the MBC website One planet living Middlesbrough Council
Local Plan Vision – (pg.7) It is considered that there are no explicit references to climate	General	Vision has been updated to make reference to climate change.

change mitigation and adaption in the vision. Given the Council's incentive to be net zero by 2029 and the entire District by 2039, both fall within the scope of the Local Plan period (2022-2041) climate change considerations need to be a pivotal part of the Plan Vision which the policies and subsequent decisions need to deliver.		
Green Wedges - Para 6.11-6.14 Green Wedges should begiven more weight in the supporting text and policy so set out that Green Wedges will not be removed from the Local Plan in future reviews without a green space/green wedge review having been undertaken and adequately justified first, prior to the results being consulted on with statutory consultees, interested parties and local communities.	General	To inform the review of the Local Plan, an assessment of each of the green wedges (Green wedge Study) has been undertaken to establish whether the land still meets the purpose for which it was designated and whether any amendments to the boundaries are required. Over time amendments to the boundaries of the green wedge are made to ensure that sufficient land is available for Middlesbrough to meet its development needs.
There is no evidence of the Council's Site Selection process for Metz Bridge. There is no evidence of how or why this site was selected in the draft Local Plan or in the Sustainability Appraisal or any other document presented in the Council's Evidence Library. It is of great importance that the local communities are given the opportunity to put forward sites of importance to them and that they are made aware that this opportunity exists to them as part of the Local Plan preparation process.	General	The Council undertook a call for sites from 5th December 2022 to 31st January 2023 for all types of development, including for Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling Showpeople. No private sites were put forward for consideration. Subsequently, in the absence of privately owned sites coming forward, the Council has a duty to bring forward a site on publicly owned land. A new Gypsy and Traveller Site Assessment (2024) has been prepared to inform the Publication Local Plan. A new site is proposed at Cannon Park to meet future needs. In accordance with Planning Policies Privacy Statement Privacy
		Policies Privacy Statement Privacy notice - Planning Policy Middlesbrough Council Individual

		details can be added to the Council's Local Plan Consultation
		Database, to be kept informed.
In the draft plan there is use of the phrase 'local character' but I don't know of any guidelines that Middlesbrough Council have that reflect local wildflower character nor local tree species selection sufficient that it would respect Middlesbrough's local heritage and create a unique sense of place. If you include 'local character' in your guidelines then you need to be able to show you have a clear idea of what that is in relation to historic vegetation and landscaping features in the Middlesbrough area and currently I don't think you can (or if you can it is not occurring on the ground) with respect to native biodiversity.	General	It is not considered possible to define a single "local character" for the whole of Middlesbrough, as there are many local characteristics across the borough.
There should be separate map to that of the proposals map, one that shows free open space, land that everyone can access freely. The greenspaces are misleading as they show schools, golf courses etc.	General	The Policies Map is a requirement of the plan making system. The Council does maintain other information, and the borough's open space is shown in the Open Space Needs Assessment.
The document overall is very long, and people do not have the time to review it in its entirety.	General	Middlesbrough's Local Plan will cover the whole of the local authority area, covering all planning matters (except for minerals and waste), setting out the long-term strategy for the development of the area. The one document, in its entirety, will replace the suite of documents that currently make up Middlesbrough's Development Plan.
General comments regards transport and infrastructure particularly in the southern areas and Acklam. The roads must be improved before any development can take place. Modal transport will not solve the problem, as each household has at least two cars.	General	An Infrastructure Delivery Plan has been prepared to inform the Publication Local Plan. By establishing what infrastructure needs to be delivered to accommodate the planned levels of economic and housing growth, the IDP will help ensure that new

		development is supported by appropriate infrastructure. The Publication Local Plan has also been informed by a Transport Study, alongside the Council's
		Integrated Transport Strategy. This evidence identifies the impacts that the proposed levels of
		housing and economic growth would have, taking into account proposed mitigation measures.
		The Council considers this approach to be acceptable in terms of impacts to the highway.
It is not clear on the actual need for additional houses at a ward level. For example, context should be provided about the level of development in nunthorpe in recent years so that residents have a complete view of how many new units have been built in recent years.	General	In accordance with Para 67 of the NPPF 'strategic policy-making authorities should establish a housing requirement figure for their whole area, which shows the extent to which their identified housing need (and any needs that cannot be met within neighbouring areas) can be met over the plan period.' There is no requirement to identify housing need at a ward level.
A number of comments suggest the survey was not user friendly, confusing and time consuming. Also, the document and survey not easy to navigate/find. A summary of the document would have been helpful.	General	The Council provides a number of ways to respond to its consultation, the most efficient of which is the online survey. This meets the requirements of the legislation and the Statement of Community Involvement.
Multiple comments centred around the loss of greenfield and open space, which is damaging to the existing residents, nature and climate change.	General	An assessment of potential housing sites has been undertaken through the SHLAA and sites have been selected in accordance with Publication Local Plan ST2 Spatial Strategy. In order to meet the housing requirement it is necessary to select greenfield sites.

Appendix 2 – Consultation Letter



Planning Services

Tel: (01642) 729 377

Direct Line: (01642) 729487 / 729062 Our Ref: Local Plan/DLP Your Ref: When telephoning please ask for: PLANNING POLICY

30th January 2024

Dear Consultee

Consultation on the Middlesbrough Draft Local Plan

Middlesbrough Council has prepared a Draft Local Plan to enable public consultation to take place on the emerging planning policies, allocations and designations that will be used to guide development in the area for the period to 2041. You are receiving this letter because either your details are held on our Local Plan Consultation Database or your property is in close proximity to a proposed site allocation.

The consultation will take place between 9:00 am. Thursday February 1st 2024 and 5:00 pm Friday 15th March 2024.

The Draft Local Plan will be available to view and download from the Planning Pages of the Council's website, which can be accessed at www.middlesbrough.gov.uk or by using the QR code below. Copies of the evidence base documents that have been used in its preparation will also be available here.



Hard copies of the Draft Local Plan will be available to view in local community hubs and libraries across the borough. It will also be available to view along with the Sustainability Appraisal document at Middlesbrough House, 50 Corporation Road, Middlesbrough TS1 2RH.

A number of drop-in sessions will be held across the town, where officers will be available to provide further information about the Draft Local Plan. Details of these sessions are set out below.

Should you wish to make comments on the Draft Local Plan these must be made in writing and received by the Council during the consultation period specified above. You can submit comments by:

Regeneration

Middlesbrough Council, Fountain Court, TI9 Grange Road, Middlesbrough, TSI 2DT middlesbrough.gov.uk

- . Using the online form on the Planning pages of the Council's website available at: www.middlesbrough.gov.uk or by using the QR code above;
- · Email to: planningpolicy@middlesbrough.gov.uk; or
- Post to: Planning Policy Team, Planning Services, Middlesbrough Council, Fountain Court, 119 Grange Road, Middlesbrough, TS1 2DT.

If you require any further information regarding this communication, please do not hesitate to contact the Planning Policy Team via the email above. You can also contact the team by telephoning 01642 729487 or 01642 729062.

Yours faithfully,

Paul Clarke

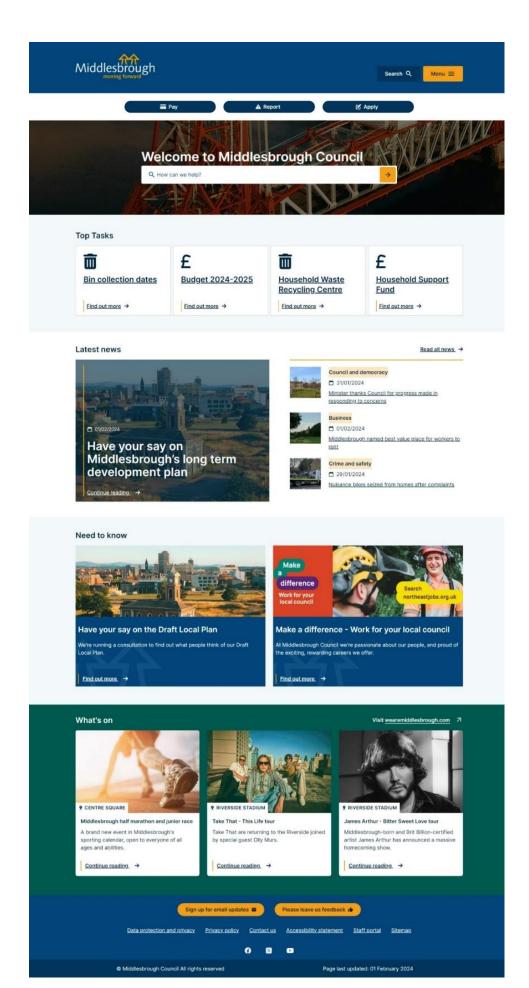
Head of Planning

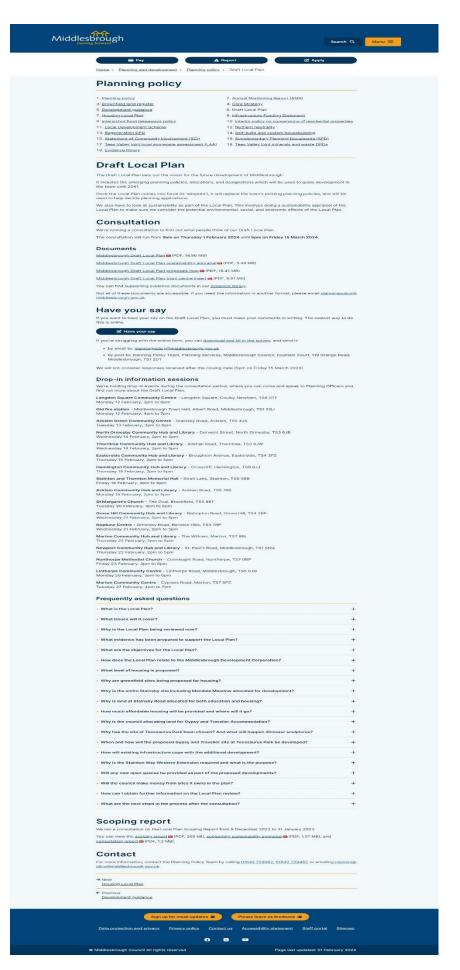
P. Chake

Middlesbrough Draft Local Plan Consultation – Drop-in Events			
Venue	Date	Time	
Langdon Square Community Centre, Langdon Square, Coulby Newham TS8 0TF	Monday 12/02/2024	3:00 pm – 6:00 pm	
Old Fire Station, Town Hall, Albert Rd, Middlesbrough TS1 2QJ	Monday 12/02/2024	4:00 pm – 7:00 pm	
Acklam Green Community Centre, Stainsby Road, Acklam TS5 4JS	Tuesday 13/02/2024	3:00 pm – 6:00 pm	
North Ormesby Community Hub and Library, Derwent Street, North Ormesby, TS3 6JB	Wednesday 14/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm	
Thorntree Community Hub and Library, Birkhall Road, Thorntree TS3 9JW	Wednesday 14/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm	
Easterside Community Hub and Library, Broughton Avenue, Easterside TS4 3PZ	Thursday 15/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm	
Hemlington Community Hub and Library, Crosscliff, Hemlington TS8 9JJ	Thursday 15/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm	
Stainton and Thornton Memorial Hall, Strait Lane, Stainton TS8 9BB	Friday 16/02/2024	3:00 pm – 6:00 pm	
Acklam Community Hub and Library, Acklam Road TS5 7AB	Monday 19/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm	
St Margaret's Church, The Oval, Brookfield TS5 8ET	Tuesday 20/02/2024	3:00 pm – 6:00 pm	
Grove Hill Community Hub and Library, Bishopton Road, Grove Hill TS4 2RP	Wednesday 21/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm	
Neptune Centre, Ormesby Rd, Berwick Hills TS3 7RP	Wednesday 21/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm	
Marton Community Hub and Library, The Willows, Marton TS7 8BL	Thursday 22/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm	
Newport Community Hub and Library, St Paul's Road, Middlesbrough TS1 5NQ	Thursday 22/02/2024	2:00 pm – 5:00 pm	
Nunthorpe Methodist Church, Connaught Rd, Nunthorpe TS7 0BP	Friday 23/02/2024	3:00 pm – 6:00 pm	
Linthorpe Community Centre, Linthorpe Road, Middlesbrough TS5 6JG	Monday 26/02/2024	3:00 pm – 6:00 pm	
Marton Community Centre, Cypress Road, Marton TS7 8PZ	Tuesday 27/02/2024	4:00 pm – 7:00 pm	

This documen	t was classif	ied as: OFFICIAL

Appendix 3 – Middlesbrough Council website







Have your say on the Draft Local Plan



X Post Share 0

Our Draft Local Plan identifies which parts of the town are suitable for development like housebuilding, and how green spaces and heritage sites should be protected.

Once the Local Plan comes into force (is 'adopted'), it will be used to guide decisions on individual planning applications. Without a Local Plan, we're less likely to be able to influence the type of new development in the town, and where it happens.

Consultation

We're running a consultation to find out what people think of our Draft Local Plan.

The consultation will run from 9am on Thursday 1 February 2024 until 5pm on Friday 15 March 2024.

Find out more about the Draft Local Plan and have your say.

Drop-in information sessions

We're holding drop-in events during the consultation period, where you can come and speak to Planning Officers and find out more about the Draft Local Plan.

Langdon Square Community Centre - Langdon Square, Coulby Newham, TS8 0TF Monday 12 February, 3pm to 6pm

Old fire station - Middlesbrough Town Hall, Albert Road, Middlesbrough, TS1 2QJ Monday 12 February, 4pm to 7pm

Acklam Green Community Centre - Stainsby Road, Acklam, TS5 4JS Tuesday 13 February, 3pm to 6pm

North Ormesby Community Hub and Library - Derwent Street, North Ormesby, TS3 6JB

Thorntree Community Hub and Library - Birkhall Road, Thorntree, TS3 9JW Wednesday 14 February, 2pm to 5pm

Wednesday 14 February, 2pm to 5pm

Easterside Community Hub and Library - Broughton Avenue, Easterside, TS4 3PZ
Thursday 15 February, 2pm to 5pm

Hemlington Community Hub and Library - Crosscliff, Hemlington, TS8 9JJ

Thursday 15 February, 2pm to 5pm

Stainton and Thornton Memorial Hall - Strait Lane, Stainton, TS8 9BB Friday 16 February, 3pm to 6pm

Acklam Community Hub and Library - Acklam Road, TS5 7AB Monday 19 February, 2pm to 5pm

St Margaret's Church - The Oval, Brookfield, TS5 8ET

Tuesday 20 February, 3pm to 6pm

Grove Hill Community Hub and Library - Bishopton Road, Grove Hill, TS4 2RP Wednesday 21 February, 2pm to 5pm

Neptune Centre - Ormesby Road, Berwick Hills, TS3 7RP Wednesday 21 February, 2pm to 5pm

Marton Community Hub and Library - The Willows, Marton, TS7 8BL Thursday 22 February, 2pm to 5pm

Newport Community Hub and Library - St. Paul's Road, Middlesbrough, TS1 5NQ Thursday 22 February, 2pm to 5pm

Nunthorpe Methodist Church - Connaught Road, Nunthorpe, TS7 0BP

Linthorpe Community Centre - Linthorpe Road, Middlesbrough, TS5 6JG Monday 26 February, 3pm to 6pm

Marton Community Centre - Cypress Road, Marton, TS7 8PZ Tuesday 27 February, 4pm to 7pm

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Appendix 4 – Example site notice





PUBLIC NOTICE MIDDLESBROUGH DRAFT LOCAL PLAN

Middlesbrough Council has prepared a Draft Local Plan to enable public consultation to take place on the emerging planning policies, allocations and designations that will be used to guide development in the area for the period to 2041. Stainsby is a site which has been included as a proposed allocation for housing in the document (see site plan below).

The Draft Local Plan is available to view and download from the Planning Pages of the Council's website, accessed via www.middlesbrough.gov.uk or by using the above QR code. The document can also be viewed at community hubs/libraries and at Middlesbrough House, 50 Corporation Road, Middlesbrough TS1 2RH.

Comments can be made on the Draft Local Plan during the consultation period between 9:00 am on 1st February 2024 and 5:00 pm on 15th March 2024.

Comments can be made using the online form available at www.middlesbrough.gov.uk, via email to planningpolicy@middlesbrough.gov.uk, or alternatively posted to the Planning Policy Team, Planning Services, Middlesbrough Council, Fountain Court, 119 Grange Road, Middlesbrough, TS1 2DT.

Stainsby



Appendix 5 – Middlesbrough Council Press Release



Have your say on Middlesbrough's long term development plan

Home > Latest news > Have your say on Middlesbrough's long term development plan

Development and regeneration



People in Middlesbrough are being encouraged to have their say on the town's long term blueprint for development.

Middlesbrough Council has produced a draft Local Plan, identifying which parts of the borough are suitable for development like housebuilding and how green spaces and heritage sites should be protected.

Once in place, it will be used to guide decisions on individual planning applications.

Without a Local Plan, Middlesbrough Council is less likely to be able to influence the type of new development in the town, and where it happens

People living and working in Middlesbrough now have the opportunity to voice their views on the draft plan during a six-week public consultation, which begins on February 1.

Cllr Theo Furness, Executive Member for Regeneration, said: "The Local Plan is an important document which gives us control over which parts of our town are developed, and how that development looks.

"We're legally required to prepare a document covering a long-term period up until 2041 – which allows us to ensure we have the right housing mix to support our residents as the make-up of the population continues to change. This includes bungalows and adaptable properties for our growing older population, affordable homes, flats and larger family houses.

"It's also important to stress that development at any of the sites identified in the draft plan would still need to gain planning permission in the normal way and wouldn't necessarily all happen as soon as the plan is adopted.

"I'd urge everyone to have their say as part of the consultation."

The draft plan identifies that 400 new homes are required each year, which means that by 2041, 7,600 new homes would need to be built in Middlesbrough.

This would support the Council's ambition for 350 new jobs to be created every year.

The draft plan prioritises housebuilding on brownfield land - but some greenfield sites are included.

This is because brownfield land is less economically viable and often complex to develop, while Middlesbrough's tight boundaries mean there isn't enough available brownfield land to provide the number of homes needed.

Government policy dictates that the housing needs of the Gypsy and Travelling community must be met when land for new homes is identified, in a way that facilitates a traditional and nomadic way of life while respecting the interests of settled communities.

A formal assessment found that 14 additional pitches will be needed above the numbers available at the current site at Metz Bridge.

No privately owned land was identified, therefore land at Teessaurus Park has been proposed in the draft plan.

Any site built on the land in the future would need to go through a full planning and consultation process.

Access to the River Tees and a local wildlife site at the north of the park would be retained – as would access to the dinosaur sculptures, whether at the current site or a suitable alternative space in Middlesbrough.

The consultation will run until March 15, and drop-in events will be held across the town.

Views collected during the consultation will be analysed and amendments will be made where appropriate, before a new, six-week consultation is launched on a revised document.

It will then be submitted to the Secretary of State and examined by an independent planning inspector.

If approved, it would be adopted in May 2025.

You can access the draft document online by visiting www.middlesbrough.gov.uk/localplan or in person at Middlesbrough House or any of our libraries and community hubs.

Officers can be contacted by email on planningpolicy@middlesbrough.gov.uk or by calling 01642 729487.

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Appendix 6 Press Articles





Appendix 7 Social media posts



Appendix 8 Frequently Asked Questions

Frequently asked questions	
What are the next steps in the process after the consultation?	+
What is the Local Plan?	+
What issues will it cover?	+
Why is the Local Plan being reviewed now?	+
What evidence has been prepared to support the Local Plan?	+
What are the objectives for the Local Plan?	+
How does the Local Plan relate to the Middlesbrough Development Corporation?	+
What level of housing is proposed?	+
Why are greenfield sites being proposed for housing?	+
Why is the entire Stainsby site including Mandale Meadow allocated for development?	+
Why is land at Stainsby Road allocated for both education and housing?	+
How much affordable housing will be provided and where will it go?	+
Why is the council allocating land for Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation?	+
Why has the site at Teessaurus Park been chosen? And what will happen dinosaur sculptures?	+
When and how will the proposed Gypsy and Traveller site at Teessaurus Park be developed?	+
How will existing infrastructure cope with the additional development?	+
Why is the Stainton Way Western Extension required and what is the purpose?	+
Will any new open spaces be provided as part of the proposed developments?	+
Will the council make money from sites it owns in the plan?	+
How can I obtain further information on the Local Plan review?	+

Appendix 9 – Display Boards for events

Middlesbrough's Local Plan

What is the Local Plan?

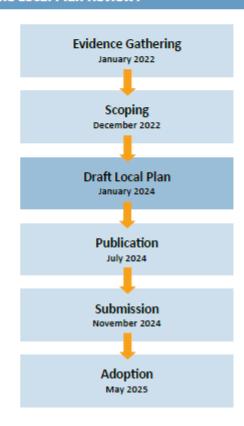
- As a Local Planning Authority, the Council is required to have an up-to-date development plan for the borough. This is known as a 'Local Plan'.
- · The Local Plan contains the strategies, policies, and allocations of land that will help to guide development.
- Decisions must be made in accordance with the Local Plan, unless other material considerations indicate otherwise.

Why are we reviewing the Local Plan?

- The Government places great importance on having an up-to-date local plan. They state that, in order to meet its
 objective of providing sufficient housing and other development in a sustainable manner, 'preparing and maintaining
 up-to-date plans should be seen as a priority'.
- · At present, Middlesbrough's development plan is made up of a number of documents. Some of these are out of date.
- Given the age of the existing Local Plan documents, there is a need to update the Council's planning strategy so that it
 effectively addresses the needs and aspirations of Middlesbrough today and in the future.

What stage are we at in the Local Plan Review?

- In September 2022 the Council agreed to start work on a new Local Plan.
- A Local Plan Scoping Report was approved by the Council in November 2022. This report went out to public consultation between 5th December 2022 and 31st January 2023.
- Comments received during the Scoping Report consultation period enabled the Council to develop the 'Draft Local Plan' document, a key stage in the process of creating the new Local Plan.
- Having produced a Draft Local Plan, a period of public consultation has now begun.
- The purpose of making a Draft Local Plan is to gather views from the public and stakeholders on the Council's preferred approach to addressing planning issues in Middlesbrough.
- Your comments on the Draft Local Plan, and any other issues you think the Local Plan should address, are welcomed. They will be used to help us finalise Middlesbrough's new Local Plan.



What is included in the Draft Local Plan consultation?

- 1 Draft Local Plan Policy Document
 - The document that details the strategies and policies of the Council's preferred approach to addressing planning issues in Middlesbrough.
 - It contains further details on all the themes presented on these posters.



Policies Map

A map that illustrates all the area specific policies and land allocations.

3 Sustainability Appraisal

An assessment of the social, environmental, and economic impacts that the Draft Local Plan will have.

The Strategic Objectives of the Local Plan

To deliver new high quality, well-designed and energy efficient development that meets the needs and

Objective B

To revitalise Middlesbrough Town Centre through diversifying our retail and leisure offer, and attracting new urban dwellers, supported by a strong network of district and local centres

Objective C To strengthen our local economy by supporting existing businesses and attracting new employers

Objective D To build high quality homes that help strengthen our communities

aspirations of our current and future residents

Objective E To protect and enhance our Green and Blue Infrastructure Network

Objective F

To ensure that new development is properly served by, and sustainably connected to, new and improved physical, social and environmental infrastructure

Objective G To recognise and value our historical and culturally important assets

Objective H To achieve healthy and safe communities



middlesbrough.gov.uk



Key Themes

The Draft Local Plan is structured around a series of different themes. Each of these themes contains a set of planning polices that will help guide development in the borough.

Creating Quality Places

Managing Development

- As new buildings and other forms of development occur, it is important that the impacts they have on infrastructure and the environment are effectively managed.
- All development must be of a high design quality and accord with the Local Plan and its general principles of development.

Economic Growth

tobs

- The plan will continue to support a diverse economy and aims to help deliver significant increases in businesses and jobs.
- Middlesbrough's ambition is to create 350 additional jobs per year and a sufficient amount of land has been allocated to meet this aim.
- In line with the Tees Valley Strategic Economic Plan, Middlesbrough will support and promote the growth of the:
 - creative media and digital sector;
 - advanced manufacturing sector and;
 - professional, health and education sectors.

Town Centre

- The Town Centre economy will be rebalanced by attracting more commercial and leisure activity into the centre, whilst promoting it as a safe and welcoming place to live and visit.
- The Town Centre will be characterised by six core areas: a Civic, Commercial and Cultural Heart; Retail Quarter; Leisure Quarter; Independent Quarter; Railway Station and Historic Quarter; and the Linthorpe Road South Secondary Shopping Area.



District and Local Centres

- The existing network of district and local centres will be protected and enhanced.
- New local centres are proposed for Stainsby, Hemlington Grange West, Land North of Low Lane, and Newham Hall Farm.

Green and Blue Infrastructure

Open Space, Sport and Recreation Facilities

- Existing open space, Local Green Space, and sport and recreational facilities will be protected and enhanced.
- New open green space will be integral to the design of new developments. The plan includes enhancements to open space in new allocations, including Stainsby Country Park.

Biodiversity and Geodiversity

- Biodiversity and geological resources will be protected.
- Development will be expected to protect, provide and extend green and blue infrastructure and is required to deliver at least a 10% improvement in biodiversity.

Climate Change and Flood Risk

- Inappropriate development in areas at current or future flood risk will be avoided.
- The use of natural sustainable drainage systems (SuDs) will be prioritised.



Housing Development

Housing Requirement

- In order to realise Middlesbrough's ambition for economic growth, the delivery of 400 homes per year is planned.
- To help achieve this, the plan has allocated parcels of land for residential development. These are illustrated on the Policies Map.

Mix and Types of Housing

- The delivery of wide range of house types, tenures, and sizes is sought.
- Gaps in the housing market will be addressed, including smaller dwellings for younger people and first time buyers, homes for older people, and larger, higher value properties.



Affordable Housing

 Housebuilders will be required to provide a minimum of 15% affordable housing on sites of 10 or more homes located in the wards of Acklam, Coulby Newham, Hemlington, Kader, Ladgate, Marton East, Marton West, Nunthorpe, Stainton & Thornton, and Trimdon.

Gypsy, Traveller and Travelling Showpeople Accommodation

- Land at Metz Bridge will be safeguarded for use as a Gypsy and Traveller site.
- In order to meet the identified need for additional pitches by 2041, land at Teessaurus Park has been allocated as a Gypsy and Traveller site.

Physical, Social and Environmental Infrastructure

Transport

- . The delivery of an integrated and sustainable transport network will be supported.
- A network of Cycle Super Highways will be created and bus Superstops will serve Local Centres.
- Access to rail stations will be enhanced and the public realm around Middlesbrough Railway Station improved.

Community Facilities

. The loss of premises or land for community uses will be resisted and the provision of new community facilities supported.

Education

- The Council will work to ensure that education needs arising from future development are met.
- New education provision will provide high quality facilities, be highly accessible, and located and designed to minimise impacts from associated traffic.

Health and Wellbeing

- . To help promote health and wellbeing, development will:
 - support measures to promote walking and cycling;
 - support the delivery of essential community services and;
 - protect and enhance open space, leisure and recreation facilities.

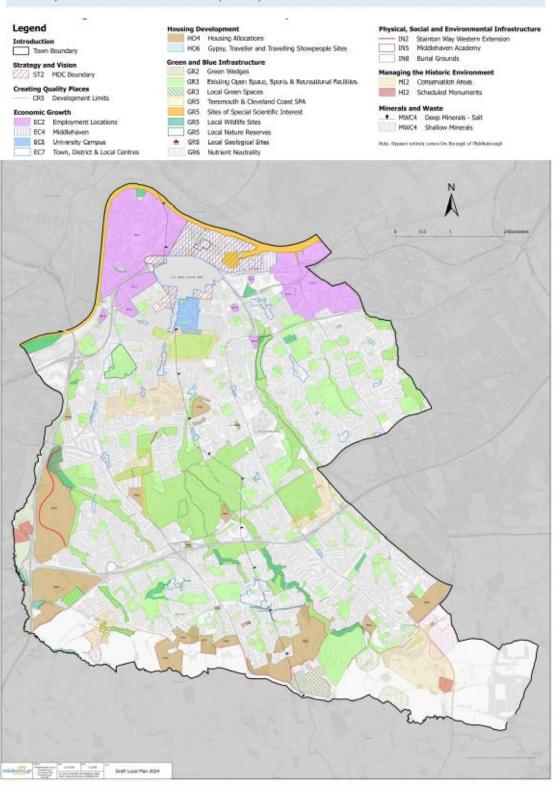


Managing the Historic Environment

- Development that affects heritage assets or their settings must be of a high quality, respect its context, and demonstrate a strong sense of place. Heritage assets include Conservation Areas and Listed Buildings.
- The development of heritage assets whose preservation is identified as being at risk will be permitted providing it results in the optimum, viable, and sustainable use of the building or site.

Draft Local Plan Policies Map

The map that illustrates all the area specific policies and land allocations in the Draft Local Plan



How to get involved

Where to view the Draft Local Plan Document in full

Online

A digital version can be accessed via the Council's Planning Policy pages at: www.middlesbrough.gov.uk/planning-and-development

Alternately, scanning the QR code below will take you directly to the Draft Local Plan page.

In-person

Physical copies are available to view at Middlesbrough House and local community hubs and libraries.

How to submit your comments

Online

Comments can be submitted via the online form found on the Council's Planning webpage: www.middlesbrough.gov.uk/planning-and-development

Alternately, scanning the QR code will take you directly to the Draft Local Plan webpage.

The online form can also be downloaded as a Word document.

Completed copies can be sent to us via email or post using the respective addresses listed below.



Email

planningpolicy@middlesbrough.gov.uk

Post

Planning Policy Team, Planning Services, Middlesbrough Council, Fountain Court, 119 Grange Road, Middlesbrough, TS1 2DT

Phone

For any general enquires or further information about the Draft Local Plan consultation, the Planning Policy Team can be contacted by the above email address or on phone at 01642 729487 or 01642 729062.

The consultation runs from 1st February to 15th March 2024

Comments must be received by 5:00pm on 15th March 2024

